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ARTICLE X.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE HISTORY

OF

VERB-INFLECTION IN SANSKRIT.

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Presented to the Society November 5th, 1875.

THE design of the following pages is to furnish the data - so far as they go—for a construction of the history of the changes which the inflection of the verb in Sanskrit has suffered, during the course of its development, from the earliest era of which we have literary remains, down to the period when it may be said

to have crystallized and become fixed for all time.

While it is true that an examination of the entire body of Sanskrit literature would alone be a complete preparation for such a history, yet, in default of the execution of this prodigious labor, the critical analysis of a few characteristic texts of the chief periods of the language will present a nearly correct view, and afford a very instructive and satisfactory basis for comparison. General impressions of the changes which time has produced in the word-forms of a language, derived from a cursory perusal of its literature, are apt to be shadowy and misleading; while precise calculations of the frequency of occurrence of the various forms of stems, modes, tenses, personalendings, etc., though having a dry and mathematical look, alone make scientific statement possible.

In pursuance of the plan just now hinted at, I have selected one or more texts to represent each of three clearly-marked stages of the Sanskrit language: viz. 1. the Vedic, or stage of unsettled linguistic usage; 2. the Brâhmanic. or stage of transition; and 3. the Epic or classical stage, when further change

was debarred by inflexible grammatical laws. Each of these texts—with one exception, soon to be mentioned—was carefully read, and every form of every verb, together with the times of occurrence, was noted. These forms were then arranged under their proper tenses and modes, according to a plan to be described hereafter.

To represent the classical period, two familiar texts, the *Nala* and the *Bhagavad-Gîtâ*, the former in the edition of Bopp (Berlin, 1868), and the latter in that of Schlegel and Lassen (Bonn, 1846), were chosen.

For the Brâhmanic period I selected Haug's edition of the $\hat{A}itareya$ Brâhmana, one of the most interesting and perhaps the

oldest specimen of this sort of literature extant.

For the Vedic period, obviously the Rig-Veda was the most complete and authoritative representative of the earliest speech of the Hindus; but the want of sufficient lexical help for the study of this Veda at the time the work was undertaken decided me to take in its place the Sâma Veda, in Benfey's edition. These four texts were treated as described above, and the results were presented at different meetings of the Oriental Society.* But the publication, in 1874, of Delbrück's very valuable work, Das altindische Verbum, which contains all the forms of the verb in the Rig-Veda, excepting participles, arranged first by persons and again by tense-stems; also the appearance of Grassmann's Wörterbuch zum Rig-Veda, of which five out of six parts have already been published; † and the near completion of the Petersburg lexicon (to say nothing of Monier Williams's excellent Sanskrit dictionary), have since greatly increased the facilities for understanding the most important of the four Vedas. I therefore decided to partly change my plan, and, using Delbrück's list for the forms and Müller's index verborum for the times of occurrence, to attempt the same work for the Rig-Veda which I had already done for the Sâman. In my former papers I had followed pretty closely the system of classification which the Sanskrit grammars have retained in deference to the Hindus, but now I decided to recast my whole work on a different plan, more useful, as I believed, and more accordant with the teachings of modern linguistic science.

While my mode of classification is not precisely the same as Delbrück's, I gladly acknowledge my indebtedness to him for many fruitful suggestions. It should be understood, then, that he and Müller are responsible for the completeness of the collection from the Rig-Veda, while I am answerable for the correct analysis of the other three texts. It had been my design to

^{*} See its Proceedings for May, 1872, for May, 1873, and for October, 1873.
† The sixth part, completing the work, was issued in the autumn of 1875. The Petersburg lexicon has also been brought to a close.

extend the investigation to participles, and I had made a complete collection of them, noting as well when they entered into compounds (excepting with su, dus and prepositions) as when they were used predicatively with the copula omitted; but, as Delbrück has been satisfied with citing specimens, I am unable to make the comparison complete.

A word of explanation is required for the Brâhmanic text. I had not advanced far in my examination of this before I became convinced that an indiscriminate collection of the verbforms found in the Brâhmana would most unfairly represent the language of the period when it was composed; for, the design of the author being to regulate the performance of the ritual, and to explain the meaning and value of its various parts, he introduces many verses from the Vedas, and other formulas, of unknown origin. The latter abound in archaic forms, and had doubtless in part been handed down from a remote age, perhaps antedating the hymns themselves. In the enumeration, then, of forms, those cited from the Vedas are enclosed in parentheses, while those found in formulas of unknown origin are placed in brackets; and, further, when statements are made in the following pages regarding verb-forms in the Brâhmana, it should be understood that these two classes of forms are excluded, unless special mention is made to the con-So heterogeneous is the collection of materials thrown together in this text that it is not easy to know precisely where to draw the line between the ancient and the modern. Many of the legends related may have been long current in the mouths of the people, and have been couched in what was then oldfashioned phraseology.

In sketching the history of verb-inflection, as it will be found developed in the following pages, it should be noted at the outset that the texts are unequal in size, lest we be led to erroneous impressions regarding the relative frequency of forms from numerical statements. I have collected from the Ric 18,216 citations of verb-forms; from the Brâhmaṇa, 7159; from the other two texts together, 2716; so that in this respect the Veda is about two and a half times larger than the Brâhmaṇa, and more than six and a half times larger than the other two texts combined. Hereafter, for brevity's sake, the texts of the three periods will be denoted respectively by A, B, and C.

The order of our comparison will be the following: I. Roots; II. Tense-Stems; III. Personal endings; IV. Connecting vowels; V. Modes; VI. Tenses; VII. Derivative conjugations; VIII. Infinitive and Gerund.

I. Roots. The changes which the verb in Sanskrit has suffered are not confined to variations of form, but go deeper and involve the life of roots themselves. Though a full discussion

of this subject does not properly fall within the scope of a paper on verb inflection, one or two facts may be here stated. At the end of this article will be found a complete list of the verb-roots occurring in the four texts, and following each root will be found signs indicating in how many and in which of the divisions the root occurs. An examination of this list will give the following results:

Roots found only in A, 316 in A and B, 108 in A and B and C, 160.

"B, 21 in A and C, 55
"C, 57 in B and C, 13

Thus we observe that, of the whole number of roots, 730, nearly one half are found in the Veda alone; that the very considerable number of 91 roots are unknown to the Veda; and that, the farther we recede from the latter, the fewer are the roots common to it and the later literature.

Of course it is to be understood that these figures represent only approximately the true relation between the earlier and later language in this respect, for the field of our survey is too limited; but they at least convince us that many verbs current in the Vedic period afterwards disappeared, their place being supplied by new primary or secondary roots, and that this process of loss and replacement became increasingly active as the material resources of the people were multiplied, and the boundaries of their mental powers enlarged.

It will now be in place to describe the plan of classification which I have adopted. The current arrangement of the present-system, or "special tenses," in ten classes, which was derived from the Hindus, and is still retained in the Sanskrit grammars, is unscientific and misleading. It follows neither the order of development nor similarity of formation. Why, for example, the "sixth" class should be separated from the "first," which it closely resembles, by two so unlike classes as the "second" and "third," or why the nasal stems should be scattered over the list, it is hard to see. Ingenious as were many of the contrivances of the Hindu grammarians, they were largely mnemonic, and not based upon a connection of We may well wonder at what the Hindus accomplished, with their limited survey of languages, and before the dawn of modern science; but surely it is unwise to adhere so closely to their usage, and to introduce so much of their peculiar terminology, as the author of a well-known recent grammar has done, especially in the treatment of a language studied chiefly for the general purposes of linguistic science. Clearly, the ideal plan would be to group the stems according to similarity of formation, and then to arrange the groups in the order of their development. The first part of this plan I have endeavored to follow, but the last part not wholly, since the historical order in which the stems appeared is not yet fully settled.

I have divided the stems of the present-system into five classes, as follows:

- I. Simple Root-Class = second Indian class.
- II. Reduplicating-Class = third Indian class.
- III. Nasal-Classes:
 - a. Adds nu, u(no, o) = fifth and eighth Indian classes;
 - b. " nd(ni) = ninth Indian class;
 - c. Inserts n(na) = seventh Indian class.

IV. A-Classes:

- a. Adds a, and accents the radical vowel, with strengthening of the same according to prescribed rules \equiv first Indian class;
 - b. Adds a, and accents the added vowel, without strengthen-

ing = sixth Indian class;

- c. Adds ya, and accents the radical vowel, without strengthening = fourth Indian class.
- V. Anomalous formations, comparatively rare, and not admitting of classification with the above.

The few verbs which the grammarians place in a "tenth" class will be found among the causatives, with which they agree in form and accent, though no longer having a causative sense—if, indeed, they ever had it. In the same place will also be found the rare Vedic stems in dya.

I have followed Delbrück and Grassmann in admitting a pluperfect tense, to include certain preterites seemingly formed from the perfect stem; but exactly how many forms this tense can rightly claim it is hard to settle.

The same remarks which I have made in respect to the present system will apply also to the aorist. The scheme which I propose is as follows:

Simple-aorist:

II. Forms in which the endings are added directly to the root; II. Forms which take a connecting vowel a.

S-aorist:

The rules respecting the strengthening of the radical vowel need not be stated here.

To return to the present-system—the identity of form between the imperfect of certain verbs of the simple root-class and the first form of the simple agrist often makes it difficult to decide with which to classify them. There are many roots in the Veda which exhibit no forms with primary endings to help us to a decision. Such cases Delbrück would assign to the agrist,

and I have followed his example. The same ambiguity may arise with class IV.b, and the second form of the simple aorist.

A noteworthy peculiarity of the simple root-class in the earlier language is the irregular strengthening of the radical vowel. Not only does *vrddhi* occasionally take the place of *guna*, which is the case also in classical Sanskrit, but *guna* is many times found in forms from which it is rigorously excluded by later usage—the only exception being in the case of one or two verbs like \hat{ci} , which show the diphthong before all the endings. Examples are: *hetana*, *ahema*, *heta*, *eta*, *crota*, *sota*, etc. The fact that the regular forms *ita*, *cruta*, *suta*, etc., are found side by side with these illustrates the unsettled usage. This irregularity is not confined to the present-system, but appears in the simple aorist as well.

In the reduplicating class, the classical law is that \check{a} shall represent a in the reduplication, though i is sometimes admitted. The fact is just the reverse in the Veda. Of the roots having short or long a as radical vowel 8 have a in the reduplication, while 20 have i. Two roots, $r\hat{a}$ and $va\hat{c}$, furnish examples of both forms of reduplication. In this respect the Vedic Sanskrit stands nearer the Greek than the classical language, and seems to illustrate a tendency in the ancient language, which was checked in the classical Sanskrit, but became a law of all present reduplication in Greek. We notice in this class also the same irregular use of guna as in the root-class. Examples in A are yuyota, jujoshan, yuyodhi, juhotana, and a few others.

In the nasal-class Delbrück has collected a number of stems which are usually placed in the a-class. They are inflected in all respects like other stems of the latter class, but their form leads us to suspect that they originally belonged to one or another of the subdivisions of the nasal-class. Examples are pinv, jinv, vind, cumbh, etc. Our surmise is strengthened, when we discover in the Veda stems in the very act of passing from the nasal to the a-class. Thus we have rnoti and rnvati, inoti and invati, hinoti and hinvatu; prnati and prnati, minati and minati.

I have noted no instances in B or C.

A cursory examination of the present-system of the verb in the Veda will show the great license which was allowed for forming the present stem in more than one way, and also the tendency in verbs of other classes to take the characteristic vowel of the a-class. It is the same tendency to follow a prevailing fashion, which in English has transformed so many "irregular" into "regular" verbs. The roots $sth\hat{a}$ and $p\hat{a}$ are inflected throughout like verbs of the a-class, though their reduplication is still unmistakable; $s\hat{a}d$ is probably a less distinct example of the same sort.

In the perfect stem we often find a long vowel in the reduplication. In most instances the *pada*-text gives the short vowel. Perhaps some of these cases should be regarded as intensives. I have noted only two examples, *dâdhâra* and *vâvâna*, in B; and none at all in C.

The Augment. The following examples of a double augment are found in the sanhitâ-text of the Veda: ânat, âvar, âvrni, âvrnak, âvidhyat, âyunak, âyukta, âçîta, ârinak, âraik. Of these, Delbrück would derive ânat from anaç, thus removing the irregularity; also Aufrecht reads açîta for âçîta. For the remainder, the pada-text gives the regular forms, excepting that it recognizes both avar and âvar. For âyunak, âvidhyat, and âyukta, the regular forms are also found in the sanhıtâ.

No examples of double augment are found in B or C.

In the oldest Sanskrit, as in the oldest Greek, the augment is often omitted. The coincidence of such forms with the subjunctive, and the difficulty of deciding to which mode individual cases belong, will be alluded to in another place. The augment is wanting in forms apparently having a historical

sense 448 times in A, 13 times in B, once only in C.

III. Personal Endings. S. 1. The ending â for âni, which I find in A only, occurs 13 times. A contracted ending îm is found in akramîm 1, vadhîm 2, probably for akramisham and vadhisham. B gives us vrnjiyam for vrnjiya, pres. opt. mid. S. 2. The imperative act. presents some irregularities. The classical rule requires dhi after consonants, excepting nasals, l, and r, and in class III.b. which substitutes ana; hi after vowels (excepting a, and u of class III.a, after a single consonant), nasals, l, and r; after a, and u following a single consonant, the ending is dropped. This rule is not observed in the Veda, but the ending dhi is more frequently found, showing that it is more primitive than hi. Examples are gadhi with gahi, çaçâdhi, mamandhi, çrnudhi with çrnuhi and çrnu, hinuhi with hinu, yodhi, crudhi, etc.; cru shows the three successive stages by which the classical form was reached. B presents few exceptions. We note edhi, probably on account of the s originally in the root, krdhi, cicadhi; also crnuhi for crnu. ceptions in C are still more rare, though we find cinuhi and câdhi, but the latter is for câsdhi. The ending tât is found 19 times, in A only. S. 3. In A the ending e for te is found 150 times, only twice (duhe) in B, and never in C. The form duhre (i. 139. 7) Delbrück regards as 3d sing., but Grassmann as 3d pl. The longer ending tai for te occurs once in A, and twice (in a formula) in B. The suffix s for t occurs in the forms ves, rdhyâs, gamyâs, jeyâs, mimîyâs, yûyâs, vrjyâs, apâs, adadhâs, babhûyâs and aprâs—all in A. Tât is also found in A 5 times as 3d s. Am for tâm imp. mid. is found twice in A; also i for ta once. D. 3. The longer ending aite for ete in an indicative sense appears once in A. Other cases are probably produced by the union of a mode-vowel with etc. P. 1. Of the two endings masi and mas the former is found 117 times in A, and 3 times in B, but never in C; the ending mas appears 21 times in A, 4 times in B, and is the only ending in C. From this statement it appears that the longer ending was far in advance in the first period; that it was overtaken by the shorter ending in the second period, and driven entirely off the field in the third. In the subj. middle, make takes the place of the longer form mahai 15 times in A. P. 2. The longer ending thana is found in A 19 times, in B once, and never in C; tana also occurs 125 times in A, once in B, but not at all in C. the other hand, that is found 121 times in A, and once in B, and is the only form in C; ta appears 560 times in A, and 29 times in B. A also gives one example of dhva for dhvam, and two of dhvai for dhve. P. 3. We here find numerous irregularities in A. Some verbs otherwise inflected in class II. take the longer ending anti or ante, as dadhanti, mimanti, and jighnanti. This may perhaps be explained as a leaning toward the a-class, which we find the rule in tishthanti and pibanti, or as the relic of an older stage of the language, when the longer endings were universal. On the contrary, we have takshati and saccati where we should have expected takshanti and saccanti, though the latter probably belonged originally to the reduplicating-class. The r-suffixes are peculiar to the oldest forms of the verb. They belong to the middle voice, and are found in the indicative and optative modes, and in most of the tenses: ran is pres. opt. 2 times, impf. once, plupf. 5 times, and simple-aor. 36 times; rire occurs for ire pf. 9 times; ran is in plupf. twice and simp.-aor. 14 times, ranta is plupf. once; rata is opt. 3 times, and rate and re are pres. indic. 2 and 28 times respectively. These endings are unknown to the later texts.

IV. Connecting-Vowels. Classic usage provides for the insertion of a short, or, less often, a long i between the root and the endings beginning with a consonant in certain forms outside of the present-system. In the present-system also this connecting vowel occurs in a few forms—examples, possibly, of a more prevailing use at an earlier period. In C we find cocimi 1, bravîmi 8, bravîshi 1, abravîs 1, abravît 59, âsît 6—in all 76 times. Of these examples, all but one belong to forms of brû and as. In B the roots an, ûh, çvas, brû, and as furnish 89 cases, of which all but 3 belong to the two last roots. When we come to A, we find that a much greater number of roots avail themselves of this helping vowel. They are brû, am, an, çvas, tu, sedh, çnath, stan, îd, jan, vas, as, cud, dhvan, vam, varsh, stambh, îc, and cru; and the whole number of instances is 132.

Besides, there are the forms invire 1, rnvire 1, pinvire 1, crnvire 7, sunvire 3, and hinvire 8, some of which may be regarded as belonging to the perfect. As a rule, only stems of the simple root-class take i; but cru belongs to the nasal-class, and several others to the α -class in most of their forms.

V. Modes. The subjunctive proper in Sanskrit is formed in two ways; first, the verb-stem in the several classes takes short a as a mode-sign and the primary endings: secondly, it takes the secondary endings with the same mode-sign. Neither of these forms has all the persons complete. In those classes which have strong and weak stems, the subjunctive takes the Beside these two forms of the subjunctive. stronger form. there are certain other forms having the sense but lacking the mode-sign of the subjunctive. They might fitly be called Since they are identical with those prepseudo-subjunctives. teritive forms which want the augment, they are classified with them by Delbrück. I have, however, classed them as a third form of the subjunctive, and, by an examination of all passages in which such forms occur, have endeavored to draw the line between these and proper historical forms. But I am not confident of complete success; for though, in a majority of instances, the sense of a passage is clear, there are many cases where a subjunctive or a preteritive form would equally suit the connection.

In A, the subjunctive, in one or all of its forms, is found in all the tenses, with their subdivisions, excepting the imperfect and pluperfect. The times of occurrence in each can be readily ascertained by reference to the tables at the end of this paper. An examination of these will show that the first form is relatively less frequent in the agrist than in the present, and that the second form, though more infrequent than the third in the present, gains upon it slightly in the aorist. Taking the verb as a whole, the three forms stand nearly in the ratio of In other words, in the Rig-Veda the subjunctive with mode-sign and primary endings is found half as often as the same with historical endings, and a third as often as the third These figures may be changed somewhat, as scholars shall regard doubtful cases as belonging to one or another of the divisions; but probably the relation would not be essentially altered. We may here refer to certain forms—as ksheshi, jeshi, joshi, etc.—which will be found classified with the present indicative, and which clearly have a subjunctive sense, but do not agree with either of the forms already described. formerly at least, regarded them as belonging to the agrist subjunctive, and Grassmann seems to share in the same view. But this would be to assume subjunctives with primary endings and no mode-sign, for which there is scanty warrant in other persons. Delbrück inclines to look upon them as true indicatives of the root-class, which have acquired a subjunctive or imperative sense, by an idiom common in other languages.

In B, the examples of the subjunctive are very greatly reduced, and are confined to a more limited range of tenses. The first form is found only in the present, while the third form is more frequent in the aorist, particularly the simple aorist. In C, there are but twelve instances of the subjunctive, all of which are found in the aorist and present tenses. All of the aorist forms belong to the third division of the subjunctive, and the remainder are equally divided between the other two divisions. If, now, we compare the frequency of this mode in A, B, and C, we shall find the ratio to be about 237:12:1. From another point of view, we arrive at a similar result; in A the subjunctive is found in 16 tenses and subdivisions of tenses, in B in 10 tenses and forms, in C only in 5 tenses and forms.

The form of the optative mode needs no special remark. In A it is found in the present, perfect, and a orist tenses. In B it is confined to the present, and a single instance in the aorist. The same is true of C. The so-called "precative" mode I have classified with the aorist optative, where it properly belongs. It is found 22 times in A, never in B, and but once in C.

The imperative, as we have seen, is deficient in the first person of each number, and borrows them from the subjunctive. This mode is freely used in all periods of the language, but with a greater range of tense in the earliest times. In A examples are found in the present, the perfect, and the six forms of the aorist of the primitive verb, and in each of the derivative forms of the verb. In B it is confined to the present tense alone. In C it is found in the present and once in the s-future.

The conditional, which is formed from an augmented s-future stem, occurs once in A, 3 times in B, and never in C.

VI. Tenses. The verb in Sanskrit has five tenses: viz. present, imperfect, perfect, aorist, and future. We do not here count the pluperfect, since it is not universally recognized as having a status in the language. These tenses are found at every stage of the language, but not in all their formations, nor with an equal apparatus of modes. In A, the present, the perfect, the simple aorist, forms I. (s), II. (ish), and III. (sish) of the s-aorist, and the aorist causative, have the four modes of the finite verb. Form IV. (sa) of the s-aorist wants the optative, and the future lacks the optative and imperative. In B the present is the only tense which has all the modes, the other tenses being deficient in one or more of them. The perfect has only the indicative. With C the case is still worse, for not

only is the present the only tense provided with a full set of modes, while the perfect has the indicative only; but the agrist also is most scantily furnished, having few cases of the subjunctive (form IV.), a single instance of the optative (precative),

and not one occurrence of the imperative.

The periphrastic perfect does not make its appearance in A, the derivative verbs, even, forming this tense in the ordinary In B it begins to appear, being found once in the primitive verb, and twice each, as the only formation, in the causative and denominative. In C it is not found in the primitive verb, but is the only mode of forming the perfect in the causative and denominative.

To one who even cursorily examines the following pages, it will be evident that the agrist tense has suffered increasing disuse from the Vedic to the classic period. An exact numerical statement only serves to confirm the view. The total number of occurrences of the agrist of every form in A is 3015, in B 145, in C 27, which is nearly a ratio of 111:5:1. Of the examples in A, more than half are found in the simple agrist, and about three fourths of these in the 1st form. Here some difference of opinion might arise, from the difficulty of deciding whether certain forms belong to the agrist or present-system. In B the s-agrist decidedly predominates; but in C it is reduced again to 4 instances. Connected with this is a difference in the range of formations in which an agrist is found. In A, outside of the primitive verb, the causative and denominative and passive each have an agrist; in B it is confined to the causative and passive, while in C it is found in none of the secondary formations.

The periphrastic future is unknown to A, the forms in tâ which have sometimes been mistaken for it being properly nomina agentis. In B a very few examples are found, while in C it is more frequent, though still rare as compared with the s-future.

VII. Secondary Formations. In derived forms of the verb, also, the language was more prolific in the earlier stages of its The same general classes are indeed found in the three periods, but not with the same complement of modes and tenses. The form of the causative in A exhibits no striking peculiarities. Roots in a usually lengthen this vowel, and those in i and u generally suffer strengthening. However, exceptions to these rules are not infrequent. The same facts are true of B and C. The form in âya is confined to A, and occurs 53 times. As already remarked, it is classified with the causative, on account of similarity of formation, and not of agree-Vasâyate 1 and vrshâya 1, with perhaps one or ment in sense. two others, are regarded as genuine causatives which have long a on metrical grounds.

The desiderative is formed substantially in the same way in each period. A exhibits several forms with the reduplication wanting or incomplete. A noteworthy formation is the desiderative from a causative base, which occurs 4 times in B only.

The intensive in the classical period was formed in two ways. The first, and by far the most frequent, method was to reduplicate the root in the usual manner, excepting the strengthening of the reduplicated vowel, and to add the syllable ya. middle endings were always used, and such changes of the root made as were common in the passive. The second method was simply to reduplicate the vowel as before, with the addition of the active endings, and to strengthen the root-vowel as in class II. of the primitive verb, which its formation thus resembled, except in the greater weight of the reduplication. the Vedic period, on the contrary, the second method was the prevailing one, and the first is confined to a few examples. Delbrück cites cases where the same intensive form does not take ya in the Veda, but assumes it in the Catapatha-Brâhmana. Another fact deserving notice is the great freedom in regard to the form of the reduplication which prevails in the ancient language, but which becomes circumscribed as we descend to the classical period, where it is reduced to a nearly invariable rule. Three forms of reduplication prevail in the Veda: 1. the initial consonant and vowel are repeated, with strengthening of the latter: e. g. dodhavîti; 2. The whole root is repeated: e. g. namnamîti; 3. The same reduplication takes place, with the insertion of a short or long i between it and the root: e.g. varîvarti, bharibhrati. There are numerous examples of each of these methods. Sometimes the same verb forms its intensive in more than one way. In a few verbs with intensive sense the reduplication is incomplete: e. g. iradhanta from râdh, and irajyasi from raj. The forms irajyasi, irajyati, irajyathas, irajyata, though adding ya, take the active endings, which is forbidden by later usage.

In B we observe that the form without ya and with the first of the three sorts of reduplication just described prevails, and is found in the middle as well as the active voice. The form with ya occurs but once. The word adidedivata 1 is a curious example of double reduplication. But few examples of the intensive are found in B. The classical texts furnish only four examples, two in the finite verb, and two in the present participle. Of these, one participle has the form in ya.

VIII. Infinitive and Gerund. The office of the infinitive as a verbal noun is most conspicuous in the oldest text, as is indicated by its occurrence in each of the oblique cases, with a great variety of substantive endings. The regular classical ending tum is one of the rarest, being found only 5 times.

According to the list furnished by Delbrück, the infinitive appears in A as an accusative 49 times, with two endings; as a dative 609 times, with twelve endings: as a genitive or ablative 18 times, with two endings; as a locative 23 times, with three endings—in all 699 times, with nineteen endings. In B the infinitive is much more infrequent, occurring but 18 times as an accusative, always with the ending tum; and 3 times as a dative, with the endings tavai and tave—in all 21 times, with three endings. In C it appears 103 times, always with the accusative ending tum. The close resemblance of the infinitive to a noun sometimes renders it difficult to decide under which category to place a given instance. Hence some scholars would doubtless add to, and others subtract from the list which I have given.

The gerund is found 147 times in A, and with the endings $tv\hat{a}$, $tv\hat{a}ya$, and $tv\hat{i}$, when uncompounded; and with the endings $y\check{a}$ or $y\hat{a}$ and $ty\check{a}$ or $ty\hat{a}$, when compounded. The last ending is a substitute for ya when the root ends in a short vowel. In B it is found 321 times, with the endings $tv\hat{a}$ or ya (tya) In C it occurs 493 times, with the same endings. It appears from this statement that the gerund was most infrequent in the Vedic time, but was increasingly used down to the latest period.

In the first of the three schemes following a few forms will be found without an attendant numeral. These are cases which I have not found cited by Müller or Grassmann.

That a form is given in the list with an accent is meant to indicate, not that it always occurs accented, but only that accented examples of it are met with.

I. THE FORMS OF THE VERB IN THE RIG-VEDA.

PRESENT SYSTEM.

Active.

Middle.

A. PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- I. admi 1, ásmi 28, émi 15, kshnaumi 1, pami 1, ya'mi 17, vaçmi 6, i'çe 3, uvé 1, duhe 1, bruve 20, vâmi 1, hanmi 1, harmi 1; II. iyarmi 10, yujê 2, yuve 1, suve 1, huvê jáhami 2, jigharmi 3, juhómi 7, dadami 57, hnuve 1; II. juhvé 2, 2, dádhami 10, píbami 1, bíbharmi 4, vi- tishthe 1, dadhé 8, mime vakmi 6, çiçdmi 4; III. rnomi 1, krnó- 2; III. açnuve 1, krnvé 2, mi 9, tanomi 1, crnómi 5, hinómi 5- vanve 1, hinvé 1-grné 4, grndmi 1, grbhnd'mi 2, janami 2, jind'- grbhne 1, vrné 9mi 1, punámi 2, minámi 2, stabhnámi 1 rňje 1, yuňjé 1, vrňjé 3; IV. -bhinadmi 1, yunajmi 5, runadhmi aje 1, ame 1, arce 1, i'kshe 1, 1; IV. acâmi 1, árcâmi 3, avâmi 1, khá-name 5, bháre 11, bhikshe 2, ndmi 2, cardmi 5, coddmi 2, jándmi 1, mande 1, yáje 1, rabhe 1, jayami 1, dahami 1, patami 1, bhajami 1, vade 1, vande 4, varte 1, bhárami 3, yacami 1, rapami 1, ra'jami stáve 1, háve 6——ishe 2, 1, vádámi 6, váhámi 2, cánsámi 4, cik- prché 2, mrje 3, vindhe 1, shâmi 1, cumbhâmi 2, sajâmi 1, sapâmi cushe 1, siñce 2—ishye 1, 1, svadámi 1, harámi 2—tirámi 1, prc- gá'ye 1, mánye 23, mrshyé châmi 10, muñcâ'mi 3, rujâmi 1, vindâ'- 1, hvaye 15. mi 3, vrhámi 1, siñcámi 1, suvámi 1, srjá'mi 2. sprcámi 1--ishyámi 1. nahyami 1, hváyami 6; V, ichá'mi 2, brávîmi 6.
- 2. Sing. I. átsi 1, ási 268, éshi 23, cakshi 2, chantsi 1, dárshi 1, párshi 2, pá'si she 4, cakshe 1, brúshe 1, 13, bhd'si 10, yd'si 29, véshi 8, çdssi 1, sátsi vitse 3, céshe 2; II. jighnasé 1, hánsi 11, (kshéshi 3, jéshi 7, jóshi 2, dárshi 9, dhakshi 4, nakshi 1, néshi 10, párshi 16, prási 2, bhakshi 1, matsi 15, nushe 3, cinushé 1, dhúnumási 5, yákshi 33, yánsi 4, yási 1, yotsi 1, shê 1—grnîshê 2, crînî-rátsi 1, rási 10, vákshi 26, véshi 5, cróshi she 1, hrnîshe 2; IV. ohase 1, sakshi 1, sátsi 11, hoshi 1—all in im-2, garhase 1, gáhase 1, cákperative sense); II. íyarshi (iyárshi in shase 2, cayase 1, jarase 2, Auf.) 1, jigasi 3, jujoshasi 1, tishthasi 7, toçase (1 tuc) 2, (2 tuc) 1, dodádási 2, dádhási 9, píparshi 3, píbasi 2, hase 1, nakshase 1, nayase bíbharshi 10, mamatsi 1, vavákshi 1, 1, pavase 11, pinvase 2, bá'vivekshi 1, sisakshi 1, sisarshi (imper. dhase 4, bhrajase 1, mansense) 1; III. inoshi 3, kṛṇóshi 11, jino- hase 4, mandase 6, modase shi 1, tanoshi 1, vanóshi 2, strnóshi 2, 1, yajase 1, yamase 1, rakhinoshi 3-ishnasi 1, junasi 1, prnasi shase 1, rocase 5, rohase 1, 1, riná'si 1, crnási 1-prnákshi 4, bhi-várdhase 3, vahase 1, cúmnátsi 1, yunakshi 1, vrnákshi 3; IV. atasi bhase 1, cobhase 1, sácase 4, 1, arshasi 15, arhasi 3, ávasi 5, ínvasi 6, stávase 3, harshase 1-Whasi 2, kshayasi 3, cárasi 5, jayasi 1, rñjáse 2, prchase 1, mrcáse
- 1. Sing. I. iye 1, î'le 21,
 - 2. Sing. I. i'kshe 2, kr-5, tishthase 4, dhatse 1; III. açnushe 1, arnushe 1, kr-

PRESENT INDICATIVE-continued.

jinvasi 1, jú/rvasi 1, tarasi 1, tú/rvasi 1, 1, yuvase 3, vindáse 2, siñdácasi 1, dhanvasi 1, dhávasi 6, náyasi cáse 1—jáyase 6, tráya-4, pátasi 1, pinvasi 2, bhávasi 13, bhá'- se 3, dáyase 7, pátyase 2, shasi 2, yájasi 3, rákshasi 5, rá jasi 20, pyáyase 1, mányase 8, mírohasi 2, vádasi 1, vapasi 1, váhasi 4, yase 1, múcyase 1; V. ichacansasi 1, cikshasi 1, saccasi 1, sidasi 7 se 1, yachase 2, i'çishe 22, -tirasi 1, trmpási 3, prchasi 1, mrnasi crnvishé 5. 1, vindasi 2, vrccasi 2, sunvási 2asyasi 1, ishyasi 2, ucyasi 1, gayasi 2, nácyasi 1, pácyasi 6, púshyasi 9, rányasi 1, râyasi 1, rishyasi 2, haryasi 2; V. amîshi 1, bravîshi 1----yáchasi 1.

3. Sing. I. átti 14, ásti 126, éti 146, ksheti 21, takti 1, dá'ti (1 dá) 1, (3 dá) 2, 12, îrte 1, î'shte 1, cáshte 28, dáshti 2, dvéshti 3, pá'ti 17, bhárti 2. brúté 2, vaste 10, cáste 2, bhá'ti 34, yáti 72, rá'shti 3, rélhi 2, vashti cinkte 2, súte 2; II. jighnate 18, va'ti 10, véti 17, hánti 38; II. íyarti 31, 11, jíhíte 6, juhuté 1, tishjáháti 4, jigáti 22, jigharti 3, jújoshati 2, thate 3, datte 1, dadate 1, juhóti 3, tishthati 10, dádáti 26, dádati 1, dadhate 6, dhatté 15, píbate jdádháti 32, píparti (1 par) 1, (2 par) 2, pí- 1, mímíte 8, rarate 2, cícíte bati 1, bibharti 22, bibharti 1, mimati 5, yu- 7; III. acnute 3, ûrnuté 7, yoti 1, vavarti 1, vivakti 6, vivashti 1, vi- krnuté 38, tanute 3, tarute 1, veshti 1, çiçâti (1 çâ) 1, (2 çâ) 1, sîshakti dhûnute 1, prushnute 2, va-14, sisarti 1; III. acnoti 9, inóti 2, unoti 1, nute 2, crnute 1-grnîté 3, arnoti 3, rnoti 1, rdhnoti 1, krnoti 33, punite 2, prinite 1, rinite 3, cinóti 2, tanóti 1, dâcnóti 1, dhûnoti 1, vrnîté 2, crathnîté 1, strnîte vanoti 3, vrnóti 1, crnóti 7, sanóti 5, su- 1, hrníte 1---ankté 4, innóti 10, hinóti 3-açnáti 3, krináti 1, dhé 2 (for inddhé), prákté kshinati 1, grna'ti 7, grbhna'ti 5, jana'ti 2, yuńkte 2, vrńkte 1; IV. 3, jind'ti 2, jundti 1, pund'ti 2, prndti ajate 1, ayate 1, ijate (or 3, mind'ti 15, rind'ti 8, crnati 1, sindti ejate) 2, îçate 1, î'shate 15, 1. skabhná'ti 1. hrunáti 1--anakti 3. edhate 9. óhate 11. krpate 1. unátti 2, krnatti 1, trnatti 1, pináshti 2, kramate 1, gáhate 10, gúbhanákti i, bhinátti i, rinákti i, runad- hate i, ghoshate i, cáyate 2, dhi 2, vrnákti 5; IV. ájati 6, ayati 4, cétate 1, codate 1, járate 8, árcati 4, arshati 47, arhati 3, ávati 6, jr/mbhate 2, tandate 2, tejaínvati 11, îshati 1, ûhati 1, éjati 5, oshati te 1, toçate 5, dákshate 1, 3, krandati 1, krîlati 2, ksháyati 4, ksha- dóhate 4 (doháte 1), dhávarati 3, khď dati 1, cárati 34, cétati 13, já- te 3, nákshate 1, nácate 5, yati 6, jinvati 2, jivati 2, jürvati 1, jra- násate 4, náçate 1, páyate 1, yati 1, tapati 2, tárati 1, dá cati 5, dá- pavate 66, pínvate 12, prá-sati 5, dhámati 2, dhávati (1 dháv) 22, thate 2, plávate 1, bá dhate (2 dháv) 1, nákshati 4, nayati 5, pacati 12, bhájate 4, bhandate 1, 1, patati 3, pinvati 1, pî'yati 1, bódhati 2, bhayate 6, bhárate 13, bhikbhájati 3, bhánati 1, bhárati 8, bhárvati shate 1, bhójate 1, bhrd jate 1, bhávati 36, bhúshati 11, bhédati 3, 4, bhreshate 1, mánhate 7, mádati s, márdhati 1, yájati 6, yátati 1, márate 1, modate 4, yájate yámati 2, rákshati 9, rádati 1, rapati 1, 6, yatate 8, yamate 5, yoja-

3. Sing. I. d'ste 4, î'tte

PRESENT INDICATIVE-continued.

rá'jati 15, rádhati 1, réjati 3, rebhati 1, te 1, ranhate 1, rakshate 3, ródhati 1, roshati 2, róhati 3, vádati 10, rapçate 2, rámate 3, ramvápati 1, varjati 1, vardhati 1, vasati 1, bate 1, réjate 8, rócate 20, vahati 11, vd'çati 1, vénati 2, çansati 1, rohate 2, vadate 2, vanate çâ'sati 2, çîkshati 3, çundhati 1, çum- 15, vándate 4, vapate (1 vap) bhati 1, sarjati 1, sárpati 2, sádhati 2, 1 (2 vap) 1, várate 2, vársí'dati 17, sédhati 4, skandati 1, sto- tate 9, várdhate 8, vasate 3, bhati 1, sredhati 1, hárati 1—-íyati 1, vásate 1, váhate 4, vepate 3, rnvati s, khidáti 1, pinçati 1, prchati 1, vyathate 3, cayate 2, cikprnáti s, mishati 1, yuváti 1, rujáti 1, shate 1, cúmbhate 2, sacate ruváti 1, vindáti 3, vrccati 1, vrhati 1, 18, sahate 3, sádhate 3, sésuváti 2, srjáti 2-ásyati 2, íshyati 5, cate 1, sévate 1, stárate 1, gâyati 2, jûryati 1, tanyati 1, dásyati 2, stávate 4, smayate 1, syándíyati 1, dhayati 4, nacyati 2, pácyati 10, púshyati 11, ranyati 5, rishyati 4, vâyati 2, vidhyati 2, vyayati 1, sidhyati 1, syati 1, haryati 1, hrshyati 1, hvayati 1; V. ichati 6, uchati 2, gáchati 16, yáchati 3, cáte 1, prchate 2, prñcáte 1, yúchati 1---ániti 1, cvásiti 1, tavîti 1, muñcate 2, mrçate 1, yubrávîti 2.

date 2. svådate 1, hárshate 4. hávate 14. hvárate 1— uksháte 1, rňjáte 4, kirate 1, tiráte 7, tundate 1, pinváte 5. vindáte 12, vindháte 2, vicate 3, sriate 2-ishyate 1, rjyate 1, kshîyate 1, jd'yate 28, jî'yate 4, dáyate 11, pácyate 1, pátyate 15, pádyate 4. pacyate 2. mányate 6, miyate 1, mrshyate 2, ri'yate 5, haryate 3; V. gachate 1.

(Suffix e) I. î'she 29, cité 1, duhé 11, bruve 1, vidé 20, huvé 2; II. dadhé 23; III. rnve 1, crnvé 19, sunvé 3, hinvé 2---grne 6---vrñjé 1; IV. joshe 1, tocé 1, mahe 1, cáye 10, séve 1, stáve 5. (Suffix re) $duhr\acute{e} \cdot (3 pl.?)$.

II. dádvahe 1; 1. Du. IV. sácávahe 1.

I. ithus 1, kṛthás 3, pâthás 4, bhúthás 1, yáthás 19, víthás 3, sthás 21, 1, rdhá'the 1, caksháthe 2, hathás 2; II. jújoshathas 1, tíshthathas vasáthe 1; II. dadhá'the 1; 6, dhatthás 5, niníthás 1, piprthas 1, bi- III. tanváthe 1----yuñjáthe bhrthás 2; III. arnuthas 1, krnuthás 3, 3; IV. jayethe 1, jarethe 2, vanuthás 2--rinithas 2; IV. acathas drihéthe 1, rakshethe 3, va-1, árcathas 1, arhathas 2, ávathas 8, in-rethe 1, vahethe 6, grayethe vathas 1, karshathas 1, kshayathas 2, 1, sacethe 7-yuvethe 1, gamathas 1, ghoshathas 1, cetathas 2

2. Du. I. d'sathe 2, icathe

PRESENT INDICATIVE—continued.

janathas 1, jinvathas 7, ji'vathas 1, jū'rvathas 1, dhámathas 1, nakshathas 1, nayathas 2, pátathas 5, pinvathas 2, bhárathas s, bhávathas 7, bhúshathas (1 bhash) 1, (2 bhash) 2, mádathas 2, yajathas 1, yátathas 1, rá'jathas 7, rohathas 1, vanathas 3, varathas 1, vahathas 2, cíkshathas 1, sadathas 1, sá'dhathas 2, sídathas 1, svádathas 1---rnvathas 2, bhasáthas 1, muñcathas 2, vrhathas 1, srjathas 2-dí'yathas 3, ranyathas 1; V. gáchathas 17.

- 3. Du. I. attas 1, kshitás 3, pátas 1, bhatas 1, yatas 1, vatas 1, stas 21, snatas duhate 1, bruva'te 1, cayate 1, hatás 4, hnutas 1; II. tíshthatas? pí- 1, súváte 1; II. jiháte 2, batas 1, bibhṛtás 6, mimîtas 1, viviktás dadhâ'te 5; III. tuñjâ'te 1; 2, vivishtas 1; III. acnutas 1, arnutás 1, IV. carete 2, javete 1, tarete kṛnutas 1, sunutás 1-gṛnîtás 1, pṛnî- 1, namete 1, bhayete 1, bhatas 1; IV. invatas 2, kshayatas 1, rete 1, methete 1, yatete 1, ghoshatas 1, cáratas 13, dhá vatas 1, rejete 1, vádete 1, vartete 2, nakshatas 1, pinvatas 1, bhávatas 4, vardhete 1, vepete 1, vyabhû'shatas 2, manthatas 1, mardhatas thete 1, sacete 3, smayete 1, 1. rakshatas 1. ra'jatas 1. vasatas 2. vá- havete 1 — tujete 1 hatas 10—siñcatas 1—nacyatas 1, hváyete 1; (suffix aite) krnpágyatas 1, púshyatas 2, váyatas 1; V. váite 1. yúchatas 2.
- 1. Pl. (suffix masi) I. imási 4, uçmási 16 (cmási 1), stumási 2, smási 15; II. yujmahe 1, cásmahe 1, hújuhámási 2, dadmasi 1, dadhmási 3, máhe 9; II. dádmahe 2; bibhrmási 1, çiçimási 1; III. grnímási III. krnmahe 2—vrní-10. junimási 1. minimási 2; IV. árca- máhe 64; IV. jarámahe 2; masi 1, árhámasi 1, cárámasi 7, janá- nákshámahe 1, návámahe masi 1, jayamasi 1, taramasi 1, núyā- 2, násamahe 1, badhamahe masi 2, bódhámasi 1, bharámasi 3, má- 1, bhájámahe 1, bháyámadâmasi 1, methâmasi 1, yájámasi 2, he 1, bharamahe 6, mánávádámasi 2—tirámasi 1, mrcámasi 1, mahe 17 (manámahé 1), sprcámasi 1—pácyámasi 1, haryá mándámahe 1, marámahe masi 1, hváyámasi 3.

(Suffix mas) I. kurmás 1, dvishmás rabhamahe 3, vánamahe 4, 2, yamas 1, smas 2, hanmas 1; II. juhu- vándamahe 1, staramahe 1, más 1, dadhmas 1, vivishmas 2; III. stávámahe 1, svajámahe 1, jánímas 1---anjmas 1; IV. madámas hávámahe 107 --- yuvá-1, yájámas 1 (yájáma?), vadámas 1, mahe 1, riçá mahe 1, sicácansâmas 1.

3. Du. I. asate 1, iyate 1,

1. Pl. I. manmahe 3, 1, yájámahe 9, yásámahe 1, mahe 1, huvâmahe 2hváyamahe 5.

PRESENT INDICATIVE-continued.

2. Pl. (suffix tha) I. itha 1, krtha 1, gathá 1, nethá 1, páthá (1 pá) 1, (3 pá) III. angdhvé 1; IV. caya-2, yathá 6, stha 30, hathá 1; II. jújo- dhvez, dhavadhvez, bádhashatha 1, dhatthá 4, pipṛthá 1, bibhṛ- dhve 1, bháradhve 1, mandthá 3, búbodhatha 1; III. agnutha 1, krn-adhve 1, váhadhve 3, gayuthá s, dhanuthá s, sunuthá 1—jánî- adhve 1—-trá yadhve s. tha 1; IV. ájatha 1, ávatha 7, ejatha 1. krî'latha 1, ksháyatha 2, khádatha 1, cetatha 1, jinvatha 3, tákshatha 2, ta'rvatha 2, náyatha 5, na catha 1, patatha 1, bháratha 1, bhávatha 3, bhú shatha 1, mádatha 3, moshatha 1, rákshatha 1, rá'jatha 2, rejatha 1, vahatha 1, sárpatha 1 muñcátha 1—-ásyatha 3, pacyatha 2, púshyatha 1, rishyatha 1, háryatha 2; V. gáchatha 3.

(Suffix thana) I. páthána 1, yáthána 5, sthána 10; IV. vádathana 1.

I. adanti 6, amánti 1, ucánti 3, kshiyanti 5, ghnanti 5, da'nti 1, panti 27, i'late 35, îçate 2, ohate 4, (1 pd) 1, (3 pd) 13, bruvánti 2, bhanti 1, grhate 1, cákshate 7, duyánti 99, yá'nti 5, rihánti 14, vánti 1, haté 8, nínsate 4, bruváte 6, vyánti 2, sánti 60; II. jahati 1, juhvati rihaté 1, vásate 3, cásate 2, 2, tishthanti 5, dádati 3, dádhati 5, da-suvate 4; II. jighnante 1, dhanti 1, piprati 4, pibanti 8, bapsati 2, jihate 6, tishthante 2, dabibhrati s, mimanti 1; III. açnuvanti dhate 2, pibante 1, mimate 3, 2. rnvánti 2. krnvánti 9. tanvánti 2. sisrate 8; III. acnuvate 1. dabhnuvanti 1, prushnuvanti 1, crn- krnvate 4, tanvaté 12, manvánti 4, sunvánti 5, hinvánti 31 — vaté 1, vrnváte 2, vrnvaté kshinánti 1, grnánti 21, grbhnánti 3, 1, sprnvaté 1, hinváte 1--jánánti 3, jinanti 1, junánti 7, punánti acnate 1, grbhnate 1, ján-6, prnánti 12, prinanti 1, bhrinánti 1, ate 4, punaté 2, badhnáte 1, minánti 24, rinánti 1, crínánti 6, str. rinaté 1, vrnáte 10-añnánti 2—añjánti 7, undánti 3, pin- játe 12, añjaté 1, indháte 15, shánti 1, prñcánti 3, bhindanti 1, yuñ- indhaté 4, rñjate 6, tuñjáte jánti 9, viñcanti 1, vrňjanti 2; IV. 1, prňcáte 1, bhuňjáte 1, ajanti 1, árcanti 15, árshanti 22, árhanti bhuñjaté 1, yuñjáte 10, vrñ-1, ávanti 4, karanti 1, krandanti 1, krí- jate 1; IV. áyante 1, í'shlanti 2, krócanti 1, ksháranti 11, ksho- ante 1, édhante 1, kshódanti 1, gámanti 1, gúhanti 1, cáranti dante 1, cétante 1, cyavante 41, jayanti 1, járanti 1, jínvanti 2, jí- 2, jáyante 1, jarante (2 jar) vanti 2, tákshati 1, tápanti 6, taranti 3, 5, (3 jar) 3, dhavante 1, trásanti 1, tsáranti 1, dabhanti 1, da- nakshante 5, namante 2, hanti 2, drávanti 2, dhanvanti 1, dhá- navante 7, pávante 13, bá'manti 3, dhavanti 2, dha'rvanti 1, nak- dhante 2, bhajante 2, bhayshanti 2, nandanti 1, namanti 2, náy- ante 6, bhárante 7, bhrá'anti 19, naçanti (1 naç) 1, (3 naç) 1, nin- jante s, yájante 4, yatante danti 1, pácanti 2, pátanti s, pinvanti 4, 6, yá'cante 2, rakshante 5,

2. Pl. II. dadhidhvé 4;

3. Pl. I. a'sate 39, i'rate

PRESENT INDICATIVE—concluded.

pî'yanti 2, bhajanti 1, bhananti 1, bhá-rante 1, rabhante 1, raranti 12, bhávanti 14, bhúshanti 4, maj-mante 2, réjante 4, rócante janti 1, mádanti 29, mánthanti 2, ma- 19, vadante 1, várante 8, ranti 1, mardhanti 2, mehanti 1, yajanti vartante 3, vardhante 1, 2, rákshanti 4, ránanti 3, rádanti 1, rá-vahante 3, vyathante 1, çajanti 1, rebhanti 1, róhanti 1, vádanti 13, yante 1, cumbhante 1, cravananti 1, vápanti 3, várdhanti 17, vár-yante 1, sacante 23, sápante shanti 1, váçanti 2, váhanti 32, vénanti 1, sáhante 3, stávante 3, 1, cánsanti 5, cíkshanti 2, cócanti 1, spárdhante 3, svajante 1, ccótanti s. sapanti 1, sáccati 1, sí danti svadante 1, hárante 1, há-1, sedhanti 1, skandanti 1, stobhanti 2, vante 39 — ukshánte 2, srávanti 3, svádanti 3, sváranti 6, hín-tiránte 7, vicánte 2 santi 1---ukshánti 1, rňjánti 1, rshánti kshí yante 2, jáyante 5, trá-1, crtánti 1, tiranti 2, tuñjánti 2, duhanti yante 1, mayante 1, mrsh-16, prchánti 2, mishanti 2, mucánti 1, yante 1, yúdhyante 2, rîmuñcanti 1, mrjánti 29, mrcánti 1, ru- yante 1, hváyante 8. jánti 2, rudanti 1, vindanti 1, vicanti 4, vrccánti 1, cumbhánti 7, siñcánti 2, suvánti 1, srjánti 5, sprcánti 2, sphuránti vidré 1; V. invire 1, rnvire dasyanti 6, diyanti 2, náhyanti 1, pác- viré 3, hinviré s. yanti 11, pushyanti 2, rányanti 2, rishyanti 1, váyanti 4, váyanti 1, crámyanti 1, syanti 1, háryanti 2, hvayanti 1; V. ichánti 5. uchánti 2. rchánti 1. gáchanti 5, yáchanti 6.

B. PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE.

I. With mode-sign a and primary endings.

1. Sing. I. bráváni 2; II. dadháni 1: IV. káráni 2, gamáni 2, caráni 1, III. krnávai 2, manávai 1, náyani 1, pacani 1, bhajani 1, ra'jani 2, sunávai 2; IV. mánui 1, váháni 1-srjá'ni 1.

(Suffix $\hat{a} = \hat{a}ni$) I. $ay\hat{a}_1$, $brav\hat{a}_1$, $st\hat{a}_1 = -y\hat{u}dhyai_1$. vá 2; III. krnavá 1, hinavá 1; IV. arcá

1---mrkshd' 1.

- 2. Sing. I. ásasi 4, kárasi 2, bravasi 1; II. cíketasi 1, píbásí 1, paprcási 1; IV. rase 2; II. dádhase 2; III. ájási 1, jayási 2, bhájási 3, bhávási 4, krnavase 1, vanavase 1; yájási 4, vadási 2, vahási 2-kird'si IV. vardháse 1-yuváse 1, rujd'si 1-pacyasi 1.
- I. ásati s, karati 7, dáti 5, dháti 3, vayati 1, védati 1, hanáti 2; II. 1, kárate 4, várjate 1; II. tíshcíketatis, tishtháti2, dádácati2, dídecati tháte 3, dádhate 2, mimáte 5, píbáti 1, píprati 1, búbodhati 1, su- 1, yuyójate 2, çaçámate 1; shúdati 3; IV. ájáti 3, jayáti 3, jíváti III.krnávate 3, manávate 1, 1, tápáti 1, dabháti 2, daháti 1, dhan- -- inádhate 2, yunájate vati 1, náyati 1, pácáti 2, pátáti 3, pa- 1; IV. jardte 1, paváte 1, dati 1, bódhati 1, bhájátí 1, bháráti 2, bhayate 2, yájáte 5, váhate

(Suffix rate) I. duhrate 2. (Suffix re) I. duhré 6,

1. Sing. II. cacvacai 1; marai 1, stávai 3---prchai

- 2. Sing. I. ásase 1, ká-
- 3. Sing. I. asate 3, idhaté

PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE—continued.

bháváti 14, maráti 2, yájáti 6, vadáti 3, 2, cráyáte 1, svajáte 1 cánsáti 2, sídáti 1, svádáti 1, svaráti 1, jusháte 1, tiráte 1, mucáte — tiráti 1, bhrjjá'ti 1, mucáti 1, mr. 1—manyáte 1. dhâti 1, mṛlāti 3, vand'ti 1, vidhāti 1, suvá'ti 5-rishyáti 1; V. gácháti 2.

- (Suffix tai) IV. yajatai 1.
- 1. Du. I. bravávahai 1; III. krnavávahai 1, tanavavahai 1; IV. sacavahai 1. sahavahai 1.
- 2. Du. I. ásathas 1, karathas 2, vedathas 1; II. cíketathas 1, tishtháthas 1, 1; IV. prnaíthe 1. dádhathas 1, píbáthas 6; IV. áváthas 1, vadáthas 1, smaráthas 1.
- 3. Du. I. karatas 2. gamatas 1, pá'tas 1, (pátás?); II. tishthátas? pibátas IV. yátaite 1—yuvaíte 1. 1; III. añjatas 1; IV. cárátas 2, váhátas 2, cápátas 1-mrlátas 1.
- 2. Du. III. acnávaithe
 - 3. Du. I. brávaite 1;
 - 1. Pl. I. i'lámahai 1, gámámahai 1, brávámahai 2; III. krnávámahai 1---anácámahai 1, bhunájámahai 2, runadhámahai 1; IV. nácámahai 2, yájámahai 1, vánámahai 1-siñcamahai 1.

(Suffix mahe) I. ildmahe 1, kárámahe 8; II. $dad\hat{a}mahe$ 1.

- 2. Pl. I. ásatha 4, stavatha 1; II. píbátha? súshúdatha 1; III. sanávatha 1; IV. ávátha 1, jayátha 1, váhátha 1; V. gachatha 1.
 - II. With mode-sign a and secondary endings.
 - 1. Sing. I. stushé 20 (stush-a-i).
- 2. Sing. I. ásas s, ksháyas 2, ghásas 2, dánas 1, parcas 1, pas 1, bravas 5, vedas 2, cákas 2, hánas 3; II. juhuras 1, tishthás 2, dádhas 5, dádácas 1, mumucas 1, viveshas 1, súshúdas 1; III. rnávas 3, krnávas 7, trpnávas 1, crnavas 3—grbhná's 1, juná's 1—bhi-nádas 1; IV. ávás 1, jáyás 1, júrvás 1, takshás? bhárás 1, várdhás 1, cíkshas 1 --- siñca's 1 --- yúdhyas 1, rishyas 1, haryas 2; V. gachas 1.

PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE—continued.

- 3. Sing. I. áyat 4, ásat 39, î'rat 1, ṛdhat 1, kshayat 4, ghasat 1, cayat 1, pát (1 på) 1, (3 på) 1, brávat 6, védat 3, stávat 3; II. jugurat 1, tishthát 1, dádáçat 5, dádhat 14, dadhánat 1, píbát 1, babhasat 1, yuyávat 1, sushūdat 1; III. açnavat 9, krnávat 12, cinavat 1, dhúnavat 1, prushnávat 1, vanávat 10, crnávat 14, sunávat 2-rnádhat 1, bhinádat 1, yunájat 2; IV. árcat 1, árshat 1, árhát 1, ávát 1, invát 1, eját 1, ghóshát 3, jîvât 1, dâ'çât 4, nindât 1, pácât 1, pátát 2, bhárát 1, bhú'shát 1, yaját 1, várdhát 3, çánsát 1, çíkshát 1 — prchá't 1, prná't 2, mrlát 1, vrçcá't 1, siñcát 1, srját 1-pácyát 2, púshyát 2; V. ichât 2, uchâ't 3, gáchât 3.
- 1. Du. I. hánáva 🤻 II. pibáva 🖂 III. acnaváva 1, krnaváva 1—rinácáva 1; IV. cáráva 1, jáyáva 1, vánáva 1, cánsáva 1.
- 1. Pl. I. ayâma 3, ásâma 4, ksháyâma 1, brávâma 12, stávâma 9, hánâma 1; II. jahâma 1, juhavâma 2, dadhāma 2; III. açnávāma 2, krnáváma 9, minaváma 1, caknáváma 2, sunavâma 5, spṛṇavâma 1——jund'ma :, mind/ma 2; IV. árcama 4, kárama 2, krámâma 1, gamâma 2, takshâma 1, bhajama 1, bhárama 1, bhávama 1, madâma 1, manthâma 1, marâma 3, yajama 3, radhama 2, vadama 1, vardhâma 1, váçâma 1, çreshâma 1, sadâma 3, hárama 1.
- 3. Pl. I. ayan 4, brávan 1; II. dadhan 1, yuyavan 1; III. açnavan 1, krn- juhuranta 2; III. açnaávan 5, crnávan 4---anájan 1, yuná- vanta 1, krnávanta 4. jan 2, vrnajan 1; IV. krí lán 1, ghóshán 2, cárán 1, patán 1, vádán 2, várdhán 4, vahân 1—prchá'n 1, sphurá'n 1—pácyán 1; V. uchá'n 5, gáchân 2.

3. Pl. I. hánanta 1; II.

III. Like the Imperfect without an augment.

1. Sing. I. gamam 1; II. tishtham 1; III. kshinam 1; IV. cyávam 1, taksham 1, bhojam 1, yojam 1.

Present Subjunctive—continued.

2. Sing. II. jujoshas 4, dádas 4, piprayas 1; III. rnos 7; IV. ávas 1, oshas 1, yuyothás 1, rarithás 1; III. gamas 4, karas 6, guhas 2, caras 1, tanuthas 1-hrnithas 1; dáhas 1, yamas 1, vanas 1, vapas 1, IV. bádhathás 1---manváras 2, vasas 1, venus 4, çá'sas 2, çocas 1, yathás 1. sadas 7-guhas 1, mucás 1, rujás 1, vrhas 1, vrccas 1, sicas 1, srjás 1dîvyas 1; V. ishanas 2, sedhîs 1.

(Without suffix) I. kar s, hán 3; II. çaças 1; III. pinak 4, bhinát 2, vrnak 1.

3. Sing. I. vet 1, staut 1; II. ciketat 7, jígát 1, jújoshat 7, tíshthat 6, dadat 11, 1; Π. jíhíta 2, ninikta 1, pibat 2; III. ú'rnot 1—jánát 1; IV. yuyota 1, cícíta 1, cicrítá 1; arcat 2, kárat 33, karshat 2, krandat 2, III. rnutá 1—grníta 1, ksharat 2, gamat 28, cárat 4, cetat 2, grbhníta 1, vrníta 3; IV. codat 1, janat 3, jáyat 1, jóshat 2, takshat 1cata 13, bharata 1, rocata 1, tandrat (tandat?) 1, tapat 1, tamat 1, 3, várdhata 2, sacata 1, sá'tárat 5, dábhat 3, dásat 2, dálgat 13, dhata 1-jushata 3, tidá'sat 1, dí'yat 1, déhat 1, dohat 1, drá- rata 1—jáyata 1, manvat 2, nákshat 3, nayat 4, naçat 13, yata 1. pácat 1, pátat 1, pinvat 1, próthat 1, bódhat 1, bhárat 12, bhásat 2, minat s, yámat 1, rákshat? ranat 1, rádat 1, rápat 2, rádhat 1, rejat 1, reshat 1, rodhat 1, vadat 2, várat 3, vártat 1, várdhat 4, váçat 1, çakat 4, çardhat 1, çíkshat 1, çnáthat 1, çramat 1, çváyat? sadat 4, sárpat 2, saccat 3, svájat 1kṛṇtát 1, kshipát 4, khidat 1, jushát 1, mucát 1, ruját 2, rudhat 1, ruvát 2, vidhat 1, viçat 2, vrhat 1, siñcat 1, srját 5, srdhat? sphurat 1, huvat 1-ga'yat 2. pácyat 1, vidhyat 1; V. uchat 2, ishanat 1.

(Suffix s) I. ves 1.

(No suffix) I. kar 6, gan 1, dán 1, rat 2, han 1, ha'r 1; II. vivyak 1; III. pinak 1, prnák 1, bhinát 6, rinak 1.

1. Pl. I. karma 5, ganma 2.

3. Pl. I. ásan 7, kshan 1, gman 11, yan 1, san 1; II. jujushan 1, jújoshan 1, tísh- II. jihata? tíshthanta 2; than 1; III. rnvan 1, krnvan? minván, III. krnvata 3, manvata 2 ı, vanvan ı, hinván 2----açnan ı, mi----grbhnata ı, vrnata? nan 1, rinán 1, ccamnan 1; IV. arcan — yunjata 1; IV. áman-3, káran 3, gaman 9, cáran 1, dabhan 7, ta 1, áyanta 1, caranta 1, dhávan 1, nákshan 2, náçan (1 nac) 1, cyavanta 1, jananta 1, nak-

2. Sing. II. juhurthas 1,

3. Sing. I. vasta 1, súta

- 1. Du. I. gánvahi 1.
- 1. Pl. III. strnîmáhi 1; IV. grhâmahi 1.
- 3. Pl. I. îlata 1, vasata 3;

PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE—concluded.

(2 nac) 3, yaman 4, ránan 3, vaman 1, shanta 5, namanta 5, návardhan 1, çasan 1, sadhan 1, sadan 2, yanta 2, navanta 5, naharan?—trpán 1, druhan 1, dhvasán canta (1 nac) 2, (3 nac) 3, 1. vidhán 1. vindan 2-pácyan 1. (Suffix us) I. duhús 2, mandús 2.

nasanta 5, pacanta? pinvanta 1, pravanta 1, bhájanta 6, bhananta 1, bháranta 5, bhikshanta 1, yakshanta 1, yavanta 1, rananta 1, ranta 2, ramanta? réjanta 1, vanta 1, váranta (1 var) 6, (2 var) 1, vártanta? vardhanta 1, vrādhanta 1, cumbhata 2, (class I.?) cócanta 1, sákshanta 1 (sakshante? see Grass.), sácanta 12, sapanta 1, saccata 2, sáhanta? sá'dhanta? stávanta 2, smayanta 1, hávanta 3 ---ishanta 1, jushánta 23, tiránta 1, nudánta 1, bhuránta 1, mrshanta 1. yuvanta 1, vidhanta 1, srjanta 1---dáyanta 1; V. ichánta 1, ishananta 2.

C. PRESENT OPTATIVE.

- 1. Sing. I. iydm 1, rdhydm 1, ydyâm 1, vidyâm 1, çakyâm 1, syd'm 9; riya 1; IV. saceya 2-II. jagamyam 1, paprcyam 1; III. san- huveya 1. uyam 1; IV. gameyam 1, ciksheyam 2 -vyayeyam 1.
- 2. Sing. I. rdhyâs 1, gamyâs 1, syâ's 7; II. cakriyas (2 kar) 1, juguryas 1; IV. áves 1, bhaves 1, mades 1, vanes 1 -pacyes 1.
- 3. Sing. I. iyát 2, brúyát 1, vidyá't 2, syâ't 15; II. jagamyût 9, jagâyût 1, 3, îçîta 2, uhîta 1, duhîta 1, juguryá't 1, tuturyá't 1, paprcyát 1, bi- bruvíta 1, cáyíta 1, stuvítá bhíyát 1, bibhryát 1, mamanyát 1, mi- 1; II. dádhíta 2, dadhítá míyát 1; III. prníyá't 1; IV. ávet 1, 1; III. krnvíta 2—prn-caret 2, taret 1, pátet 1, sravet 2—prchet cítá 1; IV. ajeta 1, ksha-1-dasyet 1, rishyet 2; V. ichet 1.

2; II. mimîyâs 1, yûyâs 1.

1. Du. I. yujyava 1; IV. vrheva 1. 34 VOL. X.

- 1. Sing. I. î'çîya 3, mu-
- 3. Sing. I. ásíta 1, ílíta meta 1, jareta 1, bhiksheta (Suffix s) I. rdhyas 1, gamyas 6, jeyas 3, yajeta 1, vadeta 1, saceta 2, staveta 1—jushéta -pacyeta 1.

PRESENT OPTATIVE—concluded.

- 2. Du. I. vidyatam 1, syatam 2; II. jagmyátam 1; IV. tiretam 1.
- 3. Du. I. yujyá'tám 1, syátám 1; II. yuyuyâ'tâm 1; IV. grásetâm 1.
- 1. Pl. I. iyâma 1, rdhyâma 4, kriyama 1, turya ma 3, vidya ma 27, sya ma rdhîmahi 1, bruvîmahi 2, 120, hanya'ma 1; II. juhuya'ma 1, tish- vasîmahi 1, stuvîmahi 1; thema 2, tuturyama 1; III. cinuyama II. dadimahi 2, dadhimahi 1, vanuya'ma 5, crnuyama 1, sanuya'ma 3; IV. gamemahi 3, gahe-6; IV. kramema 2, gaméma 8, cayema mahi 1, bhajemahi 3, bha-1, carema 2, jáyema 22, jívema 1, tárema remahi 1, yátemahi 1, ra-13, dá gema 11, bhávema 6, bhú shema 2, bhemahi 4, vanemahi 1, mádema 17, mahema 2, yatema 1, ra- sácemahi 9-vidhemahi pema 1, vatema 1, vadema 28, vanéma 1---já'yemahi 3. 9, cikshema 1, sadema 3, supema 3ishema 1, rujema 1, vidhéma 22, viçema 1, huvéma 26-pácyema 11, pushyema 1, rishyema 1.
- 2. Pl. I. syá'ta 1; IV. tireta 1. (Suffix tana) I. sya'tana 1; IV. tiretana 1.
- 3. Pl. I. adyús 1, vidyús 1, syús 9; II. jagamyus 2, dadhanyus 1; IV. tá- dadîran 2. reyus 1, vaheyus 1.

1. Pl. I. idhîmahi 7,

3. Pl. (Suffix ran) II.

(Suffix rata) IV. bharerata 1-jusherata 2.

D. PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

(Suffix dhi) I. addhi 6, 2. Sing. edhi 15, krdhí 95, gadhi 1, tádhí (tálhí) krshvá s, cakshva 3, trásva 1, půrdhí 6, bodhí 37, viddhi 8, cagdhí 2, dukshva 1, yukshvá 10, 15, cádhi 1; II. cikiddhi 7, daddhí 8, rá'sva 21; II. jihíshva 1, dididdhi 2, pipṛgdhi 1, mamaddhi 2, pipráyasva 1, pibasva 1, mamandhi 1, mumugdhi 6, yuyodhi 7, vavṛtsva 9; III. arnushva vividdhi 2, çaçadhi 2, çiçadhi 4; III. 1, krnushvá 14, tanushva 5, crnudhí 5-angdhi 2, undhi 1, chin- vanushva 1, crnushvá 1 dhi 1, trndhi 4, bhandhi 1, bhindhi 3, —vrnishvá 3—yunkprádhi 1, vrádhi 2.

(Suffix hi) I. ihi 62, gahi 83, jahi 50, kramasva 3, codasva 2, páhí (1 pá) 22, (2 pá) 69, brúhí 4, bháhí járasva (2 jar) 2, (3 jar) 2, 10, yáhí 129, váhí 2, vihí 3, víhí 7, stuhí tapasva 1, nakshasva 1, na-26; II. dehí 10, dhehí 63, pipṛhi 2, pi- yasva 1, namasva 1, pá-pṛlhí 2, mimīhí 7, rirîhi 7, çiçihí 12; III. vasva 125, pinvasva 1, praaçnuhi 3, inuhi 1, arnuhi 4, krnuhi 28, thasva 1, ba'dhasva 9, bhacinuhí 1, tanuhi 3, trpnuhi 2, dhanuhi jasva 2, bhárasva 2, man-3, dhṛshnuhí 1, cṛṇuhí 7, sanuhi 1, dasva 10, yajasva 16, yaspṛṇuhi 1, hinuhi 2—gṛṇihí 9, jānihi tasva 1, rakshasva 1, ra-2, punihi 8, mṛṇihi 1, cṛṇihí 8; V. cṇa- bhasva 3, ramasva 1, vathihi 2, stanihi 1.

2. Sing. I. irshva 2. shvá 1; IV. kalpasva 1, dasva 1, vándasva 6, vár-

PRESENT IMPERATIVE—continued.

(Suffix tât) I. vittâ't 1, vîtât 1; II. tasva 1, vardhasva 10, vádattât 1, dháttât 1; III. kṛnutât 1, hin- hasva 2, cocasva 2, crautât 1 — punîtât 1; IV. avatât 1, osha- yasva 2, cvañcasva 2. sátát 1, dahatát 1, bhavatát 1, yácatát 1, casva 6, sáhasva 4, sídasva rákshatát 1, vahatát 1---vrhatát 2, su- 1, syandasva 1, svádasva 3, vatát 1; V. yachatát 1.

(Without personal suffix) II. pha 101, 1, gurasva 1, jushasva 57, tíshtha 34; III. inú 1, úrnu 1, kuru 2, nudásva 8, prnasva 2, kṛṇu 1, tánu 1, cṛṇu 5, sunú 1, hinu 2 mṛshásva 1, yuvásva 6, vi—açāna 2; IV. aca 2, úja 6, árca 25, cásva 1, vṛshasva 10, siñársha 37, áva 33, inva 1, osha 2, kara 1, casva 1, srjasva 2---jákarsha 1, kranda 2, krâma 1, kshára 4, yasva 1, trá'yasva 4, dagama? cára 11, códa 2, júya 6, jínva 9, yasva 1, drhyasva 1, padjíva 1, júrva 1, jósha 1, tápa 4, tara 2, yasva 1, paçyasva 1, pyádáha 14, dí'ya 2, dráva 11, dhanva 20, yasva 3, vyayasva 2, syasva dhama 1, dhava 3, nama 2, naya 12, 2; V. ichasva 1, yachasva? pata 2, pava 1, pinva 3, protha 1, bódha í lishva 4, jánishva 1, vá-5, bhája 12, bhára 120, bháva 102, bhúsha sishva 2. (1 bhash) 1, (2 bhash) 2, mada 1, manda 1, myaksha 1, mrada 1, yája 17, yoja 5, ráksha 21, rána 4, ráda 4, roha 4, vada 10, vapa 1, várdha 9, váha 69, vena? çánsa 6, cárdha 1, cíksha 26, cumbha 1, cóca 6, sáda 4, sára 1, sarpa 1, sá'dha 2, sī'da 15, sédha 8, srava 14, svada 1, svapa 1, svara 3, hara 2, hinva 1-kira 2, kshipa 1, crta 1, tira 1, tuda 1, trmpá 1, prcha 3, prna 8, prusha 1, muca 4, muñca 2, mrna 5, mrlá 17, mrca 3, yuva 1, rikha 1, rujá 9, ruva 1, viça 18, vinda 2, vrccá s, vrhá s, siñca s, suva s, srjá 26, sprca 5, sphura 1 - asya 5, $g\hat{a}'ya$ 7, dr'hya 3, nacya 1, pacya 7, yudhya 2, vaya 2, vidhya 9, sya 5, harya 7, hvaya 1: V. ichá 5, uchá 15, gacha 6, yacha 21.

3. Sing. I. attu 1, ástu 166, etu 50, gantu 7, pâtu 29, yâtu 18, vashtu 1, vâtu vastâm 1; II. jihîtâm 1, 7, vêtu 7, sastu 5, hantu 3; II. jahâtu 1, dadatâm 1; III. krnutâ'm ngâtu 2, tishthatu 3, dádâtu 16, dádhâtu 1, manutâm 1---strnîtâm 16, dideshtu 1, pipartu 3, pibatu 7, ma- 1, hrnîtâm 1; IV. jaratâm máttu 12, mímátu 1, mumoktu 2, yayastu 1, pávatám 2, pínvatám 2, 1, yuyotu 3, çiçâtu 1, sîshaktu 6; III. prathatâm 1, bâ'dhatâm 4, açnotu 3, krnotu 11, cinotu 1, minotu 1, bhayatâm 1, yajatâm 1, crnótu 24, sanotu 1, sunotu 1—grnátu rocatám 1, vanatám 1, var-2, grhnátu 1, punátu 1—anaktu 6, tatám 4, várdhatám 4, sacprnáktu 2, vrnaktu 4; IV. ajatu 2, ar- atâm 1—prnatâm 1, vicatu 1, ávatu 15, invatu 4, ejatu 1, kran- çatâm 1—rdhyatâm 1, datu 1, jayatu 1, jinvatu 4, tapatu 3, jayatam 3, tra yatam 3; dhavatu 4, nayatu 5, bódhatu 1, bhavatu V. gachatam 3.

hárshasva 2—krshasva

3. Sing. I. astam 1,

PRESENT IMPERATIVE—continued.

33, bhúshatu 1, mándatu 2, yajatu 3, rakshatu 2, rohatu 2, várdhatu 2, vahatu 2, cikshatu 1, cocatu 1, sadatu 1, sarpatu 1, sî'datu 2, sedhatu 1, hinvatu 1 -trmpatu 1, pincatu 1, mrlatu 1, siñcatu 2, suvatu 2-asyatu 1, nacyatu 1, cushyatu 1, sîvyatu 1, syatu 2; V. ichatu 1, uchatu 3, rchatu 2, gachatu 4, yachatu 13. bravîtu 4.

(Suffix tât) V. gachatât 5.

- 2. Du. I. krtám 16, gatam 64, gantam 14, pâtám (1 pâ) 13, (3 pâ) 10, yâtám II. mímâthâm 2, rarâthâm 103, vittam 1, vîtám 8, çaktam 4, stam 1, 1; IV. códethám 1, jarestutam 1, hatám 14; II. jajastám 2, ji- thám 1, badhethám 1, yajegåtam 1, jujoshatam 1, tishthatam 1, dat- tham 1, vardhetham 1, vatám 4, dhattám 30, piprtám (1 par) 3, hethâm 1, smarethâm 1-(2 par) 1, píbatam 38, mimîtám 2, mu- ukshéthám 1, jushéthám 17, muktam 2, mumócatam 1, yuyotam 2, nudétham 1, prnetham 1, yuyutám 3, cicítám (1ca) 2, (2 ca) 1, vrshetham 2-travetham sisrtam 1; III. acnutam 2, krnutám 6, 1, manyetham 2. trpnutám 1, crnutám 20, hinotam 1açnîtám 1, prnîtám 1, crnîtám 1, strnî-tám 1—prnktám 5; IV. ajatam 1, ávatam 21, invatam 2, oshatam 1, karatam 1, jáyatam 2, jaratam 1, jinvatam 6, takshatam 1, tápatam 1, tú'rvatam 1, díyatam 1, dhávatam 2, nayatam 1, patatam 1, pinvatam 9, bódhatam 8, bhajatam 1, bháratam 1, bhávatam 10, bhúshatam 2, yátatam 1, rákshatam 2, vánatam 3, vardhatam 1, váhatam 12, venatam 1, çıkshatam 6, sadatam 4, sıdatam 4, sedhatam 3-ukshatam 6, ubjátam 2, tiratam 2, trmpatam 2, muñcátam 3, mrlatam 1, vrhatam 1, siñcatam 2, srjátam 3----asyatam 1, vidhyatam 2, syatam 2, háryatam 2; V. gáchatam 17, yachatam 17.
- 3. Du. I. itâm 2, dugdhâm 1, pâtâ'm 1, sastá'm 1; II. dattám 1, dhattá'm 2, sacetám 1 — jushétám 1, pipṛtâ'm 1, bibhṛtâ'm 1, mimîtâm 1, ci- trâyetâm 1. çîtâm 3; III. grnîtâm 1; IV. ávatâm 2, invatám 1, karatám 2, cetatám 1, drávatām 1, bhavatām 3, madatām 1, rakshatâm 2, váhatâm 4, sadatâm 3, sí datâm 2—trmpatâm 1—vidhyatâm 1, syatâm 1; V. gachatâm 3, yachatâm 1.

(Suffix &m) duha'm 2.

2. Du. I. îrâthâm 1;

3. Du. IV. crayetam 1,

PRESENT IMPERATIVE—continued.

2. Pl. I. attá 1, itá 16, éta 1, kárta 9, krta 1, gata 12, gánta s (gantá 1), pâtá dhvam 1, krdhvam 1, trâ'-(1 pd) 3, (3 pd) 2, brûta 1, yûtá 17, varta dhvam 3; II. tishthadhvam (vart) 1, casta 2, stota 2, hatá 3; II. íyar- 1, pibadhvam 1, raridhvam ta 1, jigata 2, juhuta 2, juhóta 11, tísh- 1, vavrdhvam 1; III. krnuthata 4, datta 2, dádata 1, dádhata 13, dhvám 25, tanudhvam 2, sudidishta 3, dhattá 11, piprkta 1, piprtá nudhvam 1-- vrnídhvám 2, pîbata 9, mumocata 1, yuyota 9, çiçî- 1-indhvam 1, yungta 4, sishakta 1; III. arnuta 1, krnutá 2, dhvám 3; IV. ajadhvam krnóta 5, trpnuta 1, dhánuta 1, crnutá 1, kshámadhvam 2, naya-4. crnota 1, sunutá 3, sunota 5, hinota dhvam 2, namadhvam 2, 10—grnîta 1, grbhnîta 5, jânîta 1, pu- pavadhvam náta 1, punítá 1, prnítá 1—unátha 1, dhvam 1, bádhadhvam 1, vunakta 2. vrńkta 1: IV. árcata 24, ar- bharadhvam 12, shata 1, avata 10, ga'hata 1, carata 1, dhvam 1, yajadhvam 6, codata 2, jáyata 2, jinvata 1, takshata 7, rabhadhvam 2, tapata 1, tarata 2, dakshata 2, dr'nhata 1, dhvam 1, vadadhvam 1, dhavata (1 dhav) 3, (2 dhav) 3, náyata vartadhvam 1. 6, nindata 1, pacata 2, pinvata 1, bhá-dhvam 2, sahadhvam 1, rata 17, bhávata 7, bhúshata 3, madata svajadhvam 1 --- jushá-2, mánthata 1, mrñjata 2, yácata 1, rák-dhvam 6, tiradhvam 1, shata 2, rohata 1, vadata 3, vanata 1, prnádhvam 4, mucadhvam vapata 1, vardhata 1, vahata 3, çansata 1, sincádhvam 5, cumbhata 1, sacata 1, sadata 3, sar- dhvam 1 — asyadhvam pata 1, saccata 3, sî'data 10, sédhata 3, 1, trâ'yadhvam 1, dayastobhata 1, sredhata 1 — ukshata 1, dhvam 1, budhyadhvam rnjáta 1, khudáta 1, tirata 1, nudata 1, 1, sívyadhvam 1, syapinçata 1, preháta 2, prinata 2, muñcata dhvam 1; V. gachadhvam 4, mrláta 10, vrhata 1, cundhata 1, siñ- 1, yachadhvam 1. cata 9, sriáta 4, sprcáta 1---ishyata 1, gáyata 28, jasyata 1, pácyata 6, push- jadhva 1. yata 1, vayata 1, vidhyata 1, haryata 2; V. ichata 2, uchata 1, gachata 1, yáchata 14.

(Suffix tana) I. attana 1, itana 4, étana 3, kártana 6, gantana 9, citana 1, yantana s, yátána s, cástána 1, sotana 1, hantana 2; II. jigatana 1, jujushtana 2, juhotana 6, dadatana 1, dadhatana 1. didishtana 2, dhattana 5, dhetana 2, pipartana 9, bibhîtana 1, mamáttana 1, yuyótana 3, vivaktana 1; III. krnótana 5, crnotana 2, sunótana 3, hinotana? –punîtána 4, prnîtana 1, crînîtana 1 -anaktana 1, pinashtana 1; IV. bhajatana 1—nahyatana 1; V. bravítana 3.

I. adantu 2, ghnantu 1, ciyántu 1, drantu 1, pantu 4, bruvantu 4, yan- IV. jayantam 1, naman-

2. Pl. I. adhvam 1. îr-(Suffix dhva) IV. yá-

3. Pl. II. tishthantâm 1;

PRESENT IMPERATIVE—concluded.

tu 30, yantu 1, vyantu 7, santu 59; II. tam 5, pavantam 3, pintishthantu 2, dadhantu 1, pibantu 4; III. vantam? yajantam 1, yaaçnuvantu 2, krnvántu 3, vanvántu 2, tantâm 1, layantâm 1, varçrnvantu 12, sanvantu 1, hinvantu 4 tantâm 2, vardhantâm 2, -punántu 3, crnantu 1---añjantu cráyantâm 6, sacantâm 6, 2; IV. árcantu 2, árshantu 2, ávantu 30, sadhantam 1, syándantam ksharantu 1, gámantu 6, carantu 3, ja- 1---jushántâm 3, riçanyantu 2, jîvantu 2, takshantu 1, dahantu tâm 1 --- trâ'yantâm 2. 1, drávantu 2, dhanvantu 4, dhúrvantu pyáyantam 1. 1, nayantu 3, pacantu 1, patantu 1, bódhantu 1, bhávantu 29, madantu 3, mán- 3; II. jihatám 2, dadhatám dantu s, yajantu ı, rakshantu ı, radan- ı; III. janatam ı—indhatu 1, rohantu 3, vadantu 1, vapantu 1, tam 1. vardhantu 1, váhantu 38, váñchantu 1, croshantu 1, sadantu 6, sidantu 9, sedhantu 1, stobhantu 1, sravantu 1, svadantu 1, svarantu 1——ubjantu 1, rdantu 1, krshantu 1, tirantu 3, bhurantu 1, muñcántu 2, mṛlantu 2, viçantu 6, siñcantu 1, suvantu 1, srjantu 3-pushyantu 1, múhyantu 1, médyantu 1; V. uchantu 2, rchantu 1, gachantu 2, yáchantu 8, yuchantu 1.

(Suffix atu) II. dadhatu 1.

E. IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. I. ákaram 7, ágamam 4, apâm 13, ábravam 4, avedam 1, ahanam 1; III. ávrni 1; IV. avije 1, d'yam 1, dsam 1, karam 4; II. adadám 1, áhuve 1. 1, adadham 1, ciketam 1; III. açrnavam 1, krnavam 1—ajánám 1, ácnám 1; IV. acaram 1, ataksham 3, ataram 1, adiyam 1, anamam 1, anayam 1, apinvam 1, abharam 1, abhavam 1, abhedam 1, arodham 1, aroham 1, asîdam 1, á'vam 2, yamam 1—áprcham 1, áru-–ápaçyam 19, avyayam 1.
- 2. Sing. I. ápás 3, áyás 1, ves (3 ví) 1; II. átishthas 2, ádadás 1, ádadhás 3, áyukthás 1; II. adhatthás apibas 13, ciçás 1; III. ákrnos 13, áva- 1, amimíthás 1; III. adhanos 3, ávrnos 6, ácrnos 4, ásaghnos 1, nuthas 1; IV. ápavathas 1, ásanos 1, ainos 1, aúrnos 2 — ákshinás 1, ámandathás 1, árocathás 1 agrbhnás 1, aprnás 2, áminás 1, amush- — amuñcathás 1—áiánds 1, aramnds 1, arinds 5, astabhnds 6, yathds 4, aharyathds 1, jd'ubhná's 1, rinás 1, crathnás 1; IV. ákran-yathás 2. das 1, aksharas 1, ácaras 1, ájanas 1, ájayas 6, átaras 3, ádahas 4, adhamas 4, ánayas 2, ápinvas 2, ábhajas 2, ábharas 1, ábhavas 30, ámadas 2, áyajas 4, áranhas 1,

(Šuffix atâm) I. iratâm

1. Sing. I. akri 2. ayuji

2. Sing. I. ákrthás 1.

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE—continued.

áradas 3, avadas 1, ávapas 1, avahas 4, ácikshas 2, ásadas 6, asídas 1, asedhas 1, usravas 1, ajas 3, a'pas 1, a'vas 22, aubjas 2, káras 1, bháras 2---ákrtas 1, átiras 8, anudas 1, aprnas 1, amuñcas 3, amrnas 1, arujas 5, avindas 5, avrhas 1, ásrjas 14, ásphuras 1, vindas 1, vrçcas 1, srjas 4—apaçyas 1, áyudhyas 1; V. agachas 3, aíchas 1, aúchas 3—deis 1, codis 1.

(Without suffix) I. akar 4. ágan 2. ághas 1, adyaut 1, ayás 2, ávát 1, áhan 18, kar 5, han 4; II. ajagan 2, vives 2; III. ábhinat 5, arinak 1, avrnak 2, unap 1, pinak 1, bhinát 1.

3. Sing. I. ápát 5, áyát 1, astaut 4, aít 6; II. acikitat 1, aciket 1, ájahát 4, ta 3, atakta 1, áyukta 10, ajigát 1, átishthat 13, ádadát 3, ádadhát ásúta 5, askrta 1, á'yukta 7, apibat 10, abibhet 1, acicat 1, dadat 2, 1, aitta 1, garta 1, krta 1, pibat 1, vivyácat 1; III. akrnot 19, ata- gdha 1, mrshta 1, súta 1; II. not 2, ádhúnot 1, avrnot 7, asanot 2, ai- ájihíta 2, adatta 4, adhatta not 1, aurnot 2-agrbhnát 1, aprnát 4, 5, ápiprata 1, amimita 10; aprînât 1, abadhnât 1, âmathnât 1, am- III. akrnuta 1, adhûnuta 1, indt 3, amushnat 2, áramnat 3, árinat 4, ámanuta 1, krnuta 3açrındt 1, ástabhnát 8, ástrinát 2, aubh- ávriníta 13, açrîníta 1; IV. nat 1, janat 1; IV. akrandat 1, akramat akrnvata 1, atakshata 1, 2, áksharat 6, agamat 1, ágahat 1, áca- apinvata 2, abádhata 2, rat 7, acetat 1, ájanat 3, ájayat 6, ajinvat ámanhata 1, ámata 1, 2, átakshat 2, atapat 2, atarat 3, ádahat ámanthata 1, ámandata 2, 2, adácat 1, ádravat 2, adhamat 4, ana-áraihata 1, arakshata 1, mat 2, ánayat 7, apacat 1, ápinvat 3, árocata 5, ávartata 6, avarabhajat 4, abharat 19, ábhavat 55, ábhú-dhata 2, ácapata 1, d'jata 3, shat 1, ámadat 2, ámandat 2, amanthat dyata 2, auhata 1, caksha-1, árakshat 1, arapat 2, arohat 2, ávapat ta 2, janata 1, nakshata 2, 3, ávacat 1, ávasat 1, ávahat 3, ávenat 2, ninsata 1, bádhata 1, rejata acayat 7, ácocat 1, asajat 1, asadat 14, 3—ajushata 2, amuñcata ásîdat 4, asedhat 1, â'rjat 9, ârcat 2, â'vat 1, asrjata 1, drihata 1-19, auhat 1, krandat 2, takshat 8, tsárat 2, ájáyata 23, apatyata 2, drihat 1, nakshat 1, nayat 1, bhárat 3, amanyata 1, avyata 8, járébhat 1, váhat 1----ákrntat 2, akhidat yata 1, vyata 4. 1. ágrdhat 1. ájushat 1. átirat 8. ápincat 1, aprnat 4, amucat 1, ámuñcat 3, umrnat 1, arujat 1, ávidhat 10, ávindat 18, ávicat 4, avishat 1, avrdhat 1, ávrccat 3, asiñcat 1, asuvat 1, ásrjat 20, asprçat 1, asphurat 2, aúkshat 1, aubjat 1, trnhát 1, tudát 2, ruját 2, vindat 1, vrccát 4, siñcat 2, sriát 3-agayat 1, adhayat 4, ápacyat 11, ayudhyat 1, ávidhyat 4,

3. Sing. I. akrta6, acash-

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE—continued.

avyayat 1, avyat 1, asyat 1, áharyat 1, áhvayat 2, ásyat 4, cyat (2 cá) 2; V. ágachat 3, áyachat 4, aúchat 1-adhvanít 1, ábravît 14, avamît 1, ávarshît 1, ástam-

bhît 2, d'nît 2, d'sît 46, stámbhît 1.

(Without suffix) I. ákar s, ágan 11, aghas 1, adhok 1, ávart 2, áhan 26, ahár 1, as s, kar 10, han 1; II. ajagan 5, abibhar 1, ávivyak 2, vivés 1; III. aprnak 1, ábhinat 11, ayunak 3, ávrnak 4, aúnat 1, bhinát 3, rinák 1, vrnák 3.

(Suffix s) I. ápás 1; II. adadhás 1.

- 2. Du. I. áyátam 7, ahatam 3, á'stam 1, aitam 1; II. adattam 6, adhattam 11, 1-anudetham 1, avinamumuktam 3, mumuktam 2; III. akr- dethâm 1. nutam 4, adhūnutam 1----ámushnītam i, arinîtam ı, avrnîtam ı—atrntam ı; IV. ájinvatam 3, ápinvatam 5, áprathatam 3, abhavatam 1, ámanthatam 2, aradatam 1, ácikshatam 2, ásaccatam 1, ásídatam 1, á'jatam 1, á'vatam 22, airatam 1 — atiratam 3, amuñcatam 6, ámrnatam 1, asiñcatam 2; V. ayachatam?
- 3. Du. I. åståm 4; II. áviviktåm 1; IV. avardhatám 1, ávatám 1——ámuñ- aprathetám 2, ábhyasetám catâm 1----ápaçyatâm 1.
- 1. Pl. I. ákarma s, áganma 17, atakshma 1, ápáma 1, áhema 3; IV. ataksháma 1—ápaçyáma 1; V. aícháma 2.
- 2. Pl. I. ákarta 3, áchánta 1, atashta 1, aita 2; II. ájaganta 1, átishthata 1, ámugdhvam 1, ádadáta 1, ádadháta 1, ádhatta 1; III. dhvam 6, árádhvam 3; akrnuta 1, akrnota 1--- árinîta 3--- III. ákrnudhvam 1; IV. apinçata 3; IV. átakshata 3, ánayata 1, ajushadhvam 1, ápinvata 1, ábhavata 2, ásarpata 1, á'vata 3----aprchata 2, ámuñcata 1, asrjata 1; V. ágachata 2---abravîta 1.

(Suffix tana) I. áyátana 3, ásastana 1, altana 3; II. ájagantana 1, ájahátana 1, ádattana 1; III. akrnotana 3; V. ábravítana 3.

3. Pl. I. akran 13, ákshan 2, agan 1, ágman 24, abruvan 3, avyan 1, asan mata 9, acakshata 1, ajan-(2 as) 1, d'yan 32, d'san 21, gman 2; II. ata 1, atakshata 1, açdsata

2. Du. IV. ábádhethám

- 3. Du. IV. akrpetâm 1, 1, árejetám 3, aikshetám 1 -áhvayetam 2.
- 1. Pl. I. aganmahi 1, ámanmahi 9, ayujmahi 1, ahamahi 2; III. avrnîmahi 1.
- 2. Pl. I. ácidhvam 4,

3. Pl. I. ákrata 17, ág-

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE-concluded.

atishthan 1, abibhran 1; III. ákrnvan 1, ásata 1, aírata 2, kránta 1, 13, avanvan 1, açaknuvun 1, ásanvan 1, janata 2, takshata 1, mṛñrnvan 2, minvan 1---agrbhnan 1, ajd- jata 2, yajata 1, yujata 1; nan 4, apunan 1, abadhnan 1, acrathnan II. ajihata 1, ájuhvata 1, 1, ástrnan 2-átrndan 1, ábhindan 1, atishthanta 1, adadanta 1, avrnjan 1, dnjan 2; IV. áksharan 15, agu- ábíbhayanta 1; III. ákrnhan 1, ajanan 2, átakshan 3, átaran 2, vata 10, átanvata 1, amanatrasan 2, ádáçan 1, adravan 1, adhra- vata 1, avrnvata 1---agjan 1, anakshan 1, anayan 5, anavan 1, rbhnata 4, aminanta 1ápinvan 1, ábharan 2, ábhavan 4, ábha- añjata 1, ayuñjata 1; IV. shan 2, ámadan 8, ámandan 4, árak- ákhananta 1, ajananta 2, shan 5, ávadan 3, ávardhan 10, ávahan adhavanta 1, ánayanta 5, 3, ácansan 1, ásadan 4, ásredhan 1, ás- ánavanta 1, apacanta 2, varan 16, d'jan 2, d'rean 3, d'van 4, ajan aprathanta 1, ábhajanta 2, 1, jinvan 1, tákshan 7, bharan 1, bhú- abhayanta 1, ábharanta 1, shan 1, sadan 2, sidan 1, sran 1----ápin- áyajanta 11, aramanta 1, can 2, avindan 14, avrjan 1, asican 1, asiñcan 1, asrjan 1, ukshan 1, aúkshan 2, rujan 1 — ajūryan 1, adhayan? ápacyan 4.

Suffix an) árcan 2, várdhan 2.

(Suffix us) I. apus 1, asus 1, duhus nanta 2, prathanta 1, na-1. cakshus 1; II. ajahus 1, ájuhavus 2, adadus 4, adadhus 17, amamadus 1, avivyacus 1, jahus 2, dadus 1, vivyacus akrpanta 1, ajushanta 1, 1; IV. akramus s—atvishus 1.

árejanta 1, avadanta 1, ávartanta 1, ávardhanta 2, ávradanta 1, asacanta 1, ásapanta 1, ásahanta 1, ishanta 1, aishanta 1, javanta 5, bhananta 1, mananta 1, vapanta 1atiranta 2, atvishanta 1, avindanta 1, aviçanta 2, asrjanta 2, ahuvanta 1, krpanta 1, grnanta 1, jushanta 3—-ájdyantas, ápacyanta 2, amanyanta 1, ávyata 1, ahvayanta 1, jayanta 1; V. ágachanta 1.

(Suffix ran) I. áceran 1.

PERFECT SYSTEM.

A. PERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. dsa 3, cakara 1, ciketa 3, jagama ž, jagrábha 2, jihîla 1, tatápa 1, îshé 3, úhé 1, cake 5, cakre dudróha 2, papana 1, babhava 1, bi- 1, jigye 1, tatane 1, tasthe 1, bháya 1, mimaya 1, rarana 1, rirébha 1, titvishe 1, dade 13, mame 1, viveça 1, véda 5, ciçraya 1, cucráva 2. mamahe 1, raré 4, cepé 1,
- 2. Sing. iyetha 1, (iyatha 1,) cakártha 24, jagántha 4, jaghántha 15, jabhar- (vac) 1, úpishe 1, úhishe tha 1, jigetha 3, tatántha 10, dadatha 1, (vah) 1, cakṛshé 10, cicyudadhá'tha 2, dadhártha 2, ninétha 2, shé 1, jajñishé 8, jabhrishe papatha 1, papra'tha 6, babha'tha 21, 2, tatnishe 2, dadrkshe 2,
- 1. Sing. *ijé* 1, *idhe* 1, sacce 1.
 - 2. Sing. dcishé (uc) 1,

PERFECT INDICATIVE-continued.

yayantha 1, yaya'tha 4, vavantha 2, dadhishe 29, dhishe 3, paprvavártha 2, vivyáktha 1, véttha 4, sa- she 1, rarishe 1, ririkshé 1, sáttha 2.

(With conn. vowel i) d'ritha 1, d'v- vitse 2, sasdhishe 1. itha 18, d'sitha 2, uvócitha 1, cakartith a 1, tatarditha 1, dudohitha 1, babhu'vitha 2, rurojitha 2, rurodhitha 1, vavákshitha 10. vivéditha 1. vivécitha 2.

vavakshé s, vavrshé 1, vi-

3. Sing. ana 1, ananca 3, anaca 1, d'pa 11, âra 1, âva 2, âça (1 aç) 1, (2 aç) 6, ânrec 1, ânrdhe 1, âse 1, 2, d'sa (1 as) 17, (2 as)1, d'ha 19, iydya îjé 2, îdhé 8, îlé 1, îshé 2, 5. uvá'ca 5. uvá'sa 3. uváha 1. uvóca 3. úce 1. úpe 1. úhe 3. caké 4. cakarta 2, cakára 46, cakráma 1, ca- cakradé 1, cakramé 11, khá'da 1, cacáksha 1, cachanda 1, cas- cakré 29, cakshadé 1, cikité kanda 1, cáskámbha 1, ciká ya 2, cikéta 7, cucyuve 1, jagmé 1, jajñé 20, (ciketa 2,) jaga'ma 23, jaga'ra (2 gar) 18, jabhre 1, jigye 2, jihile 1, 5, jagra'ha 1, jagha'na 28, jagha'sa 2, jujushé 3, juhvé 2, tatakshé jaja'na 21, jabha'ra 15, jaha'? 1, jiga'ya 1, tate 1, tatne 1, tatre 2, s, jujósha4, juhá'va2, tatáksha6, tatarda tasthe 4, titvishé 3, tistiré 2. tatá na 17, tatá pa 1, tatára 1, tatsára 1, dadé 18, dádrce 20, da-1, tastámbha 6, tátána 1, tityá ja 1, tutáva dhanvé 4, dadhé 29, dadhré 1, tutóda 2, dadárca 9, dadá'bha 1, 2, dadhvase 1, duduhé s, dadá'ra 1, dadá'ca 9, dadhársha 3, da-nanakshé 3, nunudé 4, dhá'ra 18, nanáca 2, nánáma 3, niná'ya neme 4, paprkshé 1, pape 1, 4, papáda 2, paprá' 1, pipéca 1, pipesha 2, páprathe 13, (paprathé 2,) pípdya 10, pupósha s, babhá'ja 2, babhá'- papré? paspacé 2, pipicé va 25, bibhaya 3, bibhéda 6, mamanda 4, pipishe 1, pipile 1, pipye 1, mamársha 1, mamá'da 4, mamá'ra 1, 3, pece 1, babadhé 4, babhre mimdya 5, mimetha 1, mimyaksha 3, 1, bhejé 1, mamé 12, mamahe mumóda 1, yayama 1, yuyódha 1, yuyó- 5, mamrjé 4, mimikshe 2, pa 1, raráksha 2, raráda 1, rarádha 1, yuyujé 6, yuyuvé 2, yejé 3, rireca 1, ruroca 1, rurója 4, vavaksha 3, yeme 3, rarapcé 2, rárabhe vavanda 2, vávárta 4, vavárdha 3, 1, riricé 11, rurucé 3, vavakvavarha 1, vaváca 1, vavára 1, vavrája shé s, vavande 1, vavné 3, 1, vává'na 2, vivá'ya 5, vivéda 9, vivéça vavré 6, vávace 1, vávase 23, vivésha 5, vivyáca 3, véda 59, cicráya 1, vávrje 1, vávrté 7, vávr-1, cucoca 4, cucráva 2, sasarja 2, sasá da dhé 35, vidé 20, vividé 8, 11, sasd'na 6, sasd'ra 2, sasúva 3, sásd'ha vivyé 3, cacrathe 1, cicriye 2, sishedha 1, sisâya 1, sushâ'va 4.

(Ending au) tasthaú 30, dadaú 1, sasrje 4, sasré 3, sasvaje 2, dadhau 2, papaú 1, papraú 8, yayaú 3.

- árathus 1, áváthus 1, ásathus 1, îyathus 1, îsháthus 1, ûpáthus 4, ûhú kramáthe 1, cakrá the 1, thus 21, cakráthus 18, cakhyathus 1, cikéthe 1, dadd'the 1, dajagrbháthus 1, jagmáthus 2, jigyathus 1, dhá'the 3, mamná'the 1, jijinváthus 1, takshathus 1, tastháthus raráthe 1, riricá'the 1, sa-2, dadáthus 12, dadhathus 1, ninyathus sráthe 1. 2, papáthus 1, paprathus 1, pipinváthus 1, pipyathus 3, petathus 2, babhaváthus
- 3. Sing. anajé 5, anacé 2, gugruve 1, gaguve 1, sásahé sásáhe 2, sisice 1.
 - 2. Du. acathe 5, ca-

PERFECT INDICATIVE—continued.

- 2, mimiksháthus 1, yayathus 1, yemáthus 3, riricáthus 1, vidáthus 1, vividáthus 1, vivyáthus 1, sedáthus 2, skambháthus 1.
- apatus 1, avatus 1, acatus 1, âsatus 1, îyatus 4, ûhâtus 1, cakratus 1, te 4, dadhâ'te 2, pasprdhcikyatus 1, jagmatus 1, jajñátus 3, jaha- áte 1, bhejá'te 1, mamá'te 1, tus 1, tatakshátus 1, tasthátus 7, dadatus mamná'te 1, yuyudhá'te 1, 1, paprátus 1, petátus 1, babhúvátus 2, yemá'te 1, vávrdhá'te 3, mamatus 1, mimikshátus 1, yematus 2, sasvajáte 1. yamátus 1, vavakshátus 1, vávrdhatus 1, sishicatus 1, sísratus 1, sedátus 2.
- 1. Pl. ánacma 1, cakrmá 29, jaganma 1, jagrbhmá 2, yuyujma 1, rarabh- mumucmáhe 1, vavrmáhe má 1, vavanmá 1, vidmá 33, vivishma? 5, açadmahe 1, sasrjmáhe sushuma 4.

(With conn. vowel i) arimá i, acimá adima 1, tasthimá 2, dadácimá 1, dadhimá 1, nindima 1, paptima 1, yuyopimá 1, yemimá 1, rarimá 6, vavandima 1, saccima 2, sushadima 1, sedima 3.

- anaja 1, anáha 1, ánacá 4, úshá 1, cakrá 6, dadá 1 (imper. sense 2), babhavá 1, yayá 18, vidá 5, cacásá 1, ceka 1, sedá 2.
- 3. Pl. anaçús 21, anrcús 4, apús 6, ârús 2, âçus 1, âsús 5, âhús 51, îyús 16, 2, cikitré 5, jagrbhré 5, îshus 1, ûcûs 2, ûvus 1, ûshus 3, ûhûs 1, juhuré 2, juhûré 2, tatasré cakramús 2, cakrús 23, cikitus 2, cikyús 4, dádrere 5, dadhre 2, 4, jagrbhús 1, jagmús 15, (jajanús 1,) duduhré 7, nunudré 3, jajnús 4, jabhrus 3, jahús 2, jágrdhús 1, pasprdhré 1, pipicre 1, jigyus 6, jugupus 1, jujushús 4, jújuvus mumucré 1, yuyujré 6, ri-1, tatakshús 10, takshus 1, tastabhús 2, tasthús 36, tátrshús 1, titirus 2, tustuvús 3, dadácús 2, dadús 8, dadhús 33, dabhús 2, duduhus 1, debhus 2, nanakshús 1, cácadré 1. ninidús 1, papus 1, paptús 2, paprus 2, pipiçus 1, pipyus 1, babhuvus 3, bibhidus arhire 1, îjiré 1, îdhiré 7, 3, bibhyus 1, mamus 1, mamrus 1, mamrjus 2, mamrçus 1, mimikshus 7, uhiré 3, cakriré 15, jagmire mimyús 1, yamus 1, yayus 17, yuyudhus 2, jajňiré 8, jabhriré 3, 3, yemús 4, ráradhus 1, riripus 1, ruruc- jihîliré 1, tatakshiré 1, tatnús 5, ruruhus 4, vavakshús 2, vavrjus 1, ire 1, tasthire 2, dadhanviré vavrus 1, vavaçús 2, vavrtus 3, vavrdhús 9, dadhiré 62, dadhrire 1, 24, vidús 29, vividus 3, viviçus 3, (viveçus dhire 3, papire 1, bhejiré 1, 1,) vivishus 1, çaçdsus 2, çaçramus 1, mamire 9, mimikshire 2, cácadús 1, cácuvus 1, cekús 3, saccus 1, yetiré 5, yemire 19, rebhiré sasrús 8, sisicus 1, sushupus 1, sedús 12, 1, lebhire 1, vavakshire 1, sepus 1, skambhus 1.

- 3. Du. â' câte 1, cakrâ-
- 1. Pl. bubhuimáhe 1.
 - dadhidhvé 2. 2. Pl.

3. Pl. anajre 1, caklpré ricré 1, rurudhre 1, vávakre 1, vavaçre 1, vivijre 1, vividré 2, vivipre 1, viviçre 1,

(With conn. vowel i) îriré (eriré?) 14, î'çire 3, vavandiré 1, vavaçire 1, vidre 1, sacciré 6, sedire 6.

PERFECT INDICATIVE-concluded...

(Suffix rire) cikitrire 3, jagrbhriré 1, dadrire 1, bubhujriré 2, vividrire 1, sasrjrire 1.

B. PERFECT SUBJUNCTIVE.

1st form.

3. Sing. dadhárshati 5, vavártati 4, 3. Sing. vávrdhate 1. vavrdhati 1.

2d form.

- 2. Sing. tatanas 2, papráthas 1, mamádas 2, mamáhas 1, sasáhas 1.
- 3. Sing. jaghánat 1, jabhárat 2, jujuvat 1, tatánat 1, tushtávat 1, dadharshat 1, négat 3, papráthat 6, pa-spárshat 1, mamandat 1, mumurat 1, mumocat 1, cucravat 1, cucuvat 3, sásáhat 3.
 - 1. Pl. tatánáma 2, cúcáváma 1.
- 3. Pl. tatánan 4, papráthan 2, 3. Pl. tatánanta 1. mamádan 1. dadabhanta 1, paprachanta? mamahanta 1, rurucanta 1, vavaçanta 1, vávrdhánta 4, vivyac-

3d form.

anta 1.

- 2. Sing. cakradas 2.
- cakradat 3, dadhot 2, sishet 1 — dadharshît 2. (Without suffix) sasvár 1.

C. PERFECT OPTATIVE.

- 1. Sing. ánacyám 1, riricyám 1.
- 2. Sing. pupushyds 1, rurucyds 1, 2. Sing. cakshamithds viviçyas 1, çuçruya's 1. 1, vávrdhíthá's 1.
- jakshîyd't 1, jagrbhydt 2, tutujydt 1, dudhuvîta 1, mamrjîta 1, ninîydt 2, papîydt 2, babhdyd't 2, cuçucîta 2. riricydt 1, sasrivát 1, sas riricyat 1, sasrjyat 1, sasahyat 2.

(Suffix s) babhayas 1.

- 2. Du. cucraya'tam 2.
- 1. Pl. cacuya'ma 1, sasahya'ma 4.
- 3. Pl. tatanyus 1, mamrdyus 1, vavrjyús 1.

D. PERFECT IMPERATIVE.

2. Sing. cucugdhi.

2. Sing. dadhishvá 1, mámahasva 2, mimikshvá 1, vávrdhasva 4, vávrshasva 1.

- 3. Sing. babhatu 1.
- 2. Du. vavrktam 1.
- 2. Pl. raranáta 1.

- 2. Pl. dadhidhvam 3.
- 3. Pl. måmahantåm 19.

E. PLUPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. acacaksham 1, atustavam 1. 1. Sing. águgravi 1.
- 2. Sing. abubhojîs 1, áviveçîs 1, áviveshîs 3, ávyes 1.
- 3. Sing. acakrat 1, adadhávat 1, ácigret 1, asasvajat 1, cakradat 1, tastambhat 1, vividat 1—ajagrabhít 1, arirectt 3, ávávacít 1, ávávarít 1.
- 2. Du. ápaspṛdhe-thâm 1.

- 2. Pl. ajabhartana 1.
- 3. Pl. amamandus 1, ágigrayus 5, agugravus 1.

3. Pl. átitvishanta 1, ávávaçanta 3, vávaçanta 1.

(Suffix ran) ácakriran 1, ajagmiran 1, avavrtran 3. (Suffix ram) asasrgram

(Suffix ranta) avavṛt-ranta 1.

AORIST SYSTEMS.

A. Simple-Aorist.

I. Forms which add the endings directly to the root.

A. INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. ákhyam 3, agám 2, agrabh- 1. Sing. ajani 1, avri am 1, adhám 2, agravam 2, á'dam 1, 1, áhve 9. dám 1, vam 1.
- 2. Sing. akhyas 1, ágás 6, adás 1, 2. Sing. adhithás 3, aprás 1, ábhús 3, ácres 2, ásthás 1, ásthithás 1. bhús 3.

(Without suffix) $akran_1$, $avar_1$, $aspar_1$, $anat_3$, $avar_2$, $bhet_1$.

3. Sing. akhyat 18, ágát 39, ácet 3. Sing. akhyata 2, (1 ci) 1, (2 ci) 1, acait (2 ci) 1, ádát 12, ádishta 2, adhita 3, aprkta

SIMPLE-AORIST INDICATIVE—concluded.

ádhát 7, ábhút 25, ácret 16, acrot 2, á- 1, abhakta 2, amatta 19 sthát 43, áhvat 4, ádat 3, bhút 3, sthát 2. ayashta 1, árabdha 1, arta

(Suffix s) aprás 10. (Without suffix) akran 1, ákrán 3, 1, asthita 4, áspashta 1,

ákshár 14, achán 2, atan 1, atán 1, atsár ásrshta 1, ácíta 1, árta 2, 1, adar 1, ádyaut 15, adhák 1, áprát 1, á'shta 1. abhar 1, abhet 1, ábhrat 2, ámyak 1, ayân 4, açvait 4, astar 1, asyân 1, ásrâk 2, ásvár 1, ánat 24, áraik 5, ávar 6, bhet 2.

- 2. Du. ábhútam 1, dhátam 1, spartam 1.
- 3. Du. ánashtám 1, anítám 1, abhútâm 2.
- 1. Pl. ágâma 2, ábhûma 7, áhema 3, áhváma 1, dáma (adáma?) 1.
 - 2. Pl. ábhúta 2. (Suffix tana) abhatana 2, áhetana 1.
- 3. Pl. akhyan 2, ábhúvan 12, avran 1, acriyan 1, acvitan 1, ahyan 3. (Suffix us) águs 8, adus 1, ádhus , á'çata 24. áyamus 1, asthus 25, dhus 10.

1, ávrkta 2, avrta 1, asakta

(Suffix i) $ahve_{-1}$.

3. Du, adhîtâm 1.

1. Pl. adhîmahi 1.

3. Pl. atnata 6, ahrshaa 1, ahvanta 3, drata 1,

(Suffix ran) akrpran 1, agrbhran 1, ajushran 1, adroran 1, apadran 1, abudhran 2, áyujran 2, avasran 1, ávicran 1, avrtran 1, ásrgran s, ásthiran s, aspṛdhran 2.

(Suffix ram) ádreram 2, ábudhram 1, ásrgram 11.

B. SUBJUNCTIVE.

1st form.

- 1. Sing. gâni 1.
- 3. Sing. sthati 1.
- darcathas 1, cravathas 1, 2. Du. 2. Du. dhethe 1, dhaisthá'thas 2. the 1.
 - 3. Du. crávatas 1.

1. Pl. dha'mahe 3.

2d form.

- 1. Sing. gam 1, stham 3.
- 2. Sing. $g\hat{a}'s$ 10, tardas 1, $d\hat{a}'s$ 36, dhá's 44, prá's 1, yodhat 1, crávat 10, sthá's 2.

SIMPLE-AORIST SUBJUNCTIVE—concluded.

- gất 18, dấ't 14, dhất 21, sát 2, sthat 5.
 - 1. Pl. gâma 1, dhâma 2.
 - 3. Pl. dárcan 1.

Pl. 3. budhánta 3. mṛshanta 1.

3d form.

1. Sing. khyam 1.

dus 4, dhús 5, sthus 5.

- 1. Sing. nanci 1. nutthá's 1, mr-
- 2. Sing. 2. Sing. khyás 5, jes 1, bhús 12, yaus 1. (Without suffix) kran 1, dhak 1, thas 1, mrshthas 1, rikthas 1. dhat 1, bhak 3, bhet 1, yat 1, var 3, vark 3, star 1, spar 1.
- 3. Sing. khyat 3, bhû't 49, cret 1. 3. Sing. arta 3, ashta (Without suffix) dhak 2, dhak 1, nak 3, vikta 1, vrta 1. 4, nat 1, bhak 1, bhar 1, var 3, vark 1, skán 1, stan 1.
- 1. Pl. chedma 1, daghma 1, bhama 7, bhema 2, hóma 2.
 - khyán 4, bhúvan 3, vrán 4. 3. Pl. bhakshata 1. 3. Pl. (Suffix us) kramus 1, gus 9, dabhús 2,

C. OPTATIVE.

- açyâ'm 12, deyâm 1, dhe-1. Sing. yâm 2, vrjyâm 1-bhûyâsam 1.
- 2. Sing. avyás 1, jñeyás 1, bhúyá's ı, mrdhyds ı, sahyds 2---dhdyis ı.
- 3. Sing. avyás 1, acyás 9, daghyás 1, brûydt 1, bhûyd's 6, yamyûs 2, vrjyds 2---- grabhîshta 1, pad-3, cráyás 1, sahyás 1.
- Pl. acyd'ma 20, bhûyd'ma 4, sahyâ'ma 1, stheyâma 3—kriyâsma 1.

1. Sing. aciya 2.

dhîmahi 23.

1. Pl.

- 3. Sing. arîta 1, vurîta îshtá 5, mucîshta 1.
- 1. Pl. açîmáhi 5, naçîmahi 3, nasîmahi 1, prcîmahi 1, mudîmahi 1, yamîmahi 1, sîmahi 1.
- 3. Pl. acyus 3, dheyus 1, sahyus 1.

D. IMPERATIVE.

- bodhi 9, yandhi 9, yódhi 1, randhi 1, vrdhi 8, crudhi 38, sprdhi 3. (Suffix hi) mahi 3, sahi 1.
- 3. Sing. dâtu 1, dhâtu 5, bhû'tu 19, crotu 2, sótu 1.
- 2. Du. khyatam 3, jitam 2, dátam 1, dhaktam 1, dhátam 2, bhútám 19, yan-
- $dhishvcute{a}$ 2. Sing. matsva 14, másva 2, yákshva 3, vánsva 6, sákshva 1.

SIMPLE-AORIST IMPERATIVE-concluded.

tám 6, riktám 1, varktam 2, vartam 2, volhám 3, crutám 21, sitam 1, sutam 1, sthátam 1, sprtam 1.

- 3. Du. volhá'm 1.
- 2. Pl. khyáta 1, gátá 4, dáta 8, dhá'ta 5, bhátá 12, yánta 5, cruta 6, cróta 4, sóta 3, stháta 3, heta 1. (Suffix tana) gátana 1, dhátana 1,
- bhùtana 2.
 - 3. Pl. dhântu 2.

II. Forms which take a as a connecting vowel.

A. INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. aram 1, ávidam 2, asanam 4, ásaram 1, bhuvam 5, vidam 1.
- 2. Sing. aruhas 1, ávidas 1, ásaras 2, d'pas 1, bhúvas 3, vidás 3.
- 3. Sing. atanat 2, aruhat 16, ávidat 3. Sing. Aratu 1. 9, ásanat 2, ásarat 9, ápat 3, árat 1, bhúvat 4, vidát 12, sánat 5, sárat 4.
 - 1. Pl. ávidáma 3, ásanáma 3.
 - 2. Pl. *ârata* 2.
- 3. Pl. áruhan 3, ávidan 3, asanan 3. Pl. aranta 3, asar-1, asaran 2, ápan 1, áran 2, vidán 1. anta?

B. SUBJUNCTIVE.

1st form.

- 1. Sing. bhuvâni 1.
- 2. Sing. vidá'si 1.
- 2. Du. vidáthas 1.
- 2. Pl. rishátha 1, vidátha 1——risháthana 2.

2d. form.

- 2. Sing. vidá's 9.
- 3. Sing. vidâ't 2.
- 1. Du. *ruhd'va* 1.
- 1. Pl. arâma 2, radhâma 1, rish- 1. Pl. çishâmahi 1. âma 17.

3d form.

1. Sing. aram 1, dárçam 2, radham 1, risham 1, ruhám 1, vidam 3, sanam 1.

SIMPLE-AORIST II. SUBJUNCTIVE—concluded.

- kradas 2, bhúvas 24, vidas 2. Sing. 6, cishas 1.
- tanat 1, bhuját 1, bhúvat 49, 3. Sing. bhraçat 1, rishat 5, rúhat 3, vidát 21, crúvat 1, sághat 1, sánat 1, spárat 1.
- 3. Pl. áranta 1, vid-3. Pl. aran 2, garan 1, drçan 2, bhúvan 7, rishan 1, vidan 1. ánta 1.

C. OPTATIVE.

- 1. Sing. drçeyam 2, saneyam 1.
- 3. Sing. videt 1, sanet 1.
- 1. Pl. acema 3, pushema 1, bhujema 5, ruhema 5, çakéma 4, sanéma 7, (sánema 2,) srasema 1.

D. IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Sing. sára 1.
- 2. Du. aratam 1, ruhátam 1, vidatam 1.
 - 3. Du. aratâm 1.
 - 3. Pl. cruvantu 2.

B. S-Aorist.

I. Forms which add s to the root.

A. INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. ajaisham 1, abharsham 1, áyánsam 2, ayásam 1, avrksham 1, anáshi 1, ábhakshi áspársham 1, ahársham 3.
 - 3. Sing. ajais 2 (without suffix).
 - 3. Du. asvarshtam 1.

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- 1. Pl. ájaishma 1, abhaishma
- áyukshátám 2. 1. Pl. agasmahi 2, abhutsmahi 2, ávikshmahi 1.

ábhutsi 1, avitsi 2, asákshi 1, asrkshi 2, astoshi 4,

adikshi

ayansta 5,

 $an \hat{u} sh \hat{a} t \hat{a} m$

1. Sing.

mańsi 1, sákshi 1. 3. Sing.

3. Du.

áransta 1, astoshta 1.

- 2. Pl. ástodhvam 1.
- 3. Pl. ádrkshata 5. ádhukshata 2, ádhúrshata 1, adhúshata 1, ánúshata
- 3. Pl. áchántsus 1, ábhaishus amatsus 1, ayâsus 2. (Suffix an) aveshan 2.

S-Aorist I. Indicative—concluded.

41, aneshata 1, amansata 1, amatsata 2, ayansata 7, ayukshata s, árásata 1, alipsata 3, ávikshata 3, avrtsata 2, asakshata 1, ásrkshata 21, ástoshata 1, ahasata 3, ahashata 4, aheshata 4.

B. Subjunctive.

1st form.

- 1. Sing. stoshâni 1.
- 2. Sing. darshasi 1.
- neshati 1, parshati 1, pásati 1, matsati 1, yoshati 2, vakshati 4.
- 2. Du. dá'sathas 1, dhásathas 1, párshathas 3, varshathas 1.
- 3. Du. pásatas 1, yańsatas 2, yakshatas 1, vakshatas 6.
- 2. Pl. dhásatha 1, neshatha 2, párshatha 2, mátsatha 1.
- 3. Pl. nánsante 1, mán-

2d form.

1. Sing. ohishe 1 (hishe?), kṛshe 1, hishe 1. ("Double stems") arcase 1, rnjase 5, grnishé 11, gayishe 1, punîshê 1, yaj-

ase 1.

- 2. Sing. jéshas 1, vákshas 1.
- ksheshat 1, chantsat 2, jeshat 1, dárshat 3, dásat (dá) 1, drásat 1, nákshat 4, néshat 4, pákshat 2, parshat (1 par) 1, (2 par) 10, preshat 1, bhakshat 3, bharshat 1, matsat 3, yansat 17, yákshat 12, yásat 6, yóshat 6, rásat 3, vánsat 2, vákshat 8, véshat 1, çishat 1, sakshat 2, sátsat 1, stoshat 2.

- 1. Sing. $na\dot{n}sai$ 1, mansai 1.
- 2. Sing. drkshase 1, prkshase 1, mansase 1.
- kransate 1, 3. Sing. trásate 2, darshate 1, mánsate 5, yansate 1, yakshate 1, råsate 5, vansate 1, såkshate 1, hasate 2.

2. Du. trásáthe 1.

sante 1.

S-Aorist I. Subjunctive—concluded.

- 1. Pl. stosháma 3.
- 3. Pl. parshan 3, yansan 4, yoshan? rá'san 2, vakshan 2, céshan 1, cróshan 1.

3d form.

- 1. Sing. yesham 1, stosham 1.
- 1. Sing. gási 2, yansi 1, yakshi 4, vánsi 1, vrkshi 1.
 - 2. Sing. cyoshthás 1. 1. Pl. hásmahi 1.

- 1. Pl. jeshma 3.
- 3. Pl. dhásus 1, yaushus 1, hásus 1.
- dhúkshata 1, 3. Pl. mansata ? núshata 1, matsata 1, mukshata 1,

sakshata 1.

C. OPTATIVE.

- 1. Sing. dishiya 1, bhakshîya 3, masiya 1, mukshîya 1, râsîya 2.
 - 2. Sing. mansishthá's 1.
- 3. Sing. darshîshta 1, mańsishta 1, mrkshishta 1.
 - 2. Du. trá síthám 4.
- 1. Pl. bhakshîmahi 4, mańsîmáhi s, vańsîmáhi 1, sakshîmáhi 3.
 - 3. Pl. mansîrata 1.

D. IMPERATIVE.

- 3. Sing. rásatám 1.
- 2. Du. rásáthám 1.

2. Pl. naishta 1.

2. Du. yaushtam 2.

II. Forms which add ish to the root.

A. INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. akánisham 1, akárisham 1, akramisham 1, áçansisham 2, asânisham 2-akramîm 1 (for akrami[sha]m?), rávisham 1, vádhím 2.
- 2. Sing. akramîs 1, ávadhîs 9, avarshîs 1, ávarhîs 1, aúkshîs 1, kramîs açamishthâs 1, áçramı, vádhîs 2.
- 2. Sing. acayishthás 1, ishthás 1, jánishthás 4.

S-Aorist II. Indicative—concluded.

- ákárít 1, ákramít 12, ágrabhît 1, átárît 2, ámandît 1, ayasît 3, áyodh- ajanishta 13, adhavishta 1, ît 1, arâvît 2, ávadhît 6, áçansît 1, asâv- anavishta 1, aprathishta 1, ît 3, ásvanît 1, âvît 2, jû rvît 1, târît 1, avasishta 1, áçamishta 1, nádhít 3
 - 3. Sing. akrapishta 1, ásahishta 1, aúhishta 1, krámishta 2, jánishta 9, práthishta 2, mándishta 1, yamishta 1.
 - 3. Du. ámanthishtám 1, jánishtám 1.
- 3. Du. $\acute{a}mandish\^{a}$ $t\hat{a}m$ 1.
- agrabhíshma 3, atárima 1, 1. Pl. átárishma 3.
- 3. Pl. atakshishus 2, átárishus 1, adhanvishus 2, anartishus 2, ánindishus 1, apávishus 1, ámandishus 6, amadishus 1, arájishus 1, aránishus 1, árávishus 2, avadishus 1, asavishus 1, a'vishus 2.

B. Subjunctive.

1st form.

1. Sing. davishani 1.

1. Pl. yácishámahe 1, sanishâmahe 1.

2d form.

- 2. Sing. avishas 1, ká'nishas 1, tárishas 1, rakshishas 1, vádhishas 1, véshishas 1, cansishas 1.
- 3. Sing. ká'rishat 1, jambhishat 1, jóshishat 1, tárishat 5, pá'rishat 2, bódhishat 1, márdhishat 3, yácishat 1, yodhishat 1, rakshishat 2, sanishat 1, savishat 5.
- 3. Pl. sánishanta 3.

3d form.

- 1. Sing. çánsisham 5.
- 2. Sing. avîs 2, târîs 5, barhîs 1, 2. Sing. marshishmáthís 1, mardhís 2, moshís 2, yd'vís 2, thás 1. yodhîs 1, randhîs 3, vádhîs 8, savîs 3, spharîs 1.
- 3. Sing. açît 1, gârît 1, cârît 1, 3. Sing. panishta 1, tárit 1, dásít 1, barhít 2, máthít 2, vecít pavishta 2, bádhishta 1. 1, svánít 1, hinsít 2.

S-Aorist II. Subjunctive—concluded.

- 1. Pl. cramishma 2.
- 3. Pl. járishus 3.

C. OPTATIVE.

- 3. Sing. janishîshța 2, vanishîshța 2.
- 1. Pl. tárishímahi 1, vandishímáhi 1, sáhishímáhi 1.

D. IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Sing. aviddhi 7.
- 3. Sing. avishtu 3.
- 2. Du. avishtám s, kramishtam 1, gamishtam 2, cayishtam 1, tá'rishtam 2, mardhishtam 1, yodhishtam 1, vadhishtam 1, cnathishtam 1.
 - 3. Du. avishtám 2.
- 2. Pl. avitá (for avishtá?) 1, vadhishta 1, hinsishta 1.

(Suffix tana) avishtána 1, ránishtana 1, vadhishtana 1, çnathishtana 1.

III. Forms which add sish to the root.

A. INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. ayásisham 1.
- 2. Pl. ayásishta 1.
- 3. Pl. agásishus 1, ayásishus 1, á/kshishus 1.

B. SUBJUNCTIVE.

2d form.

3. Sing. gásishat 1, cánishthat? 1, yásishat 1.

C. OPTATIVE.

2. Sing. yásisíshthás 1.

D. IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Du. yásishtám 4.
- 2. Pl. yasishta 1.

S-AORIST-continued.

IV. Forms which add sa to the root.

A. INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. ákrukshat 1, aghukshat 1, adukshat 1, ádhukshat 3, árukshat 1.
 - 1. Pl. amrkshåma 1.
 - 3. Pl. ádhukshan 3, dhukshán 2.
- 3. Pl. amrkshanta 2.

B. Subjunctive.

- 2. Sing. dukshas 1, mrkshas 1.
- 3. Sing. dhúkshata 2.
- 3. Pl. dhukshánta 1.
- D. IMPERATIVE.
- 2. Sing. dhukshásva 3.

- 2. Du. mṛkshatam 2.
- 3. Du. yakshatâm 3.
- 2. Pl. mrkshata 1.

FUTURE SYSTEM.

S-Future.

A. INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. jeshyd'mi 1, vakshyd'mi 1, 1. Sing. manishye 1. stavishyd'mi 1.
 - 2. Sing. karishyási 1, sanishyasi 1. 2.
- 2. Sing. stavishyase 1.
- 3. Sing. karishyati 1, bhavishyáti 3. Sing. janishyate 2. 1, sanishyati 1.
 - 1. Pl. vakshyá'mas 1.
 - 2. Pl. karishyátha 1, bhavishyatha 1.
 - B. Subjunctive.

2d form.

2. Sing. karishyá's 1.

E. CONDITIONAL.

3. Sing. abharishyat 1.

DERIVATIVE VERBS.

I. Causative.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

1. Sing. irayâmi 1, codayâmi 1, 1. Sing. kâmáye 1, châdayâmi 1, janayâmi 1, sûdayâmi 1. janaye 2——çamâye 1.

Causative—continued.

- cyávayasi 2, marjayasi 1, 2. Sing. yavayasi 1, vásáyasi 1.
- 3. Sing. dmáyati 1, ingáyati 1, îrayati 1, cetayuti 1, cydváyati 2, cdtayate 1, cetayate 1, pdychadayati 1, dravayati 1, dharayati 1, ayate 1, vartayate fipâtayati 1, marcáyati 3, yâtayati 1, vasáyáte 1, çamáyate 1. rejayati 1, vartayati 1, çraváyati 1grbháyati 1, prusháyati 2, matháyáti 1, mushâyati 4, skabhâyáti 1.
- 2. Du. chadayathas 1, dhârayathas 1, párayathas 1, varshayathas 1, vás- ayethe 1, dháráyethe 1, áyathas 1---nacáyathas 1.
 - 3. Du. patayatas 1.
- (masi) gamayamasi 1, câtayamasi 1, cyavayamasi 1, nacayamasi ı, párayámasi ı, marjayámasi ı, mahayâmasi 1, yopayâmasi 1, ranayâmasi 1, vartayamasi 3, vardhayamasi 2, vatayâmasi 1, vâsayâmasi 4, vedayâmasi 3, svápayámasi 2.

(mas) cyávayámas 1, vardháyámas 1.

- 2. Pl. irayatha 1, kopáyatha 1, cyáváyatha 1, janáyatha 2, jîváyatha 1, páráyatha 1, medayatha 1, vartayatha 1, varshayatha 1.
- ingayanti 1, înkhayanti 1, 3. Pl. kamayante 2. îráyanti 2, karçáyanti 1, kalpayanti 1, citáyante 2, cydvayante 1, glápayanti 1, citayanti 1, cyávayanti s, joshayante 1, turayante 1, chadáyanti 1, janáyanti 1, dúsháyanti dhanayante 1, dhapayante 1, patáyanti s, panáyanti 4, párayanti 1, dháráyante s, pátáyante ı, marjayanti ı, mûdayanti ı, yûmayanti ı, marjayante ı, mûdáyante ı, rûmayanti ı, rejáyanti ı, resháyanti 6, ranhayante ı, vûráyante 1, roháyanti 1, vartáyanti 3, var- 3, cubháyante 1, crathdháyanti 11, vipáyanti 1, vepayanti 3, ayante 1, saráyante 1, stanáyanti s, sthápayanti 1, snápáyanti sádayante 1, súdáyante 1, 1, svadáyanti 1, harsháyanti 1, hás- — prusháyánte 1. ayanti 1.

- 2. Sing. chandayase 1, prathayase 1, mahayase 1, mådáyase 2, sthápayase 1.
- 3. Sing. kâmáyate 1.
 - 2. Du. irayethe 1, tansmådåyethe 1.
 - 3. Du. joshayete 2, dhápáyete 3, mádayete 1.
 - 1. Pl. îrayâmahe 1.

Present Subjunctive.

1st form.

- 1. Sing. randhayani 1.
- 2. Sing. codáyási 1, mrláyási 5.
- 2. Sing. kámáyáse 1, codáyáse 2, josháyáse 3, mádáyáse 3, yátayáse 1.

CAUSATIVE-continued.

- 3. Sing kalpáyáti 3, párayáti 1, mṛļáyáti 2, súdayáti 2.
- 3. Sing. ańkháyáte 1, codayáte 1, chandayáte 1, dhárayáte 1, mádáyáte 1, vartayáte 1.
- 1. Du. îńkhayávahai 1, kalpayávahai 1.
 - 3. Du. mádáyaite 1.
- 2. Pl. kâmáyádhve 1, mádayádhve 1——mádayádhvai 2.

2d form.

2. Sing. yodháyás 1.

3. Du. kalayatas 1.

2. Pl. chadáyátha 1.

- 3. Sing. codáyát 1, páráyát 1, marcáyát 1, sádayát 1.
 - 1. Du. îráyâva 1.
 - 1. Pl. îrayâma 1, dhârayâma 1.

3d form.

- 1. Sing. *irayam* 2, mahháyam 1, mahayam 1.
- 2. Sing. kopayas 1, ghosháyas 1, codáyas 4, dípayas 1, barháyas 2, vásayas 1, cnathayas 1.
- 3. Pl. arshayan? dhanáyan 1, 3. Pl. isháyanta 3, îr-marjayan 1, mahayan 1, ranayan 1, ayanta 1, uksháyanta 1, vartayan 1, svanayan?——prusháyan 2. janáyanta 3, tarpayanta

- 2. Sing. dháráyathás 1.
- 3. Sing. janayata 2.
- 3. Pl. isháyanta 3, îrayanta 1, uksháyanta 1, janáyanta 3, tarpayanta 1, dasayanta 1, dravayanta 1, dravayanta 1, panáyanta 3, marjayanta 5, mahayanta 1, ranáyanta 1, cnathayanta 1, cnathayanta 1, harayanta 1, harshayanta 1, harshayanta 1, prusháyanta 1.

PRESENT OPTATIVE.

- 2. Sing. dhârayes 1.
- 3. Sing. sprhayet 1.
- 1. Pl. citáyema 2, marjayema 1.

Causative—continued.

Present Imperative.

- 2. Sing. ardaya 2, arpaya 1, ingaya 1, inkhaya 3, iraya 12, kalpaya 1, krand-kalpayasva 2, câtáyasva aya 1, kshayaya 1, gamaya 1, gamaya 3, janayasva 1, prath-1, cakshaya 2, codáya 19, cyávaya 2, ayasva 1, mádáyasva 18, janáya 6, jambháya 2, tarpáya 1, toçaya yávayasva 1, randhayasva 1, dambhaya 2, dravaya 1, dharshaya? 1, vardhayasva 1, sparcdhápaya 1, dháráya 13, náçaya 1, par- ayasva 1, spácáyasva 1. aya? pâyâya 4, pârâya 5, barhaya 4. bodhaya s, manhaya 1, mardaya? mahaya 4, mrláya 14, yátaya 1, yámaya 1, yâváya 8, yodháya 1, ranaya 1, randhaya 7, ramáya 1, ramaya 1, rocaya 2, rohaya 1, vartáya 11, vardháya 13, vâtaya 1, vâpaya 1, vâsaya 4, veçaya 1. vyathaya 1, çansaya 7, çocaya 1, çravaya s, çvasaya ı, sadaya 6, sadhaya 4, súdaya 2, stanáya 1, svadaya 1, svápaya 1, harshaya 3—grbhayá 13, mushâyá 1, vrshâya 1, crathâya 2.
 - kalpayatu 1, cyávayatu 1. 3. Sing.
- 2. Du. arpayatam 1, irayatam 1, codáyatam i, janayatam i, jambh- tarpayethâm 2, dhâráyeáyatam 1, dhárayatam 2, párayatam 1, thẩm 1, mádáyethám 5. vartáyatam 1, vardháyatam 2, varshayatam 1, cravayatam 1, sádháyatam 1.
 - 3. Du. dhârayatâm 1.
- iláyata 1, codáyata 2, jan-2. Pl. ayata 2, bodhayata 1, bhajayata 1, mrl-cetayadhvam 1, dharayaáyata 1, vartáyata 1, sádáyata 1 grbháyáta 2, skabháyata 1.
- dhârayantu 1, mâdayantu 1, mrlayantu 4, yavayantu 2, ranáyantu ı, vartayantu 2, vardhayantu 1, çundhayantu 1, sûdayantu 2.

2. Sing. îrayasva 2,

- 2. Du. cetayethâm
- îrayadhvam 1, 2. Pl. dhvam 1, marjayadhvam 1, mádáyadhvam s, ayadhvam 1.
 - 3. Pl. mådayantåm 6.

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. ajanayam 2, abhakshayam ı, arandhayamı, açrâvayamı, airayam 1, dharayam 5, randhayam 2, vakshayam 1.
- 2. Sing. ákrandayas 1, ácodayas 1, ájanayas 3, atarpayas 1, ádhárayas 7, anácayas 1, aprathayas 2, ábodhayas 2, áyodhayas 2, árandhayas 5, áramayas

2. Sing. ajanayathâs 1.

CAUSATIVE—continued.

- 1, árocayas 2, arohayas 2, arcayas 1, ardayas 2, ávartayas 4, ávardhayas 2, avaçayas 1, ávasayas 2, avepayas 1, asâdayas? asvâpayas? ârđayas 1, ávayas 1, aírayas 2, codáyas 1, janáyas 1, dambháyas 2, darayas 1, dhárayas 3, dhvasayas 1, randháyas 1, rohayas 3, vartayas 1, çvañcáyas 1---- açáyas 1, acrathâyas 1, astabhâyas 1, mushâyás 2. stabhâyas 1.
- 3. Sing. akalpayat 1, ákshodayat 1, acakshayat 1, acetayat 2, acodayat 1, acyávayat 1, ájanayat 6, atarpayat 1, ádhárayat s, adhvanayat 1, ánamayat ı, ápâdayat ı, apárayat 2, áphânayat ı, árandhayat 2, arocayat 6, árodayat 2, ávartayat 6, ávardhayat 2, ávásayat (3 vas) 1, (2 vas) 2, asadayat 2, ásadayat 1, asvadayat 1, ásvápayat 2, d'mayat ı, â'rdayat ı, âvayat ı, aîrayat 9, janáyat 4, dambháyat 1, darayat 1, dyotayat 1, dhâráyat 3, patáyat 1, prathayat 1, randhayat 1, râmáyat 1, rocayat 3, rohayat 1, vasayat 1, sadáyat 1, snehayat 1---áskabháyat 1, astabhâyat 3, prushâyat 1, mushâyát 2, skabháyat 2, stabháyat 2.
 - 2. Du. ádhárayatam 1, airayatam 6.
- akalpayan 2, akrandayan 1, achadayan 1, ájanayan 6, ádhárayan 2. áprathayan 1, ámehayan 1, áranayan i, árandhayan i, ávardhayan i, ávásayan 1, janayan 1, dhârayan 8.

3. Sing. airayata 1.

- 2. Du. avárayethám 1, aírayethâm 2.
- Pl. 2. asthâpayadhvam 1.
- 3. Pl. ájanayanta 6, ádhárayanta 2, áyâtayanta 1, aranhayanta 1, asâdayanta 2, asârayanta 1, ásúdayanta 1, asthápayanta 2, airayanta 1, janáyanta 11, dháráyanta 6, nadáyanta 1, patáyanta 1, marjayanta 1.

AORIST INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. acikṛsham 1, avocam 3, airam 1, cakaram 1.
- 2. Sing. acikradas 1, ájíjanas 3, átishthipas 1, tútos 1, didyutas 1, nanámas 2, sishvapas 1.

CAUSATIVE-continued.

(Without suffix) ajigar 1, didhar 1, síshvap 2.

3. Sing. acikitat 1, acikradat 17, ácukrudhat 1, ájíjanat 8, átishthipat 1, ádidyutat 1, adidharat 1, ádudrot 1, adúdushat 1, aninaçat 1, ánúnot 1, apaptat 1, apipatat 1, ápupot 1, abûbudhat 1, árîramat 2, árûrucat 3, avîvaçat 5, avívipat 2, avívrtat 1, ávívrdhat 5, ávocat 2, ácicvitat 1, asishyadat 8, âmamat 2, airat 5, jí janat 5, tútot 2, dídharat 1, bîbhayat 1, vavrtat 1, vócat 3, çiçnáthat 3-acucyavît 1.

(Without suffix) ájigar 14.

- 2. Du. átatansatam 1.
- 1. Pl. atîtrshâma 1, ávocâma 8.
- 2. Pl. acucyavítana 2.
- ácikradan 1, 3. Pl. ájíjanan 9, apaptan 4, apîparan 1, avîvatan 1, ámîmadanta 1, ávîvaçavîvaçan 1, avîvipan 1, ávîvṛdhan 5, anta 1, ávîvṛdhanta 1, ávocan 6, áçûçubhan 1, jîjanan 3. (Suffix us) ácucyavus 9.

2. Pl. ávívrdhadhvam 1.

3. Pl. ádadrhanta 1, ávocanta 1, ásishyadanta 1, jíjananta 1.

AORIST SUBJUNCTIVE.

1st form.

- 1. Sing. rîradhâ 1, vocâ 2.
- 3. Sing. cîklpâti 1, pisprçati 1, vócati s, vocáti 1, síshadháti 1.
- 3. Sing. tatápate 1.
- 1. Du. vocávahai 1.

2d form.

cukrudháma 2, rîramáma 1, vocáma s, síshadháma 1.

3d form.

- 1. Sing. cukrudham 1, jîjanam 1, dîdharam 1, vocam 19.
- 2. Sing. cikitas 1, cikradas 1, cikshipas 1, jihvaras 1, jihipas 1, didipas 1, didyutas 1, dî'dharas 1, nînamas 1, nī'naças 1, paptas 1, pisprças 1, piparas 2, mîmrshas 1, rîradhas 4, rîrishas 7, vîvijas 1, vocas 10, çiçnathas 4, çiçráthas 4, sîshadhas 1.
- 3. Sing. frat 1, cucyavat 1, tishthipat 1, dídharat 1, dudrávat 2, dúdushat 1,

- 1. Sing. voce 8.
- 2. Sing. bíbhishathás 1.

CAUSATIVE-concluded.

núnot 1, pipráyat 2, pîparat 4, mîmayat 1, yûyot 1, rîradhat 1, rîrishat 1, vavartat 6, vocat 9, çiçrathat 2, sishvadat 1, susrot 1.

3. Pl. paptan 2, rîraman 4, vocan 2. 3. Pl. cakṛpánta 1, cákramanta 2, jîjananta 1, vôcanta 4, sîshapanta 1.

AORIST OPTATIVE.

- 1. Sing. vavrtyd'm 9, vocéyam 2.

 1. Sing. vavrtíya 3, voceya 2.
- 2. Sing. pupuryás 1, ririshes 1, 2. Sing. sásahíshthás 1. vavrtyás 5, vocés 3.
 - 3. Sing. vavrtyát 4.

3. Sing. vavṛtîta 1—rîrishîshṭa 1, ririshîshṭa 1.

- 2. Du. vocetam 1.
- 1. Pl. vavṛtyāma 1, vocéma 5, 1. Pl. cucyavīmahi 1, (vócema 1). vavṛtīmahi 1, vocemahi 1.
 - 3. Pl. vavrtyus 3, vocéyus 1.
- 3. Pl. cuçyavîrata 1.

AORIST IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Sing. vocatát 1.
- 3. Sing. vocatu 1.
- 2. Du. jigṛtám 2, didhṛtam 2, ríradhatam 2, vocatam 1.
- 2. Pl. jigṛtá 1, paptata 1, ririshata 1, rîradhata 1, vocata 15—vavṛtana 1.
 - 3. Pl. papurantu 1, cicrathantu 1.

S-FUTURE INDICATIVE.

2. Sing. vásayishyáse 2.

3. Sing. dhárayishyáti 1.

II. Desiderative.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

1. Sing. didhishami 1.

- 1. Sing. vivase 9.
- 2. Sing. inakshasi 1, iyakshasi 3, 2. Sing. jigishase 1. jighdinsasi 1, ditsasi 5, ninishasi 1, vivdsasi 5, sishdsasi 3.

DESIDERATIVE-continued.

- 3. Sing. jíghánsati 6, tú'turshati 1, 3. Sing. cikíshate 2, pipásati 1, pipíshati 1, pipíshati 1, titikshate 1, dhitsate 1, mimikshati 1, rírikshati 1, vívásati 12, vívásate 2. síshásati 8.
 - 2. Du. dhitsathas 1, vivāsathas 1.
- 3. Du. jugukshatas 1, yúyûshatas 2, vívûsatas 1.
 - 1. Pl. cikitsâmas 1.

- 1. Pl. d'idhishamahe 1.
- 3. Pl. iyakshanti 1, didhishanti 1, 3. Pl. titikshante 1, dipsanti 3, vivasanti 3. didrkshante 1, didhishante 2.

PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE.

2d form.

- 3. Sing. titrpsåt 1, ninitsåt 1, vivåsåt 2.
- 3. Pl. *iyakshân* 1, *titṛtsân* 1, *vivâs-ân* 2.

3d form.

3. Sing. inakshat 1, cikitsat 1.

3. Pl. apsanta 1, didhishanta 1, si'kshanta 1.

PRESENT OPTATIVE.

- 1. Sing. ditseyam 1, vivaseyam 1. 1. Sing. didhisheya 1.
- 3. Sing. vivâset 2.
- 1. Pl. didhishema 1, vivasema 2.

PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Sing. cikitsa 2, mimiksha 1, vivása 3.
- 2. Du. mimikshatam 4, síshás-atam 1.
 - 3. Du. mimikshatam 2.
 - 2. Pl. vívásata 2.
 - 3. Pl. didhishantu 1.

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 2. Sing. ásishásas 1.
- 3. Sing. ajighdisat 1, asishdsat 1.

DESIDERATIVE-concluded.

3. Pl. áyuyutsan 1, ásishásan 1, bibhitsan 1.

PERFECT INDICATIVE.

3. Pl. mimikshús s.

III. Intensive.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. carkarmi 1, câkaçîmi 2, 1. Sing. joguve 1, jóhavîmi 12, dardarîmi 1. dî'dhye 2.
- 2. Sing. alarshi 1, irajyási 3, 2. Sing. i'yase 16, dárdarshi 1, dárdharshi 1. coshkûyáse 1.
- álarti 1, 3. Sing. irajyáti 2, $\hat{\imath}'yate$ kánikranti 2, ganiganti 1, cákaçıti 1, coshkuyáte 1, tétikte janghanti 1, jarbhuriti 1, jóhavíti 6, dédishte 1, námnate 1, tartarîti 1, dardarîti 1, dodhavîti 1, marmrjyate 2, rerihyate 1, námnamíti 1, nónavíti 1. pápatíti 1, vevijyáte 1, vevíyate 1, bobhavîti 1, yamyamîti 1, rârapîti 1, sarsrte 1. róraviti 4, varivarti 1, várvarti 1, (Suffix e) jángahe 1, vávadíti 1, veveti 2, soshavíti 1. joguve 1, badbadhé babadhe 2, yoyuve 1, sarsré 2.
 - 2. Du. irajyathas 1, tartaríthas 1.
- 2. Du. sarsrâte 1.
- 3. Du. jarbhṛtás 1, dávidhvatas 4.
- 1. Pl. nonumas 18.

- 1. Pl. imahe 92.
- 3. Pl. dávidyutati 1, nánadati 2, bharibhrati 1, várvṛtati 1.
 - 3. Pl. î'yante 1, tartûryante 1, dédiçate 1, marmrjyánte 5.

PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE.

1st form.

- 1. Sing. janghánáni 1—dídhayá 1.
- 2. Sing. dîdáyasi 1.

3. Du. tantasaite 1.

2d form.

- 2. Sing. cákánas 1, jalgulas 4, didayas 1, didhayas 1, ráránas 1.
- 3. Sing. canishkadut 1, cárkṛshat s, cákánat s, jáńghanat s, dardirat 1, davidyutat 1, dídáyat 7, dí'dayat s, parpharat 1, bárbṛhat 1, mármṛjat 1, ráránat 2, sanishvaṇat 1.
 - 1. Du. janghandva 2.

INTENSIVE—continued.

- 1. Pl. carkirama 2, cakánama 1, vevidáma 1.
 - 3. Pl. dîdhayan 1.

3d form.

- 1. Sing. dedicam 1.
- 2. Sing. pîpes 1. (Without suffix) câkán 5. dárdar 4, dart 2.
- 3. Sing. dîdet 1, návînot 2, pîpáyat 5, mármrçat 4.

(Without suffix) kánishkan 1, cákán 3, dardar 1, dart 1, dávidyot 2, rárán 1.

- 1. Pl. dídhima 1, marmrjmá 1.
- 3. Pl. carkiran 1, pîpáyan 2, çóçucan 1.

3. Pl. irajyánta 1, iradhanta 1, cakánanta 1, cakánanta 2, jánghananta 2, jarhrshanta 1, nonuvanta 1, pipáyanta 3, marmrjanta 1, cocucanta 1—marmrjata 1.

PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Sing. cákandhi 1, rárandhí (randh) 1, (ran) 3, vávandhí 1—
 jágrhi 5, dardrhi 3, dádrhí 1, didíhí 12,
 dídihi 17, pípihí 2, barbrhi 1—
 carkrtát 1—dídhaya 1, pípaya 1.
- 3. Sing. dardartu 1, marmartu 1, rârantu 1.
- 2. Du. jägṛtam 2, didayatam 1, pipyatam 4.
 - 3. Du. pipyatám 1.
- 2. Pl. irajyata 1, cańkramata 1, pipyata 1, pipayata 1, râranta 1.
 - 3. Pl. câkantu 1.

3. Pl. pipyátám 1.

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. acakaçam 2.
- 2. Sing. ádídes 3.

(Without suffix) ajāgar 1, adardar 1.

3. Sing. ádídet 2, ádídhet 1, ápípayat 3. Sing. ádedishta 2, 1, apípet 1, ámímet 2, dídhet 1— ánamnata 1. ájohavít 5, áyoyavít 1, ároravít 3.

INTENSIVE—concluded.

(Without suffix) adardar 2, adardhar 1, avarívas 1, cákán 1.

- 2. Du. adardrtam 1.
- 3. Du. avávacítám 1.
- 1. Pl. *apîpema* 1.
- 3. Pl. apîpyan 1, carkiran 2, 3. Pl. ápîpayanta 1, papatan 1 — ájohavus 1, adardirus 1, pîpáyanta 3. adidhayus 2, anonavus 3, araranus 1, dîdhiyus 1.

PERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. cákana 2, jágara 1.
- 2. Sing. dîdétha 2, pîpetha 1.
- 3. Sing. jáġá'ra 7, davidháva 1, 3. Sing. pipye 3. dídáya 5, nónáva 1, pípáya 10.
 - 3. Pl. dîdiyus 1.

S-AORIST SUBJUNCTIVE.

3. Sing. cárkrshe ("double stem").

IV. Denominative.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. manasyé 1, mantraye 1.
- 2. Sing. adhvarîyási 3, irasyási 1, ishanyasi 1, ishudhyasi 1, daçasyási 1, prtanyási 1, bhuranyasi 1, manasyási yase 1, nrmanasyase 1, 1, ratharyási 1.
- 3. Sing. agháyáti 1, irasyáti 1, ishanyati 1, ishudhyati 1, urushyati 4, ishayate 1, tavishyate 2, krpanyati 1, turanyati 1, daçasyati 1, duchunâyate 1, dhiyâyate duvasyáti 4, prtanyáti 1, bhishákti 1, 2, panasyáte 4, makhasyate bhuranyati 2, mandyati 2, ratharyati 1, 1, mahîyáte 6, vacasyate 2, rishanyáti 1, vánanvati 3, vanushyáti vanushyate 1, vájayate 1, ı, valgayáti ı, vithuryáti ı, vrshanyati vrshayáte 5, cubhayate ı, ı, çratharyati ı, saparyati ı, huvanyati ı. svapasyáte?
- 2. Du. urushyáthas 3, daçasyathas duvasyáthas 3, bhishajyáthas 1, bhuranyáthas 2.
 - 3. Du. ratharyatas 1, saparyátas 5.

- 2. Sing. tavishîyáse 1, duchunâyase 1, durgrbhîmakhasyáse 1, vrsháyáse s, sukratúyase 1.
- 3. Sing. ajirâyate 1,
 - 2. Du. arthayethe 1.

DENOMINATIVE-continued.

- 1. Pl. vájavámasi 2 namas- 1. Pl. vavrávámahe 1. yd'mas 1, vdjáydmas 1.
 - 2. Pl. da casy atha 1.
- 3. Pl. arthayanti 1, ishanyanti 1. űrjayanti 1, kratűyánti 2, gátűyánti 1, tárushante 1, nyűnkhgopáyánti 1, duvasyánti 1, namasyánti ayante 1, mantráyante 1, 2, saparyánti 2, sprhayanti 1.
- 3. Pl. indrayante 1, mahíyánte 1, mrgáyante 1, vrshávánte 1.

PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE.

1st form.

- 1. Sing. namasya 1.
- 2. Sing. vîláyâsi 1.

- 2. Sing. artháyáse 1, nîláyâse 1.
 - 3. Sing. ańkháyáte 1.

3. Du. varivasyá'tas 1.

2d form.

- 2. Sing. urushyá's 1.
- 3. Sing. apasyá't 1, urushyá't 1, duvasyd't 1, prtanyd't 2, vanushyd't 1, vareyâ't 1, vasûyât 1, cravasyât 2, saparyá't 2.
 - 3. Pl. saparyá'n 1, saranyá'n 1.

3d form.

- 2. Sing. irasyas 1, anayîs 1, rishanyas 3, ruvanyas 1.
 - 3. Sing. duhîyát 3.
- 3. Pl. turanyan 1, duvasyan 2, duhiyan 1, namasyan 1, saparyan 1.
- 3. Sing. pandyata 1.
- 3. Pl. rgháyánta 1, rtayanta 1, krpánanta 1, tarushanta 1, dhunayanta ı, bhurájanta ı, rucayanta 1, vanushanta 1, sushváyanta 1.

PRESENT OPTATIVE.

- 2. Sing. daçasyes 1.
- urushyet 3, daçasyet 1, 3. Sing. duvasyét 1, sprhayet 1.
- 1. Pl. ishayema 1, tarushema 1, saparyéma 1.

VOL. X.

DENOMINATIVE-concluded.

PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Sing. ishanya 1, urushyá 8, 2. Sing. arthayasva 2, gátuyá 1, gúrdhaya 1, daçasyá 6, víláyasva 4. duvasya 3, namasyá 4, varivasyá 2, cravasya? saparya 1.
 - 3. Sing. urushyatu 1.
- 2. Du. urushyátam 5, gopáyátam 1, canasyátam 1, daçasyátam 2.
 - 3. Du. urushyátám 3.
- 2. Pl. ishanyata s, urushyata s, 2. Pl. tilvilâyádhvam 1, daçasyata 1, duvasyáta s, namasyáta vîrayadhvam 2. s, rishanyata 2, saparyata 7.
 - 3. Pl. urushyantu 1, varivasyantu 4. 3. Pl. dhunayantam 1.

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. asprhayam 1.
- 2. Sing. arandhanáyas 1.
- 3. Sing. akrpayat 1, aprtanyat 1, 3. Sing. ápriyáyata 1. urushyát 2, damanyat 1—abhishnak 1.
 - 2. Du. avîrayethâm 1.

- 3. Du. urushyátám 3.
- 3. Pl. anamasyan 1, asaparyan 1, 3. Pl. ishanayanta 1. turanyan 1, vapushyan 1.

V. Passive.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. hiye 1.
- 2. Sing. ajyáse (aj) 1, (añj) 5, idhyáse 11, ucyase 2, níyase 2, púyase 1, mrjyáse 1, yujyáse 1, ricyase 1, rudhyase 1, casyáse 1, sicyáse 4, stúyase 1, húyáse 6.
- 3. Sing. ajyate (aj) s, (añj) 10, idhyáte 9, ucyáte 18, udyate (ud) 1, (vad) 1, upyáte 1, uhyate 1, rcyáte 1, kriyate 2, tapyate 3, táyate 1, tujyáte 1, dabhyate 1, duhyate 1, drcyate 1, dhamyate 1, dhíyate 5, dhriyate 1, níyáte 11, pacyáte 1, páyate 2, prcyáte 3, badhyate 1, mucyate 1, mrjyáte 8, yujyáte 3, ricyate 2, ribhyate 1, vacyáte 1, vidyáte 2, vrjyáte 2, casyáte 10, círyate 1, cráyate 1, sicyáte 11, sáyáte 3, srjyáte 2, hanyáte 3, háyáte 8.
 - 3. Du. ucyete 1.
 - 1. Pl. panya'mahe 1.
- 3. Pl. rcyante 1, kriyánte 2, jñáyante 1, bhriyante 1, yujyante 1, vacyánte 2, çasyánte 1, hanyante 1, hayante 1.

Passive—concluded.

PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE.

1st form.

- 3. Sing. uhyá'te 1, bhriyáte 1.
- 2. Du. Ahya'the 1.

3d form.

3. Sing. suyata 1.

PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Sing. vacyasva 3.
- 3. Sing. prcyatám 1, híyatám 2.
- 2. Pl. yujyadhvam 1.
- 3. Pl. badhyantâm 1, vacyantâm 1, vrçcyantâm 1.

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. aniyata 1, ámucyata 1, aricyata 2.
- 3. Pl. acyanta 1, apacyanta 1, apreyanta 1.

AORIST INDICATIVE.

3. Sing. ákdri 15, agámi 1, aceti 8, áchedi 1, ájani 6, ájñáyi 1, ádarçi 16, ádháyi 14, ápáyi 4, ábodhi 11, ábhráji 1, amoci 2, ámyakshi 1, ayámi 10, áyoji 3, árádhi 2, aroci 2, aváci 6, ávári 1, avedi 2, áçoci 1, áçráyi 3, asarji 12, ásádi 5, asávi 7, ástári 1, ástávi 5, áhávi 2, ceti 2, jáni 1, jáni 1, tári 1, darçi 2, dáyi (1 dá) 3, (4 dá) 1, dhá'yi 19, pá'di 2, védi 1, sá'di 2.

AORIST SUBJUNCTIVE.

3d form.

ghoshi 1, ceti 6, chedi 1, jdrayd'yi (denom.) 1, tdri 6, dhd'yi 2, bhdri 1, yoji 1, reci 1, roci 1, vandi 1, varhi 1, vaci 1, çansi 2, çdri 2, çdvi 1, sarji 2, sadi 2, stoshi 1.

VI. Infinitive and Gerund.

Infinitive.

Accusative. (Suffix am) idham 1, óham 1, tíram 1, námam 1, pr'cham 2, míyam 1, yámam 3, rábham 3, rúham 1, víçam 1, cúbham 10, sádam 16, spíjam 1, vareyám 2.—(tum) dá'tum 2, práshtum 1, bhártum 1, volhum 1.

Dative. (Suffix e) áje 1, ídhe 2, kráme 1, grábhe 1, cákshe 11, tíre 1, túje 1, tvishé 1, dábhe 1, díçe 4, drçê 25, dhr'she 8, náme 2, náçe 3, níkshe 1, núde 2, pr'ce 1, pr'che 1, bhujé 11, bhuvé 1, bhvè 1, mahé 4, míye 1, mihé 1, mudé 1, mushé 1, muhé 1, mr'she 1, yákshe 1, yujé 1, yudhé 1, rábhe 4, rucé 2, rúje 1, vá'ce 1, vr'je 1, vr'te 1, vrdhé 33, víde 1, vídhe 1, víshe 1, çáse 2, çubhé 14, sáde 8, súde 1, skáde 1, skábhe 2, stíre 3, spr'çe 1, syáde 1, sváje 1, hyè 1—khaí 2, daí 1, maí 1, yaí 4,

Infinitive—continued.

saí 1.—(ase) áyase 1, arháse 1, rcáse 1, rñjáse 1, kshádase 1, cákshase 3, caráse 2, javáse 1, jíváse 39, tujáse 1, doháse 4, dhá yase 11. dhruváse 1, pushyáse 3, bhárase 1, bhiyáse 1, bhojáse 2, rajáse 2, vrñiáse 1. vrdháse 1, cobháse 2, criyáse 2, sáhyase 1, spárase 1, spárdháse 1. hárase 1.—(se) jishé 2, prákshe 1, stushé 4.—(tave) áttave 7, áshtave 1, étave 9, ôtave (5 vá) 1, kártave 5, gántave 1, gátave 1, dhátave (1 dha) 1, dha tave (3 dha) 3, pattave 1, pa tave 16, bhartave 1, mantave 1, yántave 1, yáshtave 1, yá'tave 19, yótave 1, váktave 1, vantave 1. vártave 3, vástave 1, vólhave 1, caktave 1, sártave 5, sá'tave 1, sótave 1, stótave 2, hántave 10-úvitave 1, cáritave 1, srávitave 2, hávítave 1.—(tavai) ánvetavaí 1, étavaí 4, ótavaí 1, gántavaí 1, gantavaí 1, dà tavaí 1, pô tavaí 1, bhartavaí 1, mántavaí 1, má tavaí 1. yótavaí 1. sártavaí 4, hántavaí 5 — yámitavaí 1. srávitavaí 1. —(taye) ishtáye 5, pîtáye 34, vîtáye 17, sátáye 12.—(tyai) ityaí 2. —(aye) tujáye 1, drcáye 8, maháye 1, yudháye 5, sanáye 2.—(ane) turváne 5, dhú'rvane 1.—(vane) dáváne 28.—(mane) trá'mane 1, dá'mane 1, dhármane 1, bhármane 1, vidmáne 3.—(dhyai) iyádhyai ı, irádhyai ı, isháyadhyai ı, ishádhyai ı, îráyadhyai ı, ksháradhyai 1, gámadhyai 1, carádhyai 1, jarádhyai 1, taisayádhyai 2, tarádhyai 1, duháyadhyai 1, dhiyádhyai 1, nacayádhyai 1, píbadhyai s, prnádhyai i, bháradhyai i, mandayádhyai i, mandádhyai 1, mádayádhyai 4, yájadhyai 12, rishayádhyai 1, vandádhyai 3, vartayádhyai 1, váhadhyai 1, vájayádhyai 1, vávrdhádhyai (perf.) 4, vrjádhyai 1, cayádhyai 2, cucádhyai 1, sacádhyai 1, sáhadhyai 2, stavádhyai 2, syandayádhyai 1, huvádhyai 5.

Genitive or Ablative. (Suffix as) tr'das 1, pr'chas 1, pádas 1, crishas 1, crishas 1, skádas 1.—(tos) tos 2, kártos 2, kshéptos 1, gántos 2, da'tos 1, dhâtos 1, yótos 1, cáritos 1, hántos 1.

Locative. (Suffix i) úshi 2, cákshi 1, dr cí 1, dr cí 2, budhí 1—mé 1, craddhé 1.—(sani) grnísháni 3, tarísháni 2, nesháni 1, parsháni 1, bhásháni 1, cásháni 1, saksháni 1, strnísháni 1.—(tari) dhartári 4.

GERUND.

(Suffix två) pîtva 7, bhittva' 1, bhûtva' 1, mitva' 1, yuktva' 2, vrtva' 1, crutva' 1, hatva' 3, hitva' 2.—(tvaya) jagāhva'ya 1, dattva'ya 1, drshţva'ya 1, bhaktva'ya 1, yuktva'ya 1, hatva'ya 2, hitva'ya 1.—(tvî) krtvî' 6, gatvî' 2, gûāhvî' 1, janitvî' 1, jushţvî' 3, pîtvî' 4, pûtvî' 1, bhûtvî' 3, vishţvî' 2, vrtvî' 1, vrktvî' 1, vrshţvî' 1, skabhitvî' 1, hatvî' 4, hitvî' 4. Compounded——(yâ) ácyâ 1, árpyâ 1, ápyâ 1, ishyâ 1, kr'tya 1, krámya 1, khyâya 1, gû'ryâ 2, gr'bhyâ 3, gr'hyâ 1, gr'hya 4, ghúshyâ 1, cákshyâ 5, cákshya 1, câyyâ 2, tâpya 1, tâ'ryâ 1, dâ'ya 2, đi'vyâ 1, dr'cya 1, pâdya 1, prûthyâ 1, bhîdyâ 1, bhû'ya 1, mî'lya 1, mûcyâ 2, mûshyâ 2, mr'cyâ 1, yû'yâ 3, rábhyâ 1, râbhya 1, rûdhyâ 1, vr'tya 1, vr'tyâ 1, vlâgyâ 2, sâdyâ and sâdya 11, sâhya 1, hâ'ya 1.—(tyâ) îtyâ and îtya 5, gátyâ 5, dr'tyâ 1, bhr'tyâ 1, hâtyâ 1.

II. THE VERB IN THE AITAREYA-BRÂHMANA.

PRESENT SYSTEM.

Active.

Middle

A. PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. I. asmi 3 [4], emi [4]; II. 1. Sing. I. huve 2(2); tishthami [5], dadami 4 [3], dadhami III. vrne (1); IV. yaje [2]; III. karomi 1, yunajmi (2); IV. [1], rabhe 1, huave 1, ishye jayami 2 (1), dhavami 1, bhavami [2], (2), padye [4], manye 1, rohâmi [8], vadâmi 1, srjâmi (1), siñc- hvaye (2)[1]. āmi [4], pacyāmi [1]; V. ichāmi (1).
- I. $asi \ 6 \ (7) \lceil 7 \rceil$, $neshi \ (4)$ 2. Sing. IV. jayase (1). (imper.), ydsi (1), hansi (1); IV. arjasi 4, vadasi 1, sidasi [2].
- I. $atti_1$, $asti_{16}$, $eti_{117}(1)[1]$, ksheti 2 (8), dveshti 1, nauti 4, pati 3 (1), cashte 4, duhe 2, brûte 1, bhâti 2 (2), yâti (2), vashți (2), çâsti 2, yuje (1), çâste 20, çete 2, stauti 8, hanti 6; II. iyarti (2), jahâti hate 11 [1]; II. tishthate 3, 1, jigati (2), jighyati [5], jighrati 1, datte 9, dhatte 7, mimîte 7: tishthati 30, daddti 2, dadhati 141, III. agnute 43, arnute (1), piparti 1, pibati 2, bibharti 3, bibhaiti kurute 34, tanute 3, dhunute (bibheti?) 89.6; III. rdhnoti 3, apnoti 1, grnve (1), sunve (1), 17, krnoti (1), karoti 10, tanoti 5, dhinoti strnute 2, krinîte 2, janîte 1, rádhnoti 36 [1], vrnoti 2, crnoti 2, 1, punîte 4, indhe 1, yunkte sanoti 2, açnâti 2, grnâti 3, grhnâti 11, 3, rundhe 10, vrnkte 2: IV. jánáti 5, jináti 2, prínáti 33, crnáti 1, arjate 1, arhate (1), kalpstrnáti 2, unatti 1, chinatti 1, bhunakti ate 14, kánkshate 1, krum-3, yunakti 2, rinakti 2, vrnakti 1, ate 1, gahate 1, cayate 3, cinashti 1, hinasti 7; IV. arjati 1, cyavate 15, jayate 5, tarate arhati 7, ayati 1, avati 1, îshati (1), 2, dîkshate 8, naçate (1), ahati 4, kramati 1, carati 9, carati 180. nayate 1, pinvate (1), pav-13, japati 6, jayati 34 (1), jinvati 2, ate 6, plavate 1, badhate 2, jivati 2, tapati 18 [1], tarati 1, dahati 4, bhrançate 1, yajate 13, rocdravati 1, nakshati (1), nandati 1, ate 1, labhate 4, vandate (1), namati 4, nayati 7, bhajati 2, bharati 3, vartate 5, bhavati 282 [2], mrocati 2, yajati 90, yac- vyathate 2, ati 2, rakshati 1, rajati 2, rohati 16, vad- cobhate 1, crayate 1, skhalati 23, varshati 1, vasati 8, vahati 25, ate 1, syandate 1, harate 1, çansati 258, sajati 10, sarpati 1, skandati heshate 1, gurate 1, tirate 2, harati 21, diçati 1, prchati 1, mrçati 1, nudate 6, nude (1), mriy-1, muñcati 5, vindati 2, vicati 11, srjati ate 7, muñcate (1), vindate 5, sincati 15, sprcati 2, asyati 10, ishyati 1, srjate 6, asyate 2, jayate 6, gâyati 1, tâmyati 1, drpyati 1, dhay- 39 (2), dayate 1, dîpyate 1, ati 1, dhydyati 2, nacyati 1, nahyati 7, padyate 29, liyate 1, vacyate pacyati 4 [2], pushyati 1 [1], muhyati 1, 2, suyate 1, hvayate 17; V. rishyati 10, lubhyati 1, sivyati 1, syati ichate 1, 4, hrshyati 2, hvayati 6; V. ichati 6, rchati 2, gachati 30, yachati 7, aniti 1.
 - 3. Sing. I. aste 4, ice 3, vekshatecikshate 1,

PRESENT INDICATIVE—concluded.

- 2. Du. IV. jayethe (1), jarethe (1).
- 3. Du. I. itas 2, hatas 1; IV. bhar-3. Du. I. içâte 3; IV. atas 1, bhavatas 25, yajatas 1, çansatas 1. criyete 1.
- 1. Pl. I. imas [1], brûmas 2, uçmasi (1), vidmasi 1, smasi 2; II. dadmas 1; II. tishthâmahe 1, dad-III. janimas 1; IV. madamasi (1), amahe 1; III. kurmahe 1, cansâmas [3].
 - t. Pl. I. syûmahe 1; vṛṇĩmahe (6); IV. havâmahe 10, huvâmahe (1), hvayâmahe (1).

I. $stha_1(1)$, stha(na)? 183.13. 2. Pl.

I. adanti 3, kshiyanti 2, kshyanti 2, ghnanti 1, duhanti 1, yanti 2, îlate 1 (1), ghnate 7 [1], 89 (6)[1], santi 10 (2), stuvanti 6; II. juhv- cakshate 31, plavate 157.6, ati 5 [2], tishthanti 7, dadati 1, dadhati yuvate 1, çere(çerate) 180.10, 9, pibanti 2 (1), bibhrati (1), bibhyati 2; stuvate 17; II. tishthante III. apnuvanti 12. arnuvanti 3. rdhnuv- 2. tishthate 1. dadate 6. anti 1, kurvanti 28, tanvanti 3, minvanti 1, dadhate 2, bibhyate 1; III. râdhnuvanti 2 [1], crnvanti 1, sunvanti açnuvate 1, tanvate 4 (1), 2. stabhnuvanti i, acnanti i, krînanti i, jânate i, mathnate i, indhjananti 17, punanti 1 (1), priicanti 1, ate 3, bhunjate 2, yunjate 2, çinshanti 1; IV. ajanti 3, arjanti 2, rundhate 3; IV. karshante arhanti 1, avanti 1, kramanti 1, kroc- 1, kalpante 5, kankshante anti 1, ksharanti 2, khananti 1, car- 1, kramante 1, kshadante anti 12, jayanti 6, tapanti 1, taranti 2, 2, carante 1, cyavante 1, dravanti 2, dharanti 2, nandanti (1), plavante 1 (1), modante 1, namanti 1, nindanti 2, nayanti 1 (2), yajante 4, rabhante 11, patanti 1, pinvanti (11), bhajanti 2, labhante 4, vadante 4, varbharanti 10, bhavanti 91, manthanti 5, ante (1), vartante 3, vah-madanti (1), yajanti 11 (1), rohanti 1, ante 1, syandante 1, nudvadanti i [1], vapanti 1, vasanti 3, ante 1, mriyante 2, muñcvahanti 21, venanti 1, çansanti 18, çcot- ante 1, vijante 1, asyante 1, anti 1 '3), çrayanti 1, sarpanti 6, haranti jâyante 18, padyante 14, 16. rshanti 1, kiranti 1, krntanti 1, prc- manyante 3, hvayante 4; anti 1, lumpanti 1, sincanti 3, gayanti V. ichante 1, gachante 3. 1, trpyanti 2, dyanti 1, pacyanti 1, madyanti 2, muhyanti 2, vayanti 1, srîvyanti 1, hvayanti 1; V. ichanti 1 (2), rchanti 3, gachanti 8, yachanti 7.

3. Pl. I. dsate s, iyate

B. Present Subjunctive.

1st form: with mode-sign a and primary endings.

1. Sing. I. ayani 2, asani 2, brav- 1. Sing. III. krînai 2, ani (1); III. karavani 2, chinadani 1; vrnai 2; IV. yajai 9, IV. jayáni [2], çansáni 1; V. gacháni padyai 1. [1], yachani 1.

Present Subjunctive—concluded.

- 2. Sing. II. tishthási 1; IV. jayási 2. Sing. I. çayásai 26.4. 1, bhavási (1), yajási 1.
- 3. Sing. I. karati 1[1]; IV. roshati [2].
- 3. Sing. IV. arjátai [80.10]; V. gachátai [18,12].
- 1. Du. III. vṛṇâvahai 2; IV. vahâvahai (1), hvayâvahai 1.
- 1. Pl. I. ayamahai 1; II. dadhamahai [1]; III. karavamahai 2; IV. kalpamahai 1, siñcamahai 1, hvayamahai 1; V. ichamahai 1.
- 2. Pl. II. juhavátha 2; III. kṛṇavatha [1], janátha 1.

2d form: with mode-sign a and secondary endings.

- 1. Sing. stushe (1) (stush-a-i).
- 2. Sing. I. kshayas (1); II. tish-thâs (1).
- 3. Sing. I. asat 8 [2]; III. crnavat (3); IV. arhat (1), kramat [1], harat [1].
- 1. Du. IV. jayava 3, bhavava 1, consava 61.6, 11, 16.
- 1. Pl. I. ayâma 6, gâma (1); II. tishthâma 1; III. âpnavâma 2, tanavâma 1, sunavâma 1 (8), jânâma 1, minâma 1, pṛṇacâma 1; IV. arcâma (1), nayâma 1, bharâma 1, rishâma (1), rohâma 1, nahyâma 1, hvayâma 1; V. yachâma 2.
 - 3. Pl. V. gachán 1.

3d form: like the imperfect without an augment.

- 2. Sing. II. ywyothâs 1.
- 3. Sing. I. gan 1; IV. karat (2), 3. Sing. I. ashta (1)[3]; dåsat (1), rådhat (1), ravat [1], rohat 1, IV. jäyata (1). siñeat (1).
- 3. Pl. I. adan 1; IV. arean (1), 3. Pl. IV. nakshanta çansan [1], sidan 1, spardhan 1. (1).

C. PRESENT OPTATIVE.

1. Sing. I. syám 5, hanyám 2; II. 1. Sing. II. tishṭheya pibeyam 1; III. ṛdhnuyám 1; IV. 1; III. vṛñjiyam (vṛñjiya)

PRESENT OPTATIVE—concluded.

Jayeyam 2, vindeyam 1, druhyeyam 1, 204.16; IV. srjeya 1, jûypadyeyam 1; V. gacheyam 1. eya 2.

- 2. Sing. I. syds 2; IV. vidhes 1, 2. Sing. III. vrnjithds druhyes 1. 1; IV. kshamethás (1).
- 3. Sing. 3. Sing. I. adyát 1, iyát 42, brûyát I. ásíta 1, 76, yâyât 1 [2], vidyât 4, stuyât 6, syât îçîta 1, cakshîta 1: II. 13, svapyat 1, hanyat 4; II. jahyat 1, tishtheta 6, dadhita 1; III. juhuyat 39 [1], tishthet 3, dadyat 12, açnuvita 1, kurvita 15, dadhydt 29, pibet i; III. kurydt 42, tanvîta 2, grhnîta 1, vrnrådhnuyat 2, çaknuyat 2, sunuyat 1, îta 1; IV. îksheta 2, careta açniyat 13, krîniyat 1, grhniyat 7, 1, cyaveta 1, jayeta 1, dîksh-prîniyat 1, badhniyat 1, chindyat 1, eta 2, plaveta 1, bâdheta 1, cińskyát 1; IV. anet 2, archet 1, japet 2, yajeta 6, yateta 1, vadeta 1, jayet 1, dhavet 3, namet 1, nardet 5, nayet 5, vapeta 2, varteta 2, vekshbhavet 1, manthet 1, yajet 7 [2], yacet 2, eta 2, saheta 1, syandeta 2, rohet 10, vadet 4, vapet 27, vaset 4, canset driveta 3, mriveta 4, vind-75, sajet 1, sarpet 4, sedhet 1, haret 28, eta 1, srjeta 3, jayeta 3, guret 2, rundhet 2, vindet 2, vicet 4, sincet padyeta 16, manyeta 10, 3, asyet 11, dayet 1, dushyet 3, druhyet 1, vácyeta 2, hvayeta 3, dhyáyet 4, nacyet 3, pacyet 3, cámyet 2, hvayíta 2; V. gacheta 1. hvayet 1; V. ichet 11, gachet 4, yachet 3.
 - 1. Du. I. syava 3.
- 3. Du. I. syátám 2, hanyátám 1; IV. padyetám 1.
- 1. Pl. I. syâma 1 (4); IV. tarema (1), madema (1), mahema (1), ruhema (2), vidhema [1], huvema (2).
- 1. Pl. IV. jáyemahi (1).
- 2. Pl. I. çamîdhvam 3 [31.5].
- 3. Pl. I. brūyus 1, syus 5; II. dadyus 1, dadhyus 4; III. kuryus 10, sunu- 1, vrnîran 1, indhîran 1; yus 1, açılıyus 1, grhniyus 1, çinshyus 2; IV. cyaveran 1, diksheran IV. careyus 3, jayeyus 1, dhaveyus 1, 1, plaveran 3, yajeran 1, nayeyus 1, roheyus 1, vapeyus 1, vaseyus labheran 2, vaperan 1, 1, canseyus 3, hareyus 6, srjeyus 3, ishye- srjeran 11, yus 2, dushyeyus 1; V. rcheyus 1.
- 3. Pl. III. mathnîran lupyeran 1, camyeran 1; V. icheran 1.

D. PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

- Sing. 1. ihi = 5 (19), edhi = [1], $krdhi \ 2 \ [2], jahi \ 1, pahi \ 2 \ (4) \ [2], pahi \ (1), brushva \ 1, yukshva \ (1),$ brahi 11, yahi (6)[3], vihi (2), vîhi [6], rasva (2); II. tishthasva stuhi 6 (1); II. tishtha (8), dehi 2 [1], 2, pibasva 1; III. kṛṇudhehi 2 (4), dhattat (26.3), piba 1 (11), shva (1), vrnîshva 2; IV. mamaddhi (1), mumugdhi (1), çiçadhi pavasva 1 (1), yajasva 6, 2; III. açnuhi (1), arnuhi (1), krnuhi vadasva 1, vandasva (1),
- 2. Sing. I. cakshva 1,

PRESENT IMPERATIVE—concluded.

- (1), kuru 4 [3], çṛṇuhi 2, açâna (2), vartasva 1, çrayasva (2), gṛbhṇîhi 1, runddhi [1]; IV. cara sîdasva (1), svadasva (1), 10 (1), tarda 1, duha 2, drava [1], dhanva jushasva (4), nudasva (1), (1), dháva 4, naya (2), bhara (2), bhava vṛshasva (1), pyâyasva (1), (5)[1], bhásha (1), raksha (1), rama 1 [2], hvayasva 2. $vada_1$, $vara_1$, $vaha_2(1)$, $ciksha_1$, sída (2), hara 2 [2], vida (1), asya 1, ishya 1, paçya 2, vidhya 1, harya (1), hvaya 1; V. gacha 1 [2], yacha (4).
- 3. Sing. I. attu [1], astu 14 (8) [5], 3. Sing. IV. kalpatâm etu 1 (12)[1], pâtu 1 (1), yâtu (5), hantu [1], vartatâm [1], mriya-1; II. jighyatu [5], pibatu (2), dadâtu tâm 5, jâyatâm 7, hvaya-1(1) [2], $dadh \hat{a}tu$ (1); III. $\hat{a}pnotu$ 1, $t\hat{a}m$ [3]. crnotu (2); IV. invatu (1), jinvatu (1), nayatu (1), bhavatu 1, mandatu (3), rohatu [1], vardhatu (1), çansatu 1, sidatu (1)[1].
- 2. Du. I. gatam (1), pâtam (1), yâtam (1); II. pibatam (6); III. kuruṭam 1; IV. bhavatam (1), sidatam (1); V. gachatam 1.
- 3. Du. I. itdm (1); IV. manyatdm 1; V. yachatdm 1.
- 2. Pl. I. ita 1, gantana (2), gata 2. Pl. I. studhvam 6 1, yata 1, stuta 5; II. jigata 1, datta 3, [1]; II. tishthadhvam 1; dhatta 1, dhattana (130,16), dhattat [30,8], IV. kalpadhvam 1, dikshadadhâtana (2), bibhîta 1, çiçîta (1); dhvam 1, panadhvam 1, III. krnutáť [30.11,14], crnuta (1), rabhadhvam [2], rama-crnotana 188.12, hinota (1), kríníta 1, dhvam [2], jayadhvam [1], grbhnîta 1, strnîta 1; IV. arcata (3), hvayadhvam 2; V. ichakalpata [1], khanatat [30.15], nayata dhvam 1. [1], bharata 2 (1)[1], bhavata 4, vardhata (1), sîdata (1), harata 3, khidatât [30.10], srjatāt [30.8,17,18], sincata (1), sprçata [1], gayata (3), chyatat [30.10], nahyatana (1), pacyata [1], vayata (1); V. gachata 1, yachata 2.
- 3. Pl. I. adantu [1], yantu 1, bruv 3. Pl. I. iratam (1); antu (1), santu 1; IV. ayantu (1), IV. jayantam 2, paddahantu [1], rohantu [12], vahantu (3), yantam 1, hvayantam [3]. viçantu (1), siñcantu [6].

2. Du. III. vrnáthám 2.

E. PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

I. uçantá (1), ghnantas 1, dvishan 5 (Suffix mána) II. tishth--antam 1 -ate 5 -atas 3, bruvan 4 -atá 2 amánáni 2; IV. ajamánas -ati 1, yan 5, iyan 1. yantam 5 -atas 1 1,îkshamanas2,îshamanas VOL. X.

PRESENT PARTICIPLE—concluded.

-antau 2 -antas 3 (1) -atís 1 -atâm 1 (2), kalpamânâs 1, kram--atînâm 1 -atîshu 2, yân 1, çâsat (3), san amânas 1, gâhamânam 1, 10(2)[2] -ati2 -at2 -antam 12 -atâ(1) -ati1 caramânam 1 -asya 1, -antau 5 -antas 1 -atîs 3 (1) -adbhyas 1, tvaramânâs stuvatas 1; II. tishthan s -antam 1 -ate 1 amánas 1 -asya 1 -eshu 1, -atas 2 -antas 10 -antîs 1, jahat 2, nâdhamânás (1), juhvatas 2 -atsu 2, dadat 1 -atam 1, amanas dadhat 3 -atas 2, bibhrat 1, bibhyat 1 amanas (1),bhashamanam -atam 1; III. krnvan (1) -atî (1) [2], 1 -as 1, bhrajamanas 1, kurvan 3 -at 3, tanvan 3, dhúnvantas 1, yajamânas 9 -asya 3 -e 1, sunvate (2) -atas (1) -antas 1, grhnatá 1 yatamáne (1), rabhamánas -antas 2, bhindantas 2; IV. ayantam 1, 2 -âs 1, vadamânayos 1, arhati'ı, kroçatas 2, kshayantâ (1), vartamûnas 2, vardh-caran 4 -atas 5 antîs 1, jayan 12, jîvatas amûnas (1), çansamûnam 1, dhamatas 1, dhavantinam 1, patanti 1, crayamanas (1), syand-1 -antam [1], bhavan 1 -antam 1 -atas 3, amanam 1; lajjamana 1, yajatus 3, rebhantas 2, vadan 2 -antam 1 vijamanas 1, jayamanas -antîm 1 -atas 1 -antas 9, vasan 2, çans- 1 (3) -am 2, tapyamânas antas 2, cocatyas 1, sidan 1, sarpatas 1, 1, dipyamanas 1 -abhis 1, sravat 1, haran 3 -antî 2, brhan 2, padyamanam (1) -asya viçantau [1], srjan [1], sprçan 2, dhayan 4, manyamanas 1 - ds 2 [1], [1], padyat 1, paçyan 6, srpyat 1, syatas liyamana 2. 1; V. uchan (1), rehantî 1 -antas 1.

4. dîkshbâdh-121 (2),

(Suffix ana, ina) ásínas 6 -am 3 -asya 1, cakshânas 1 -am 1, vidânas 1 (1) -âne (1) -âs 1, çâsânâs [1]; II. cikitána (1), jihánas 1, juhvánas (1), dadhânas 1; III. krnvânas (1), kurvânam (1), tanvânâm 2. vanvánas (1), grnána (1), grhnánas 1, jánánás 2 (1), yunjanas 1, rundhanas 1; IV. çayânası, jushânas (1) -ena 1.

F. IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. IV. apaçyam 1 (2).
- 2. Sing. III. avrníthás I. $akar_1$, $ap\hat{a}s(1)$, aves[1]; 2. Sing. III. adadhâs (2); V. auhîs 1. 1; IV. ajáyathás 1.
- 3. Sing. I. akar 4 (1), alet 1, açât 1, ahan 6, ait 10; II. ajagan (1), atishthat II. adhatta 6, amimita 2; 4, adadat 4 (1), adadhat 6, apibat 2 [2], III. akuruta 2, atanuta 1, abibhet 1, amimet 1; III. akarot 5, agṛḥnita 1, avṛnita 3; IV. avrnot 1, acaknot 6, apnot 5, ardhnot akramata 1, acyavata 2, 1, agrbhnát 5, agrhnát 2, ajánát 1, acyávata 1, ajayata 2. abadhnát 1, amathnát (1), astabhnát (1), atakshata (1), amanthata
- 3. Sing. I. $abrata \rightarrow$;

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE - concluded.

abhinat 1, atrnat 1; IV. akarat 2, 1, ayajata 6, aramata 1, akrandat (1), aksharat 2, acarat 1, avadata 2, ajayat 9, atapat 6, adravat 2, adhavat (1), agrayata 1, asransata 5, anadat 2, anayat 2, anedat 1, apatat 1, arjata 4, 11, abhajat 4, abharat 1, abhavat 49 (1), aikshata 1, arohat 2, avadat 3, avarshat 1, açayat asrjata 13, ajayata 7, atap-1, asîdat 5, asarpat 3, asravat 1, aharat yata 3, adîpyata 1, apad-14, ájat 1, áyat 1, auhat 1, atirat 4, yata 10, amanyata 2. avindat 2, avicat 6, asiñcat 3 [1], adhayat 2, adhyayat 2, apaçyat 10, amádyat 1, avidhyat 1, açrâmyat 2, ahvayat 1, asyat 1; V. agachat 14, ayachat 9, abravît 70, açvasît 1, âsît 16 [10].

- 2. Du. I. aitam (1); II. adhattam (1); IV. avatam 1, amuñcatam (2).
- 3. Du. I. abrûtâm 5, âstâm 6, aitâm 3; II. ajahitâm 1; III. akurutâm 1; 5, avrnâtâm 2; IV. akalp-IV. ajayatâm 6, abhavatâm 3, avadatâm etâm 2, ajayetâm 2, avad-1, aharatâm 1; V. agachatâm 3.
 - 1. Pl. I. aganma (2), apâma (1).
- 3. Pl. I. akran 1, agman (1), aghnan 1, abruvan 53, astuvan 8, ayan 51, aghnata 15, ahata 2, asata âsan 10 (1); II. ajahus 5, atishthan 7, 6, airata (2); II. atishthabibhayus 10; III. akurvan 10, adhavan anta 4, adadata 1, adadh-1, aminvan 1, arádhnuvan 1 [1], asunvan ata 3; III. akurvata 9, 3, astabhnuvan 2, asprnvan 1, apnuvan atanvata 10 [1], acnuvata 7, stabhnuvan 98.2,8, akrinan 2, agrbhnan 7, agrhnata 2 [1], ajánata 4, agrhnan 1, ajánan 8, avrňjan 2; IV. 4, aminanta (1), ayuñjata akráman 2, akroçan 1, acaran 1, ajayan 4, arundhata 3; IV. akalp-21, adravan 5, anayan 3, apatan 2, anta 1, ajayanta 7, atvarabhajan 2, abharan 7, abhavan 12, anta 3, adikshanta 2, ayajan 1, arohan 2, avadan 1, avapan abhajanta 1, abhavanta 2, 1, avardhan (1), avasan 2, avahan 1, amodanta 1, ayajanta 5(1), açrayan 1, asîdan 1, asvaran 1, aharan ayatanta 9, alabhanta 5, 2, ajan 1, auhan 4, bharan (1), arshan avartanta 7, açansanta 1, avindan 5, aviçan 3, asrjan 1, 1, acrayanta 9, asacanta asiñcan 6 (1), ubjan 190.4, adhyâyan 3, (2), aspardhanta 3, aharapaçyan 10, avayan 1; V. agachan 13, antaz, arjanta 5, adriyanta ayachan 22, aichan 7.

avartata 7 îkshata 2. anudata 2.

- 3. Du. III. âcnuvâtâm $et\hat{a}m$ 1, $avahet \hat{a}m$ anudetám 3, ajáyetám 1, amanyetâm 1, asrjyetâm 1.
- 1. Pl. IV. adîkshâmahi 1.
- 3. Pl. I. akrata 2. 1, anudanta 11, ajáyanta 5, adipyanta 1, apadyanta 4, abudhyanta 2, amanyanta 3, ahvayanta 1; V. aichanta 1.

PERFECT SYSTEM.

A. Perfect Indicative.

- 1. Sing. ruroha 1, roha [7], veda 1. 1. Sing. ishe 1, dade 1.
- 2. Sing. Avitha (1), vettha 2 (1).
- 3. Sing. dsa 13 (1), dha 184, iydya 21, 3. Sing. ije 10, cakre uvdca 17, uvdpa 1, cakdra 6, cacdra 6, 3 (1), cakrame 2 (3), jajñe jagdma 3, jagau 1, jagrdha 1, jaghdna 3, jahre 1, jigye 1 (1), 1, jabhdra (2), jahdra 1 [1], juhavdñca- jujushe (2), dadhe (1), kdra 1, jigdya 2, tatdna (1), tasthau 1 (1), nunude 1, paprathe (1), tushtdva 6, dadarça 2, dadau 2, dd- mumuce 2, lebhe 2, dhdra 13 (1), nindya 3, niniyoja ? 181.11, vdvrdhe (2). papdda 1, papracha 1, babandha 1, babhdva 2, bibhdya 2, vdvána 12, veda 219 (1), caçañsa 1, cucrdva 1, sasdda 1 (2), sasdra 1, sasdha 1, sisheca 8, sushdva 1.
 - 2. Du. jigyathus (1).
- 3. Du. dsatus 1, dhatus 1, úcatus 2, 3. Du. yuyudhâte 1. úshatus 1.
- 3. Pl. dnacus (1), dsus 5, dhus 189 3. Pl. cakrire 1, jagh-(1)[2], îyus 1, dcus 10, cakrus 2, jagmus nire 3, jajñire 2, tasthire 1, 4, jaghnus 1, jabhrus 1 (1), jigus 2, dadrire 1, pedire 1, bhejire jighyus 1, juhuyus 1, dadus 2, dadrcus 1, menire 1, methire 1, 2, dadhus 4, paprcus 1, babhûvus 1, yetire 6, ruruvire 1. mamrus 1, yus 152.3, vidus 6 (1), vividus 2, sedus 1 (1).

E. PERFECT PARTICIPLE.

cakrushe 2, cikitushe (1), jaghnivān- ijānas 6, jagmānas (1), sam 1, dāçvānsam (1) -ushas (1), pipānasya (1), vāvrāhmīdhvas (1), mīļhushe 1 [1], vohivān ānam 1, sasrjānam 1, vidvān 72 (4)[2] -ushā 1 -ushas 2 sisicānasya 1. -vānsas 9.

AORIST SYSTEMS.

A. Simple-Aorist.

I. Forms in which the endings are added directly to the root.

INDICATIVE.

- 2. Sing. agás 1 (2), abhús (1).
- 2. Sing. asakthás 1.
- 3. Sing. agat 2 (6), adat 1, adhat [2], abhat 2 (2), asthat 1 (2)[2].
- 3. Sing. adita 1, asrpta [2], astṛta 2.
- 3. Pl. agus 1, adus 3, asthus 1.
- 3. Pl. adreram (40.3).

SUBJUNCTIVE.

2d form.

- 2. Sing. gas 1, sthas (1).
- 3. Sing. $g\hat{a}t$ 1 (2)[3], $d\hat{a}t$ [2], $dh\hat{a}(t)$ [51.19], $p\hat{a}t$ 1.

SIMPLE-AORIST SUBJUNCTIVE—concluded.

3d form.

2. Sing. bhas 2 [19].

- 2. Sing. dṛthás 1.
- 3. Sing. dita 2.
- 1. Pl. dhimahi (2).

3. Pl. gus 1 (1), sthus 1.

OPTATIVE.

- 1. Sing. acyam (1)—bhayasam [1].
- 2. Sing. bhūyās (1).
- 3. Sing. vidhyát 1.
- 1. Pl. acyáma [1].

1. Pl. açı̃mahi (1), naçı̃mahi (1).

IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Sing. crudhi (2).
- 3. Sing. castát [138.2].
- 2. Du. crutam (1).
 - II. Forms which take a as a connecting vowel.

INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. agamam 1, adarçam 3, avidam 1.
 - 2. Sing. avidas 1.
- 3. Sing. achidat 1, avrdhat (1), avrddhat 1, avidat 1, asadat (2), asanat [1], asrpat [2], ahanat 1, drat (1).

SUBJUNCTIVE.

3d form.

- 1. Sing. bhuvam 1.
- 2. Sing. bhuvas [18].
- 3. Sing. grabhat [2], dushat 2, bhuvat (1).
 - 3. Pl. bhuvan (1).

B. S-Aorist.

I. Forms which add s to the root.

INDICATIVE.

1. Sing. ajñásam 1, avátsam 1.

1. Sing. arautsi 1, avitsi (1), astṛshi 1.

S-Aorist I. Indicative—concluded.

- 2. Sing. ajaishîs 1, adrák 1, 2. Sing. ajñásthás 1. avárkshîs 1, avátsís 1.
- 3. Sing. ajait [1], ayākshît 1, ahau- 3. Sing. acyoshṭa 1, shît 1. amaista 1, asṛshṭa 1.
 - 1. Pl. arâtsma [2].
 - 3. Pl. abhákshus 1.

3. Pl. arásata 1, alapsata 1.

SUBJUNCTIVE.

2d form.

1. Sing. gáyishe (1) (" double stem").

3. Sing. parshat 4.

3d form.

2. Du. sṛksháthám[1].

II. Forms which add ish to the root.

INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. akârisham (2), agrahisham 1, açansisham 1.
 - 2. Sing. avadhîs 2, avâdîs 1.
- 3. Sing. akramît 1 (1), agrahît 1, 3. Sing. adîkshishta acârît 1, târish(at) [40.15], avâdît 2, [2]. avadhît 2, açansît 3.
 - 3. Pl. avadhishus 1.

SUBJUNCTIVE.

2d form.

3. Sing. *bhavishât* [18.13], *çaṅsishat* [51.22].

3d form.

- 1. Sing. cansisham 1.
- 2. Sing. cárís 1, tárís [1], sávís (1), 2. Sing. janishthás 1(1). hinsís [1].
 - 3. Sing. díkshishta 1, cansishta 1.
 - 2. Du. hinsishtam[1].

SUBJUNCTIVE.

- 1. Pl. vádishma 1, vadishma 1.
- 2. Pl. rávishta [1].
- 3. Pl. vadhishus 1.

3. Pl. ásishata 1.

S-Aorist—concluded.

III. Forms which add sish to the root.

INDICATIVE.

3. Sing. agásít 1.

SUBJUNCTIVE.

3d form.

3. Pl. jnásishus 5.

IV. Forms which add sa to the root.

INDICATIVE.

- 2. Sing. adrukshas 1.
- 3. Sing. adhukshat (1).

SUBJUNCTIVE.

3d form.

- 1. Sing. -mrksham [1].
- 2. Sing. mrkshas [1].
- 3. Sing. yakshat s, vakshat (1)[1].

FUTURE SYSTEMS.

A. S-Future.

INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. eshyâmi 2, gamishyâmi 1, 1. Sing. karishye 1, jeshyámi 2, patsyámi 1, bhavishyámi 2, mańkshye 1, srakshye 4. mokshyámi 1, yokshyámi 1, lapsyámi 1, casishyami 1.
- 2. Sing. jinvishyasi 3, bhavishyasi 1, hvayishyasi 1.
- 3. Sing. arishyati 1, eshyati 3, gami-3. Sing. cyoshyate 1, shyati 1, jeshyati 3, dasyati 1, dhak- janishyate 3. shyati 1, dhasyati 1, patsyati 2, pasyati 1, bhavishyati 4, marishyati 1, vakshyati 4, çansishyati [2], hasyati 3, hoshyati 1.
 - 1. Du. eshyávas 1, jeshyávas 3.
- 1. Pl. eshishyamas 2, eshyamas 3, karishyamas 3, carishyamas 1, ratsyâmas [1], vakshyāmas 1, srakshyamas 1, stoshyamas 1, sthasyamas 3.
 - 2. Pl. bhavishyatha 1.
- 3. Pl. gamishyanti 1, jñásyanti 1, dåsyanti 1, påsyanti 1, bhavishyanti 2, çasishyanti 1, harishyanti 1,

- - 3. Du. klpsyete 1.
- 2. Pl. lapsyadhve 1, hanishyadhve 1.

S-Future—concluded.

PARTICIPLE

eshyan 1 -antas 1, karishyan 2 -at 2, dhásyantas 1, patishyan 1, bhavishyat yamánasya 2, díkshish-[1] -atas 1, vatsyan 1, vakshyan 1, yamanas 2, cansishyan 1, satsyan 1, sekshyan 3, amanas 211.6, hanishyan 1 -antas 3, hoshyan 1.

(Suffix mana) eshishyaksh(y)yatishyamanas 1, lapsyamanas 1, vadishyamanas 1.

CONDITIONAL.

- 1. Sing. akarishyam 165.19.
- 3. Sing. abhavishyat 107.10.
- 3. Pl. aishyan 107.10.

B. Periphrastic Future.

INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. gantâsmi 1, vaktâsmi 1, hartásmi?
- 3. Sing. khyátá [187.15], drashtá [187.14], bhavita 20.5, crota [187.14].
- 1. Pl. jñátásmas? 138.10, vaktásmas? 136,22,24.

DERIVATIVE VERBS.

I. Causative.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. bhakshayâmi [3], vardhayâmi [1], veçayâmi [1].
- 3. Sing. ardhayati 42, ilayati 1, îrayati 1, kalpayati 20, gamayati 10, kârayate 3. ghârayati 2, chadayati 1, janayati 8, tarayati 1, tarpayati 2, dharayati 2, pådayati 2, pyåyayati 1, bhakshayati 19, bhávayati s, marcayati 1, yátayati 12. ramayati 3. rocayati 1, vâcayati 2, vartayati 7, vahayati 1, vedayati 2, çamayati 1, çravayati 1, sadayati 1, sayayati 1, sthapayati 39, svadayati 1.
 - 3. Du. gamayatas 1.
- 1. Pl. bhakshayâmasi [1], sthâpayâmas [1].
- 3. Pl. ardhayanti 1, kalpayanti 2, gharayanti 1, janayanti 1, tarpayanti marjayante 2, vedayante 1. 3. dîkshayanti 4, nabhayanti 2, pâdayanti 2, pávayanti 1, pyáyanti 3,
- 3. Pl. mådayante 1,

3. Sing.

kâmayate s,

CAUSATIVE—continued.

bhakshayanti 2, yajayanti 3, vartayanti 1, vardhayanti 4, vedayanti 2, çrathayanti 1, çamayanti 1, sthapayanti 7.

PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE.

1st form.

1. Sing. ardhayâni 10, jñâpayâni 1, çaṅsayâni 1, sthâpayâni 3.

2d form.

1. Pl. bhávayáma 1, sthápayáma 1.

3d form.

- 3. Sing. codayat (2).
- 3. Pl. dhûrayan (1), yûtayan 1. 3. Pl. janayanta 1 (1), marjayanta (1).

PRESENT OPTATIVE.

- 3. Sing. adayet 2, ardhayet 1, kamp- 3. Sing. kalpayeta 1, ayet 1, kîrtayet 5, kramayet 1, gamayet kâmayeta 24, kâmayîta 1, cyâvayet 1, janayet 3, bhakshayet 5, 82.13, khyûpayeta 1. mohayet 1, yûjayet 3, yûtayet 2, rohayet 2, ropayet 114.7, vartayet 3, vedayet 2, çansayet 2, çleshayet 1, sûdayet 1, skandayet 2, sthâpayet 4, harayet 3.
 - 3. Du. dîkshayetâm 1.
- 3. Pl. kampayeyus 1, vásayeyus 1, 3. Pl. khyápayeran 1. vedayeyus 1, grávayeyus 1, sádayeyus 1, sthápayeyus 2.

PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Sing. îraya (1), kalpaya [2], gamaya 1 [1], janaya (1)[1], jñdpaya 1, ydjaya 2, vdsaya 1, cansaya 1, sddaya 1.
- 2. Pl. gamayatát [30.8], cyáv- 2. Pl. várayadhvát ayatát [30.13], yájayata 1, sthápayata 1. [30.11].
 - 3. Pl. mådayantám(1).

PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

kîrtayantas 1, dhûrayan 1, pûdayantas 3, pûrayantas (1), prathayantas (1), bhakshayantas 1, yûjayadbhyas 1, çâmayatû 1, stanayan 1 (1), sphûrjayan 1. dhârayamânas 1.

CAUSATIVE—concluded.

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. akámayat 1, akalpayat 1, 3. Sing. akámayata 1. akálayat 1, agamayat 1, acyávayat 2, ajanayat (1), phánayat (1), abhávayat 1, ayájayat 1, açansayat 2, ahápayat 1.
 - 2. Du. airayethâm (2).

- 3. Du. adhârayatâm 2.
- 3. Pl. acyávayan 1, adíkshayan 1, 3. Pl. akámayanta 2, anabhayan 2, apádayan 1, apárayan adhárayanta 2, apád-1, ayájayan 6, ayopayan 2, arocayan 1, ayanta 1, avádayanta 1, avartayan 1, avedayan 2, acrathayan avárayanta 1. 1, asádayan 1, janayan 1, sthápayan 5.

PERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. sthápayáñcakára 182.16.
- 3. Pl. sthápayáñcakrus 188.19.

AORIST INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. avocam 1.
- 2. Sing. ajíjanas (1), avocas 1.
- 2. Sing. avocathâs 1.
- 3. Sing. acîklpat 2, ajîjanat 2 (1)[1], atishthipat 2, arûrucat (1), avocat 6.
- 2. Du. apaspṛdhethâm

- 3. Du. acîklpatâm 6.
- 1. Pl. arîricâma [1], avocâma 1.
- 3. Pl. ajagrabhaishan 168.1, ayûyupan 1, avîvrdhan 1, avocan 1, asushavus 1.

AORIST SUBJUNCTIVE.

3d form.

- 1. Sing. vocam (2).
- 3. Sing. didharat [1], rîramat (1).

S-FUTURE INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. janayishyati 1.
- 3. Pl. ápayishyámas 1, gamayishyámas 1, yájayishyámas 1.

II. Desiderative.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. ninîshâmi 1.
- 2. Sing. ninîshasi 1.

DESIDERATIVE—concluded.

3. Sing. îpsati 1, jigamishati 2, 3. Sing. pipâsate 1, bubhûshati 1. çuçrushate 1.

3. Pl. didhishante 1, bîbhatsante 1.

PRESENT OPTATIVE.

3. Sing. jigánset 1, dhitset 1, bubhúshet 1. 3. Sing. didíkshisheta

PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

sishåsutyas 1.

mîmânsamânâs 1.

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. epsat 1.
- 3. Pl. ajigháisan 1, epsan 1. 3. Pl. ajijñásanta 3, abíbhatsanta 1, arurut-santa 1.

PERFECT INDICATIVE.

2. Sing. didásitha 1.

Desiderative from Causative base.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

3. Pl. bibhávayishanti 112.11.

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

3. Pl. kalpayishan 72,5,6,7.

III. Intensive.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. nenije [3].
- 2. Sing. iyase 200.17.

- 3. Sing. vevishati 1.
- 1. Pl. nonumas (s).

1. Pl. imahe 113,242.

3. Pl. dîdyati 2.

PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE.

2d form.

3. Sing. jańghanut (2), didayat (1).

3d form.

31 Sing. marmreat 1.

 ${\tt Intensive--} concluded.$

PRESENT OPTATIVE.

3. Sing. jágryát 1.

PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

2. Sing. didîhi (1).

PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

jágratam 1, dídyat (1), dídhyatyas 1, cekitánum (1), johuvápanipnatam (1), marmreantas 1, nás (1). varvrtatís (1), vávadatas 1.

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. câkan 1, jaúghanat [1]. 3. Sing. adîdedivata1.
- 3. Pl. ajohavus 1, anamnamus [1]. 3. Pl. anonudyanta 1.

PERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. didhaya (2).
- 3. Sing. dídáya 5.

PERFECT PARTICIPLE.

dîdivân (1) -ânsam (1), pîpivânsam (1), pipushîm (1).

IV. Denominative.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. urushyati 1, gopáyati 2, 3. Sing. tandrayate 1, namasyati 1, bhishajyati 2, nyúńkha- mantrayate 2. yati 2, valgúyati (1).
 - 1. Pl. vájayámasi (1).
- 3. Pl. nyúńkhayanti 1, bhishajyanti 2.

PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE.

1st form.

1. Sing. nytínkhayáni 2.

PRESENT OPTATIVE.

3. Sing. gopáyet 2, nyűńkhayet 11, bhakshayet 5, mokshayet 1.

PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Sing. $gopáya{[2]}$, mantraya 1. 2. Sing. virayasva 1.
- 3. Sing. gopáyatu [4].

DENOMINATIVE—concluded.

- 3. Du. bhishajyatam 1.
- 2. Pl. gṛbhâyata 1, duvasyata (1). 3. Pl. mantrayadhvam

PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

arâtîyatas 1, devayantas 1 (6).

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. amantrayata 1.
- 3. Pl. amantrayantas.

PERFECT INDICATIVE.

3. Sing. mantrayamasa 2.

V. Passive.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 2. Sing. idhyase (2).
- 3. Sing. ápyate 1, idhyate (2), ucyate 13, rdhyate 5, kriyate 18, kríyate 1, kshíyate 2, khyáyate 1, gamyate 2, giyate 6, grhyate 2, chidyate 1, jñáyate 3, táyate 1, duhyate 1, dhíyate 26, dhriyate 1, níyate (1), pacyate 1, páryate 2, bhriyate 1, míyate 1, mucyate 3, yujyate 2, ricyate 1, rúpyate 2, labhyate 2, vidyate 2, casyate 18, cishyate 3, sicyate 6, srjyate 2, híyate 1, háyate 3.
 - 3. Du. ucyete 1, kriyete 3, ricyete 1, casyete 4.
- 3. Pl. apyante 5, ucyante 3, upyante 2, kriyante 5, grhyante 4, dhiyante 8, niyante 3, mucyante 1, yujyante 1, rudhyante 2, çasyante 23, srjyante 3, sicyante 5, hayante (hu) 1, hayante (ha,hvá) 1.

PRESENT OPTATIVE.

- 3. Sing. kṛtyeta 1, bhidyeta 1, mṛjyeta 1, vidyeta 2.
- 3. Du. *srjyeyátám* 1.
- 3. Pl. kṛtyeran 1, kriyeran 1, dahyeran 3, vidyeran 1, vliyeran 1, hîyeran 1.

PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

3. Sing. dhíyatám 5.

PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

(Suffix mána) ajyamánáya 1, uhyamánáya 1 -e 1 -ábhyám 2, kriyamánam 10 -ena 1 -áya 1 -e 1, kriyamánam 2, díyamánasya 3, duhyamánam 1 -á 6, dhíyamánam 1, níyamánas 1 -am 1 -áya 1 -e 3 -ábhyám 3, -ebhyas 3 -ásu 1, pacyamánás 1, púryamána- 2, bhaj-

Passive—concluded.

yamáná 1, mathyamánas 1 -áya 3 -e 1, míyamánas (1), mucyamánas 2, yujyamáná 1, rudhyamánas 1, çasyamánam 1 -ám 1 -e 2, çríyamánáya 1, stúyamánas 1, húyamánáyám 1.

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. akhyâyata 1, adhîyata 1, amucyata 1, ahîyata 1, ahûyata 2, ârdhyata 2.
 - 3. Pl. adîryanta 1, adhriyanta 3, opyanta 1, asrjyanta 2.

AORIST INDICATIVE.

3. Sing. aceti (1), ajani 15, adhāyi (2), apādi 1, ayoji (1), aroci (1), asāvi 1, vāci [61.8,14,19].

AORIST SUBJUNCTIVE.

3. Sing. jani 214.17,19,21,23,24, dháyi (20.17).

Causative Passive.

PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

pádyamáne 1, sádyamánáya 1 -ásu 1, sthápyamánas 1.

VI. Infinitive.

Accusative. etum 3, kartum 3, jetum 1, tantum 1 (2), dâtum 1, nayitum 1, moktum 1, yantum 2, yoktum 1, vaktum 1, vaditum 1, volhum 1, sattum 1, sadam (24.10).

Dative. etavái 2, kartave 1, jívase [1], dr.ce (1), pátave (2), volhave (1).

VII. Preterite Participle.*

Active. (Suffix tavant) patavantas pi.

Passive. (Suffix ta) aktas 2 -tam (1) 1 -tás (2), aste 1, áptas 3 p16 -tá 2 [1] p5 -tam p2 -tám 2 -tánám 1 -teshu 1, ita c2 -tas 3 (1) p3 -tam 1 p1 -te 28, iddhas 2 p1 c3 -dhasya (1), ishitas 2 -tá 2 -tam 1 -tás (1), ishtam 18 [3], akta c1 -tas 1 p2 pc2 c1 -tá1 -tam 5 p7 -tasya 1 -táyám 3 -te 2, adita c1 -tas p6 -tam p3 -tám 2 -táyám 1, atání p 4, álhas 2, kṛtas p1 (p1) -tá p1 -tam 1 (2) p10 c3 -táya 2 c1 -te 6 -tám (1) -teshu 1, kṛshṭas p1 -tam 2, klptas p1 -tam c2 -tena 1 -te p1 -tás 2 p1 -tání 1, kṛānta 6 -tam 1 -tání 2, kṛītam 1 -táya 1 -tasya 1 -te 2, krushṭas 2 -tam 2, khyátam 1, gata c2 -tas 3 p1 -tam 2 (1) -te 3 -táyám 1 -tayor 2 -tás 2 p1, gítas p1 -tás p2, gṛhítas p2 c1, gṛbhítas p1 -tá 1 c1 -tam 1 p1 c1 -tás 1 -tání 1 -tán (2), citas p1, cyutas 12 -tá 16 p1 -tát 2 -tás 2, játas 3 (5) p1 c1 -tam 6 (3) -táya 4 -tasya 1 -tás 2 -tánám 2, jitá p1 -tam 1 (1) p1, jushṭá c1, jútas c1 -tam (c8), jñátás 1,

^{*} A c denotes a use of the participle in composition; a p, its use as predicate, without copula expressed.

PRETERITE PARTICIPLE—concluded.

tata c1 -tas 5 (1) p2 -tâ 2 -tam 5 (4) p1 -tais 5, taptas 1 -tebhyas 4, tûrtas 1 (1), drptas 2, drshtân 1, drihitâni (p1), dattam 1, ditam (1), dishtàm 1, dikshitas 3 -tasya 2 -tas 1, dushtam 2, dugdha c1 -dham 3 [1], dhita c2, dhrtas 1 p2 -tas p1 -tani p1, nashta c2 -ta 1, naddhas p2, nîtas 2, netas 2 -tâs p1 -tâni p1, nuttâs 4, pîtas 1 -tasya [1], pûtas 2 p2, pûrtam [3], prshtas 1, prîtas 3 -tam 4 -tâya 1 -te 1 -tau 1 -tas 5, bhakta 1, bhakshitas 4 -tasya 1, bhatam 4 [1] -tam 1 -tat 1, bhrtam 3, matam 1, mattas 1 -tam p2, mitas 2 p9 -tam 6 p3 -tena 4 -tasya 2 -tâbhis 5, mittam 1, muktas 2 -te 1 -tayos 1 -tâs 1, mugdhas ı, mrta cı -tâ ı, mrshtas ı, yata (cı) -tas 2 (ı) pı -tam (ı) pı -tîm 1, yattan 1, yacitas 1, yuktas 2 p2 -tatamas p1 -tam 1 -taya 1 -te 1 tayos 1, rabdhas 1 -dhá 1 pi -dham [1] pi -dháya i -dhe 1, ratatama (1), riktas 1 -tam 1p 1 -tayos 1 -tani 1, rishta c2, ruddhas 2 -dhá i -dhás pi, labdhas i -dhát 4, lubdham 6 pr, vántam 2 pi -tân 1, vrkta (ci), vrtas 1 [1] ps [c2 pc1] -tâ pc1, vrtta c1 -tâs 1 p1 -tâsu 1, vitta cı -tâ pı -tam 3, viddhas ı -dhâ 1, vishtas ı -tâya 2 -te 1, vîtas (1), çastas 4 (c1) -tam 6 p1 -tatamam 1 -te 2 [1] -tâs 4, cânta c4 -tas 1 -tás 1 -táni 3, cishtas p1 -tam 3 (1)[p1], cuddhas 1, ccutas (2), crántam [1] -táni 2, -tatarais 4, critam 4 -te 3 p1 -tayos 1 -tás 1 pl -tani 1, grutas 1 pl, glishtam 2, saktas pl -tam pl, siktas 5 -tam s -tâya 1 -tasya 2 -tân 5, situs 1, srta c1, srshtâ 6 -tum 2 -te 1 p2 -tas 1 -tanam 2, sutas 1 (1) (p1) -tam 11 -tasya (1) -tasas p1 -tani 1, satas 2 -tas c2, skabhita [1 p1], stutas 10 (1) -tam 3 p1 -te 1. sthita c16 -tas s pr -tam s p6 -tena 2 -tatamayâ 1 -tâyâm 1 -tasya (1) -te 1 -tûs 4 p2 -tûn 6 -tûnûm 3, srastam 2, hata c4 -tas 1 -tam 1 -te 1 -tas 7, $h\bar{t}tas$ 10 ps pc1 -ta c1 -tam 1 ps (p2) [c1] -tena c1 -tâs 2, hrtas 6 -tam 4 -tâs 2 pi -tân 2 -tais i -tâsú 2, hutas 3 -tam 3 (1) $p_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix} -t \hat{a} y \hat{a} m$ 1 $-t \hat{a} s$ 2, $h \hat{a} t \hat{a} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix} -t a m$ 1 $\begin{bmatrix} p_2 \end{bmatrix} -t \hat{a} s$ $\begin{bmatrix} p_3 \end{bmatrix}$.

Causative. *iritayâ* 1, *vâsitam* 1.

Desiderative. jijyushitas ps.

(Suffix na) gîrṇam p3, chinnas 1 -ná 1 -nais 5, jîrnam 1, pannas 1 -nam 2 -nasya 1, pînas p1, pûrṇa (1), bhinnâm 1, lînâni 1, çânas 1, sannas 3 -nam 1 -nâsu 1, stîrṇam (1), hînas p1 -nâ 1.

VIII. Gerundives.

(Suffix tavya) açitavyam p2, ishitavyam p2, eshtavyam 1, kartavyas 1 p2 -yd 1 -yam 2 p3 -ye 1 -yau p1 -yds 2, caritavyam p2, dátavya 1, drogdhavyam 1, pattavyam p2, vaditavyam p2, çanstavyas 2 p4 -tavya p2 -tavyam p3, hotavyam p10 -tavye p2.

(Suffix tva) janitvam 1 (1).

(Suffix anîya) dhânîyâ 1 -nîyâs 6 -nîyâbhis 1.

(Suffix ya) âpyâ 1 [1], îkshyatamam p1, îdyâya (1), ucyas p9-yam 1 p5 -yâs p1 -yâni p3, kṛṭyam p2, kîrṭyam 1, giryam p1, guhyam 3, jñeyam 1, dṛṭyam p12, dhṛṣhyâ 2 [2], dheyam 2, peyam p1, bandhyas 1, bhavyam 1, medhyâ 1 -yâs p1, rudhyas p1, vâdyam

Gerundives-concluded.

ı, vadhyası, vedyas pı, vyathyam 5, çasyas pı -yâ pı -yâni 1, srjye pı, hrtyam ps.

Causative. (Suffix tavya) kalpayitavyās p2—(ya) yājyas p2-yam p1.

Desiderative. (Suffix tavya) lîpsitavyam pi.

IX. Gerund.

(Suffix två) åptvå 13, ishtvå 10, uktvå 3, ådhvå 1, krtvå 16 [1], gatvå 6, grhitvå 1, caritvå 2, japitvå 2, jitvå 3, jñåtvå 1, taptvå 2, dattvå 3, dugdhvå 2, drshtvå 11, dhåtvå 1, patitvå 3, pitvå 1 [1], bhåtvå 39, yåcitvå 1, vittvå 2, vrshtvå 1, çastvå 13, crutvå 1, siktvå 1, srshtvå 3, hatvå 3, hitvå 1, hutvå 5, hrtvå 1.

(Suffix ya) açya 2, asya 2, ápya 2, itya 15, ucya 4, udya 2, upya 2, ushya 1, áhya 2, kalpya 1, krtya 3, kramya 7, khádya 1, khyáya 1, gatya 1, gáya 2, gírya 1, gúrya 2, grhya 2, grathya 1, crtya 1, chidya 3, jñáya 3, tacya 1, dáya 8, drtya 1, drçya 1, drutya 2, dháya 11 [1], dhrtya 2, níya 1, budhya 6, bhajya 1, bhúya 1, bhrtya 3, mitya 1, mucya 2, mushya 1, mrshya 5, rabhya 2, rádhya 2, rújya 2, rudhya 1, ruhya 3, ráhya 1, rupya 1, labhya 1, lupya 2, valhya 2, viçya 2, vrtya 1, cishya 4, sadya (2), sicya 4, srjya 2, stírya 1, stháya 6, háya 2, háya 4, hrtya 3.

Causative. (Suffix två) kalpayitvå 2, gamayitvå 2, chådayitvå 2, janayitvå 1, dîkshayitvå 1, bhakshayitvå 2, çåpayitvå 2, çrapayitvå 1.

(Suffix ya) cârya 1, vedya 1, veçya 1, sthâpya 3, sparçya 1. Causative from Desiderative base. bhîshayitvâ 1.

III. THE VERB IN THE NALA AND BHAGAVADGÎTÂ.

PRESENT SYSTEM.

Active.

Middle.

A. Present Indicative.

- I. asmi N15 B39, emi N1; II. dadámi B2, dadhámi B2; III. karomi vrne N1; IV. ikshe B1, N1 B1, çaknomi B1, açnámi B1, grhnámi káńkshe B1, name N1, BI, janami N3 BI, pushnami BI; IV. bhashe NI, labhe BI, varte carámi N5, tapâmi B1, tarâmi N1, pac- B1, çańke N1, sahe N5, vinde âmi Bi, bhajâmi Bi, bhavâmi Bi, vah- Ni, padye Bi, manye Ni Bi, ami bi, vrajami ni, çocami ni, smarami N4, svapámi N1, kshipámi B1, vindámi NI BI, viçâmi NI, srjâmi NI B3, nacyâmi BI, paçyâmi N8 B4, hrshyâmi B2; V. ichâmi N9 B5, prchâmi N1 B1, cocimi N1. bravimi N7 BL
- 2. Sing. I. asi N21 B15, khyási N1. bhási NI; II. jahási NI, juhoshi BI, IV. katthase NI, bháshase tishthasi BI, daddsi BI, bibharshi NI; N4 BI, vartase NI, çankase III. apnoshi bi, karoshi bi, çaknoshi ni, çocase ni, harase ni, bi, açnasi bi; IV. arhasi nit bio, budhyase ni, manyase eshasi ni, tarasi ni, dhavasi ni, bhajasi na ba, çakyase ni. NI, vadasi BI, vanchasi NI, vijasi NI, çansasi NI BI, çocasi NI; V. ichasi N6 B3, bravíshi B1.
- 3. Sing. I. asti N12 B17, eti N2 B8. dveshti B5, bháti N2, yáti N4 B10, vetti ite N1, cashte N1, cete N4; N2 B11, çâsti N1, hanti B3; II. jahâti B2, II. tishthate B2, datte B1; tishthati N4 B4, bibharti B1; III. apnoti III. açnute B5, kurute NI B8, karoti B4, caknoti B1, crnoti NI B1, NI B3, vrnîte NI, bhuńkte grhnáti B1, jánáti N2 B6, badhnáti N1 B3, B2; ÍV. ingate B2, íkshate hinasti BI; IV. arcati NI. arhati N6 BI, B2, ihate BI, kalpate B3, karshati bi, kâńkshati bi, krâmati bi, grasate Ni, ceshtate bi, krocati ni, carati ni bi, calati bi, jivati tvarate ni, namate ni, N+ B1, tyajati B1, dahati N2, dhavati N1, patate N1, bhajate B2, yatate nandati N2 BI, patati NI, bravati NI, BI, rabhate B2, ramate B3, bhajati B2, bhramati NI BI, yatati BI, rajate N2, rodati NI, vadati BI, vasati NI, vahati vartate N2 BI2, vardhate NI, NI, váñchati N2, çansati NI, çocati vepate NI, vyathate NI, N3 B2, sídati NI, sarpati NI, smarati BI, çobhate NI, sahate NI, harati BI, muñcati BI, vindati N3 B4, sevate B2, sransate BI, harsrjati BI, gayati NI, tushyati BI, nacyati ate BI, vindate BI, vicate B6, pacyati N2 B13, muhyati B3, cishyati B1, trâyate B1, nacyate N1. BI, hrshyati B2; V. ichati N2, rchati B2, padyate B7, manyate N1 B4, gachati N3 B12, yachati B2.

- 1. Sing. III. jane B2,
- 2. Sing. III. janishe NI;
- 3. Sing. I. dste N3 B2. labhaterajyate BI, lîyate B2, çakyate NI.

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PRESENT INDICATIVE—concluded.

- 1. Du. IV. panávas N1; V. gach-1. Du. IV. panávahe ávas NI. NI.
- 3. Du. III. janītas BI; IV. bhavatas BI, vasatas NI.
- I. vidmas BI, smas NI; IV. carâmas ni, paçyâmas ni; V. gachâmas ni.
- 2. Pl. III. jánítha N1; IV. arhatha ni, dhavatha ni.
- 3. Pl. I. yanti ni bi4, stuvanti bi; II. juhvati B5, tishthanti B3; III. âpnu- cakshate B2; III. bhuñjate vanti BI, kurvanti B2, çaknuvanti NI, BI; IV. îkshante BI, îhante açnanti B1, grnanti B1, jânanti B2, B1, bhajante B3, yajante B6, badhnanti B3, chindanti B1; IV. kânksh- labhante B3, vartante B11, anti NI, caranti N2 BI, cyavanti BI, cocante NI, cubhante NI, jvalanti BI, tapanti BI, taranti BI, drav- padyante B4, manyante B1, anti ni B2, pacanti B1, patanti ni B2, liyante B1. bhajanti B2, bhavanti N1 B6, bhramanti NI, yajanti BI, yatanti BI, ramanti BI, vadanti B2, vartanti B1, vyathanti B1, cocanti bi, sidanti n2, haranti ni bi, hasanti NI, limpanti BI, viçanti B9, krudhyanti N2, tushyanti B1, dushyanti BI, nacyanti BI, pacyanti NI B6, muhyanti Bi, rudhyanti Ni; V. ichanti N2, gachanti N4 B6.

3. Pl. I. dsate NI BIO,

B. PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE.

1st form.

1. Sing. III. karavāni N1.

1. Pl. III. karavámahai NI.

1. Sing. III. bhuñjiya

2d form.

1. Du. IV. dîvydva N2.

C. PRESENT OPTATIVE.

- 1. Sing. I. vidyam NI BI, syam B2, hanyâm Bi; III. âpnuyâm Bi, kuryâm Ni; IV. varteya Ni. NI BI, janiyam N2 BI, bhuñjîyam NI; IV. karteyam ni, tyajeyam ni, bhasheyam NI, sprçeyam NI, paçyeyam NI; V. gacheyam N2.
 - 2. Sing. I. brayas NI.
- 2. Sing. IV. tyajethás NI, bhavethás NI, budhyethás ni; V. ichethás ni. prchethás NI.

PRESENT OPTATIVE—concluded.

- 3. Sing. I. nudyát bi, brûyât n², 3. Sing. I. ásîta b³; vidyât b², syât n¹0 b², hanyât n¹; II. III. yuñjîta b¹; IV. bhâshtishthet NI; III. apnuyat BI, kuryat eta BI, varteta BI, vrajeta N4, B1, crnuyât B1, jânîyat N1, yunjyât B1, çanketa N1, crayeta N1, BI; IV. tyajet B3, dharet B1, nacet B1, vindeta N1, padyeta N1, bhavet N12 B2, ramet B1, labhet B1, vadet budhyeta N1, manyeta B1. NI, vrajet N2, crayet B1, smaret B1, majjet NI, vijet BI, pacyet BI, sidhyet BI, hrshyet B1; V. gachet N4 B1.
- 1. Pl. I. syâma BI, hanyâma NI; IV. jayema BI, paçyema NI.
- 3. Pl. I. vidyus N1, syus B1, hanyus BI; IV. jayeyus BI, bhaveyus NI, sîdeyus BI.

3. Pl. IV. nameran Bl.

D. PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Sing. I. ihi N2, khydhi B1, jahi 2. Sing. I. cakshva B3, trahi N1, brahi N6 B2, yahi N1, viddhi N2; II. dhatsva N1 B1; 2. Sing. I. ihi N2, khyáhi B1, jahi N7 B24, câdhi B1; II. tishtha N2 B5, dehi III. kurushva N3 B1, grnî-NI; III. kuru ns B7, cinuhi ni, crnu shva ni, janishva ni, N4 B13, grhana N2, janihi N2 B1; IV. bhunkshva N1 B1; IV. cara B2, jîva N3, dhâva N1, naya N2, îkshasva N1, nayasva N1, bodha N4 B1, bhava N2 B9, yata N1, bhajasva B1, bharasva N1, raksha N1, vada N3 B1, vasa N3, vaha modasva N1, labhasva B1, NI, vraja N2, cansa NI, sida B3, smara vadasva N3, vasasva NI, BI, diça NI, dîvya NI, paçya NI B9, padyasva NI, yudhyasva yudhya BI; V. icha BI, gacha NI2 B2, B3. yacha ni, çvasihi ni.
- 3. Sing. I. astu N4 B6, yatu N1; IV. jîvatu ni, bhavatu ni, sîdatu ni, muñc- ni, patatâm ni, vartatâm atu N2; V. yachatu N1.
- 2. Pl. III. crnuta NI, jânîta N3; IV. dhávata ni, cansata ni.
- 3. Pl. I. bruvantu NI, yantu N2; III. kurvantu NI; IV. kshamantu NI, tyajantu ni, yatantu ni, rakshantu NI BI, dicantu N4.

- 3. Sing. IV. nayatám N5, crámyatám NI.
- 2. Pl. III. grnîdhvam NI; IV. yatadhvam NI. trayadhvam N1; V. gachadhvam NI.

E. PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

I. ghnatas Bi, dvishantas Bi -atas Bi, bruvan N3 -antam N1 -antyas N1 -atas amanas N1 -am N2, iksh-NI, yantam N2 -antas NI, çasatam NI, amanayas NI, ishamana cvasan N1, san B2 -atî N3 -at B2 -atas B2 N!, eshamana N1 -am N1, -ati ni bi -antas bi, svapan bi; II, krandamanam na, gras-

(Suffix mana) IV. at-

PRESENT PARTICIPLE-concluded.

jighran ві, tishthantam ві -atâm nī amānasві, ceshtamānasya -atsu N1: III. kurvantîm N1 -atas N1 -an N1, traramânas N3, dhâv-N2 B3, cinvantas N1, crnvan N1 -atas B1 amânâs N1, bhajamânâm -atos NI, açnutas B2, grhnan BI, jânan NI, bhrajamanas N3 -am BI -atâ BI -antas B2, mushnantî NI, NI, margamana NI, yaj-yuñjan B3 -atas BI; IV. eshatî N2 -atîm amanas NI, yatamanas BI, NI -antas NI, kańkshantas BI, kram- lapamana NI, vartamanas antam BI, caran N3 B3 -atî N1 -antâm N1 B2 -e N1 -âni B1, vepamânas -atas Bi -atâm Bi, jîvantîm Ni, N2 Bi -â Ni -âm Ni, çańk-jvaladbhis Bi, tapantam Bi, tyajan Bi, amânâ Ni, çobhamânâ Ni, dhâvan N2 -antas N1, nadatas N1, smayamânam N1 — lajjnandantam NI, nindantas BI, patan NI amana NI — gayamanas -antîm Ni -antas Ni -atas Ni -atâm N2, Ni, dahyamânâ Ni, dîvyapavatâm Bi, bhajatâm Bi, bhâshantas mânam Ni, paçyamânâ NI, bhraman NI, yajantas BI, yatatâ BI NI, prîyamanaya BI, mrsh--atas Bi -antas Bi -atâm Bi, yâcate Ni, yamânâs Ni. rájadbhis N1, lapan B1 -antí N2 -antím NS, vadatām Bi, vaman NI, vasatī NI anas NI -a NI -an NI, atas NI, vahatas NI, vaçatîm NI, çayânam N2; II. dadhvrajanti N1, cansadbhis N1, cocan N1 anas B1 -as B2; III. -antîm Ni -antyâ Ni, sîdantam B2, kurvânas B1, smaran N3 B4 -antî N1 -antyâs N1, N1 — bhuñjânam B1; V. smayan N2, syandatâm N1, sravat N1, âsînas B2. haran ni bi -antî ni, hasan na bikshipantîm NI, mishan BI, muñcantas N2. rudatî N4 -atîm N1 -antîm N1 -antyâs N2 -antyau N1, likhadbhis N1, vicantam N2 -antîm N1—dahyantam N1, dîvyatas NI, dhyâyatas BI, nacyantam BI -atsu B2, pacyan NI B4 -anti NI -atas NI BI -adbhis Bi -atâm Ni; V. ichan Bi, gachan Bi -antî Ni -antam Ni -antîm Ni -antas NI, prchantyá NI.

(Suffix ana) I. bruv-- cinvánas

F. IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. I. âsam N1; IV. atyajam NI, avasam NI.
- 2. Sing. IV. açocas B1; V. abravît NI.
- 3. Sing. I. ayat N4; II. atishthat 3. Sing. I. asta N1; N3, adadhat N1; III. akarot N3, avrnot II. atishthata N1; IV. N2, ajánát N2; IV. akarshat N1, akroc- adhávata N1, anandata at N3, acarat N1, adaçat N1, adravat N3, N3, adhavat NI, anayat N2, abhavat NIO BI, arocata NI, avartata N2, arohat N1, avasat N1, acapat N1, acvasat avardhata N1, aikshata NI, asravat NI, asat NI, avicat N5 BI, NI, avindata NI, apacyata asriat NI, apacyat N8 B2; V. agachat NI, abudhyata N2, aman-N5, abravît N56 B3, ayachat N3, asît N6 yata N3; V. aprchata N2. aichat NI.
- abháshata N21 BI,

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE -concluded.

3. Du. IV. avasetâm NI.

3. Pl. I. abruvan N5; III. akurvan 3. Pl. III. akurvata N1; IV. adravan N1, apatan N1, N1 B1; IV. adravanta N1, 3. Pl. III. akurvata abhavan n3, avrajan n1, apaçyan n1; abháshanta n1, áhrshyan-V. agachan N2, aprchan N1. ta NI.

PERFECT SYSTEM.

PERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. veda BI.
- 2. Sing. attha BI, vettha NI B2.
- 3. Sing. Aha N2 B22, Apa N2, iyesha 1. Sing. ije N2, cakrame N2, uváca N67 B43, uvása N1, cakráma N1, cakre N1, cakshame Ni, cacála Ni, jagáda Ni, jagáma Ni2, Ni, cacakshe Ni, jajñe jagráha N6, jajvála N1, jahára N2, N1, jahrshe N1, tasthe juhava ni, tasthau ni, dadarça nii, ni, dadrshe ni, bubudhe dadau N6, dadhmau B2, dadhyuu N1, N1, mene N2, mamrde N1, dideça NI, papâta N2, papracha N5, mumude NI, reme NI, lebhe babhava ni Bi, mamarda ni, yayau ni, vavande ni, vavrdhe N7, raraksha N1, raraja N1, ruroda N5, N1, sasvaje N1. ruroha ni, lalapa n2, vavau ni, viveça N8, veda N4 B4, çaçâpa NI, çaçâsa NI, cucráva N3, cacvása N1, sasáda N3, sasâra n:, sasarja ni, sushvâpa ni.
- 3. Du. *iyatus* ni, *úshatus* ni, *tasth-* 3. Du. *viviçâte* ni. atus NI, dadhmatus NI.

- 1. Pl. cucruma Bl.
- 3. Pl. ahus ni bs, acus ns, cukruçus NI, jagmus NIO, jajnus NI, tasthus N2, dadus ni, dadreus ni, dadhus ni, dadhmus Bi, dudruvus Ni, nedus N2, paprachus NI, petus N4, yayus N2, vidus B12, viviçus N2, çaçansus N2, çuçruvus N3, sasrpus N1.

3. Pl. cakrire NI.

PERFECT PARTICIPLE.

îyivân np3, *vidvân* n1 -*vânsas* n1.

AORIST SYSTEMS.

A. Simple-Aorist.

I. Forms in which the endings are added directly to the root.

INDICATIVE.

2. Sing. krthûs NI.

3. Sing. agát N2, adát N2, abhát N5.

SUBJUNCTIVE.

3d form.

2. Sing. bhûs BI.

SIMPLE-AORIST—concluded.

OPTATIVE.

2. Pl. brûyâsta NI.

II. Forms which take a as a connecting vowel.

INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. agamam NI.
- 3. Sing. agamat No.
- 3. Pl. agaman NI.

SUBJUNCTIVE.

3d form.

2. Sing. gamas BI, çucas NI B2.

B. S-Aorist.

I. Forms which add s to the root.

INDICATIVE.

1. Sing. acrausham BI.

SUBJUNCTIVE.

3d form.

2. Sing. bhais NI.

II. Forms which add ish to the root.

SUBJUNCTIVE.

2. Sing. vyathishthás В1.

FUTURE SYSTEMS.

A. S-Future.

INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. eshyámi ni, karishyámi N4, khyásyámi N1, gamishyámi N3, karishye N1 B1, dhásye N1, grahîshyami NI, jñasyami NI, dasyami modishye BI, yakshye BI, N5 B1. dekshyami N1, drakshyami N1, yatishye N1, yokshye N2, dhásyámi N3, nańkshyámi N2, praksh- yotsye B2, vakshye B1, yámi N1, bhavishyámi N7, yásyámi N1, sthásye N1, hanishye B1. yotsyami ві, vakshyami ві, vatsyami N2, vetsyámi N1, vekshyámi N1, croshyami N2.
- ápsyasi ni B6, eshyasi NI B3, karishyasi N2 B2, khyasyasi NI, patsyase NI, bhokshyase jñasyasi BI, tarishyasi N2, drakshyasi BI, mokshyase B4, yoksh-N2 B1, nańkshyasi B1, bhavishyasi N3, yase N1, rańsyase N1, lap-mokshyasi N1, yásyasi N1 B2, vakshyasi syase N1, çakshyase B1, NI, vatsyasi NI, vasishyasi BI, vekshyasi capsyase NI. NI, croshyasi BI, harishyasi NI, hasyasi вı.
- 1. Sing. apsye
- 2. Sing. drakshyase NI,

S-Future—concluded.

- 3. Sing. Apsyati N1, eshyati N1 B1, 3. Sing. eshyate B1, karishyati N1 B1, carishyati N1 B1, ransyate N1. tarishyati B1, dhasyati B1, nayishyati N1, bhavishyati N11 B1, mansyati N1, mokshyati N1, yasyati N2, yokshyati B1, vatsyati N2, sthasyati N2 B1, hasyati N1.
 - 3. Du. sthásyatas NI.
 - 1. Pl. bhavishyamas NI.
 - 2 Pl. ápsyatha NI.
- 3. Pl. gamishyanti N1, dekshyanti 3. Pl. dåsyante B1, B1, dharishyanti N1, bhavishyanti B1, mansyante B1. vakshyanti N1, vadishyanti B1.

IMPERATIVE.

2. Pl. savishyadhvam

PARTICIPLE.

bhavishyatâm BI.

yotsyamánán BI.

B. Periphrastic Future.

INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. kartásmi NI.
- 2. Sing. gantāsi ni bi, jetāsi bi, bhavitāsi ni.
- 3. Sing. gantá N2, jetá N1, dátá N1, drashtá N1, netá N1, bhavitá N7 B2.

DERIVATIVE VERBS.

I. Causative.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. dhârayâmi ві, nâçayâmi 1. Sing. cintaye ni, ві, yojayâmi ni, çvâsayâmi ni. sâdaye ві.
- 2. Sing. mánayasi N1, mohayasi B1, yojayasi B1, vardhayasi N1, çvásayasi N2.
- 3. Sing. káçayati B3, dyotayati N1, 3. Sing. dhárayate B2, dhárayati N1, bhakshayati N1, mohayati bhásayate B2, hládayate N1. B1, vartayati B1, çoshayati B1, sañjayati B2.
- 3. Pl. kledayanti ni, dharayanti ni, vyathayanti ni.

CAUSATIVE—continued.

PRESENT OPTATIVE.

- 2. Sing. vasayes NI.
- 3. Sing. kathayet N1, kâmayet N2, câlayet B1, cintayet B1, janayet B1, joshayet B1, varayet N4, sâdayet B1.

PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Sing. kathaya BI, khâdaya NI, darçaya N2 B2, dhâraya B2, mocaya NI, yojaya NI, varaya NI, vedaya N3, veçaya BI, çvâsaya N2, sthâpaya BI.
 - 2. Pl. bhávayata BI.

2. Pl. kathayadhvam

NI, cintayadhvam NI.

2. Sing. varayasva N2.

3. Pl. bhávayantu BI.

PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

kathayan N1 -antîm N1 -atas B1 -antau kathayânas ayânasya N1.

B1, kalayatâm B1, karçayantas B1, karshayan N1, cintayan N2 B2 -antyâs N1 -antas B1, janayan B1, damayatâm B1, dhârayan B2 -atîm N1, nâdayan N1 B1, pâdayan N1, pâlayan N1, pûrayan N1 -antas N1, bodhayantas B1, bhâvayatas B1 -antas B1, bhrâmayan B1, mohayan N1, vartayan N1, çvâsayantî N1.

kathayânas nı, cintyıânasya nı.

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. akathayat N1, acintayat N3, atarpayat N1, adârayat N1, adaevayat N1, anâmayat N1, apajayat N1, arañjayat N1, avârayat B1, avedayat N9, acvâsayat N1, asarjayat N2, asâdayat N1, asthâpayat N3.
 - 3. Pl. apajayan NI, avedayan NI.
- 3. Sing. açvâsayata nı.
- 3. Pl. acobhayanta NI.

PERFECT INDICATIVE.

3. Sing. arcayâmâsa NI, eshayâmâsa NI, kârayâmâsa NI, kathayâmâsa NI, kshamayâmâsa NI, ghoshayâmâsa NI, cintayâmâsa N5, janayâmâsa NI, tarkayâmâsa N4, toshayâmâsa NI, darçayâmâsa B2, dhârayâmâsa NI, nâyayâmâsa NI, nodayâmâsa NI, pât-

CAUSATIVE—concluded.

aylmasa N1, pajaylmasa N1, yojaylmasa N1, vadaylmasa N1, vadaylmasa N1, varaylmasa N1, vegaylmasa N1, colhaylmasa N1, colsaylmasa N1, sthapaylmasa N2.

3. Pl. *crávayáňcakrire*

S-Future.

INDICATIVE.

- 1. Sing. kathayishyami N1 B1 1. Sing. varayishye naçayishyami N1, bhransayishyami N1, N2, çatayishye N1. mocayishyami B1, varayishyami N1.
- 3. Sing. nácayishyati ni, pújayishyati ni, varayishyati nz.
 - 3. Pl. kathayishyanti Bl.

Periphrastic Future.

INDICATIVE.

2. Sing. darcayitasi NI.

II. Desiderative.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 2. Sing. cikîrshasi ni.
- 1. Pl. jijívishámas Bl.

PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

2. Sing. titikshasva BI.

PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

cikîrshantî N1, jigîshatûm B1, ji- cikîrshamûnas N1, jijñûsghûnsantas N1. amûnas N1.

III. Intensive.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. jagarti BI.
- 3. Pl. jágrati bl.

PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

jágratas ві. vol. х. dedîpyamânâm NI.

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IV. Denominative.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

1. Sing. mårgåmi NI.

1. Sing. lakshaye N2.

2. Sing. tapasyasi BI.

- 2. Sing. mrgayase N1.
- 3. Sing. asûyati bi, ghâtayati bi.
- 3. Pl. gopáyanti N2, namasyanti B1. 3. Pl. arthayante B1.

PRESENT OPTATIVE.

3. Sing. arthayet N1.

PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

2. Sing. lakshaya NI.

- 2. Sing. ganayasva N2.
- 2. Pl. mṛgayadhvam

mrgayánena NI.

PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

arthayantas NI, ganayan N3, chalayatâm BI, namasyantas BI, lakshayantî NI, lokayan BI, sântvayan N4.

PERFECT INDICATIVE.

3. Sing. mantrayâmâsa N1, sântvayâmâsa N4.

S-FUTURE INDICATIVE.

3. Pl. kîrtayishyanti ni, mṛgayishyanti ni.

V. Passive.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 2. Sing. drcyase N2, dhriyase N1.
- 3. Sing. Apyate B3, ijyate B2, ucyate N1 B27, kriyate B4, kliçyate N1, gamyate B1, grhyate B1, jâyate B14, jîyate N2, jñâyate N2, dahyate N1 B1, diçyate N1, dîyate B3, dîryate N2, drçyate N2, dhîyate B5, dhriyate N1, badhyate B4, mucyate B2, mriyate N1 B1, yujyate B2, rabhyate B1, ricyate B1, labhyate B1, lipyate B6, lîyate N1, vidyate N5 B9, vriyate B1, cishyate B6, çudhyate N1, sajjate B3, sûyate B1, hanyate B2, hriyate B1.
- 3. Pl. kriyante N1, jdyante N3, tapyante N1, drçyante N3, mucyante N2, sajjante B1.

PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

- 2. Sing. yujyasva N2.
- 3. Sing. ásyatám ni, íyatám ni, kriyatám ni, dhíyatám ni.

PASSIVE-concluded.

PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

ucyamánam B1, krshyamánas N1, kriyamánáni B1, khyáyamánena N1, grasyamáná N1-ám N1, jñáyamáná N1, tvaryamánas N1, dahyamánas N4 -á N2 -ám N1 -asya N2, dhúyamánas N1, púryamánam B1, pídyamánas N2, prchyamáná N1, mrdyamánáni N1, rakshyamáná N1, hanyamáne B1.

IMPERFECT INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. ajiyata n1, ajiayata n1, adiryata n1, adhiyata n2, ayujyata n1.
 - 3. Pl. ahanyanta Bl.

Causative Passive.

PRESENT INDICATIVE.

- 3. Sing. kâryate B1, karshyate N1, câlyate B2, dhâryate B2, lakshyate N2.
 - 3. Pl. sådyante BI.

PRESENT IMPERATIVE.

3. Sing. namyatâm NI, vedyatâm NI, veçyatâm NI.

PRESENT PARTICIPLE.

kathyamane ni, nodyamanas ni, varnyamaneshu ni.

VI. Infinitive.

Accusative. (Suffix tum) arcitum B1, Aptum N2 B3, Asitum N1, eshtum N1, îkshitum N2, kampitum B1, kartum N8 B6, kroddhum N4, kshantum N1, khyâtum N2, grahîtum N1, calitum N1, chettum B1, jñâtum N2 B2, tyaktum N1 B1, trâtum N2, drashtum N3 B8, dhâtum B1, netum N2, bhoktum B1, yâtum N5, vaktum N1 B1, vartitum B1, vastum N1, vaditum N1 B1, veshtum N1 B1, çańkitum N1, çapitum N2, çocitum B4, çrotum N5, sodhum N1 B2, sthâtum B1, smartum N1, hantum B3, hartum N4, hâtum N1.

Causative. ishayitum ni, dharayitum ni, dharshayitum nz, varayitum ni, çvasayitum ni.

Denominative. mrgayitum N1.

VII. Preterite Participle.

Active. (Suffix tavant) aptavatí ni p2, uktaván ni bp2 -tavatí np1, kṛtavân n2 p2 -tavatí np1 -tavantas np1, gataván np2, tyaktaván np2, dṛshṭaván n2 p2 b2 -tavatí n1 -tavantas n1, labdhaván np1, crutaván b1, sṛshṭaván np1.—(navant) ásínavat b2.

Passive. (Suffix ta) akta bc3 -tas b1, asta bc2, ita nc1 -tas n3 p1 c3 b4 p1 c1 -td n2 c2 -tam n3 c2 b1 c1 -tdm nc2 -tena n1 c1 -tds

PRETERITE PARTICIPLE—continued.

NI CI B6 -tâni B2 p1 -tân NC3 B2 -tais N2, iddhas B1, ishtas B2 -tâ Np! -tam NI B2 -tâm N3 -tâs BI -tân BI -tais NI, uktas NI7 BI p1 -tâ N6 pl Bpl -tam N5 B3 p6 -tâm N1 -tasya N3 -te N2 -tâs N2 Bpl cl -tâni NI BI, utam BDI, ûdham BI -âm BI, rddha NCI -dham NI, kântâm NCI. krta NCS BC4 tas N3 CI B2 CI -ta N1 D2 -tam N5 D5 CI B3 D1 -tat NCI -te N2 tâs NI pI -tân NCI -tâni NI, krshtas NI -tena N2, krânta NCI -tas N2 CI BI -ta N1 pl -te N2, klantas N1, klishtam B1, kshatas Npi, khyátas na -tam Bpi -tás Npi, gata ncio Bcis -tas ne ps Bi pi ci -ta N2 p4 c1 -tam N5 p5 c3 B2 c3 -tam N3 -tena Bc1 -te N5 -tau Np1 -tas Nº p6 B4 p! -tân Nº BCI -tâyâm NI -teshu Nº, gîtam BI, guptâm NI, gudhas NI, grastâm NI, ghushtâm NI -tân NI, carite NI, calita Bei, citam Bi tâm Nei, cittas Bei tâs Bei, cyutas Npi, jâta Nei -tas bi -tâ ni -tam bi -tasya b3 -tâs bpi, jita nei be6 -tas n4 p3 bi p2, jushtam N1, jñáta NC1 -tas N2 -tá N1 -tam N3 -te N2, tatam B1 P4 -tas Bi tâni Bpi, taptâ Ni -tam Bi pi, tushtas B5, trpta Bci -tas Bi ci -tâs Npi, tyakta Nc2 Bc2 -tâ N5, trasta Nc1 -tâ N2, dagdha Bc1 -dhas ni ci, datta npi -tam bpi -tan bi, dashtasya ni, digdha nci -dhayâ Nc2 -dhân Bi, dishtas N2 -tâ N2 -tam N3 Bp1, dîpta Bc3 -tâ N1 -tam B3, dushtasu B1, drdha BC1 -dham B1, drshta NC5 CP1 BC2 -tas Ni pe cpi bpi ci -tâ npi -tam npi -tena nci -tâs npi, drutam ni -te NI, dhata Bei, dhrtam Npi, nashta Nc4 -tas Bp3 -tam Ni pi -te Ni Bi -tas Npi -tan Bi, nîta Npi -tau Ni, pata Bei, prshtas Npi, prîta Bei -tas N3 -tena N1 -tau N1 -tas N1, plutas Nc2 -ta N1 -tam N1 -tabhyam NI, baddhas BI -dhâm NI -dhâs BI, bhaktas N4 c5 -tâ NDI CI -tam B4 -tâya BI -tâs B4 CI -tâni BPI -teshu BI CI, bhîta BCI -tas N3 BCI $-t\hat{a}$ N4 pl $-t\hat{a}m$ N1 $-t\hat{a}ni$ вl, $bh\hat{a}ta$ всі -tas Nсі всі -tam Nc2 всі -teshu Bi, bhrtas Ni, bhrashta Nc4 -tas Ni ci Bi ci -ta Npi -tam Ni -tâm Nei, bhrântas Ni Bei, matta Ni, matas Bp5 -tâ Bp2 -tam Bp2 -te Bpi -tas Bpi, mrtam Bi -tasya Bi, mita Bci, mukta Nc2 Bc2 -tas Na Be pi -tam ni Bei -tasya bi -tâs ni Ba, mûdha nea Bee -dhas Ba -dhena N2 -dhas B6 -dhan B1, yata NC3 BC14 -tas N2 -tam N1 B3 C1 -tasya Bi -tas Bi pi -tais Ni, yata Bci -tas Ni pi -tam Ni -te Ni -tas B2, yukta BC8 -tas N3 B14 D1 C6 -tam N4 -tam NC1 -tena B1 -tasya B1 C1 -te Bi -tâs Ni BC4 -tân NC2 -tais B2 -tânâm B2 Ci (-tatamas Bi -mâs BI), raktû NI -tam NI tûm N3, ratas BI CI -tam NI -tûs B2, rabdhas NI -dham N2 -dhas NI, ruddhas BI, rūdhas BCI -dham BI -dhasya BI -dhâni Bei, labdhas Npi -dhâ Bpi -dham Bi, lipta Nei, lupta Bei, lubdhas Bi, vikta Bei, vishta Nei -tas N5 pi c2 B2 pi ci -ta Ni c3 -tam NI BI -tâbhyas NI, vîta BCI, vîta (vyâ) BCI -tas NI -tâ NI -tam NI -tâm NCI -tais NCI, vrtas NI p5 BI p1 -ta N4 CI BCI -tam NI CI BI p3 -tam N2 c4 -te n2 -tas n1 bp1 c1 -tais n1, vrtta nc1 bc1 -tas n1 p2 c1 b3 -tam n2 p1 cı -te nı Bı -tâni Bı, vrddha ncı -dhas Bı -dham Bpī -dhe Bı -dhâs Bci, çaktas N2 B1, çaptas N1, çishta Nc1 Bc1 -tá Np1 -tam N1 p1 B1 -tena N1 -tâya NI -tâs BPI -tais NCI, cuddha Bez, crabdham NI, crântas NI -tâ N2 -tam N1 -tasya N2 B2 -te N1 -tau Nc1, critas B3 -tam N1 B2 -tâs B6 -tais ni, gruta nci -tas ne pe -tâ ne -tam npe bpi -tasya bi -tau bpi -tâni ni pi, sakta nci BC4 -tas B5 -tâ ni -tam Bi pi -tâs B2 -tânâm Bi, srtas np2 -tá bp1 -tás bp1, srshtá n1 -tam bp1, siktás n1, siddhas bp1 c2 -dhasya Nci -dhanam B2, suptam N1 -tam N7 -te N1 -tayam N1,

PRETERITE PARTICIPLE—concluded.

stabdha Nei -dhas Bi -dhâs Bi, sthita Be5 -tas N5 p6 Bi0 p3 c2 -tâl Npi Bi p4 -tam N9 B7 p3 -tâm N2 -tât B2 -tau Bi p1 -tâs N2 p2 B2 p4 -tân N1 B4, spṛshṭas N1, smita Nei -tas N1 -tâl N4 -tâm Nei -tâs N2 B1 -tais N1, smṛtas Bp1 -tâl B1 -tam B1 p2, hata Ne3 Be1 -tas N1 p1 B2 -tam Npi B1 -tâs Npi c1 Bp1 -tân Bp1, hita Be1 -tas N3 p2 Bp1 -tâl N3 p1 -tam N3 p1 B1 -tâm N1 -te N1 -tâs N1 B2 -tân B1 -tais N1, hutam Bp2, hṛta Nei0 Be2 -tas B1 -tâl Np1 -tam Np1 B1 p7 -tâm N4 -te N1, hṛshṭa Ne3 Be1 -tas N2 -tâl N2 c1 -ṭena N1 -ṭasya N1 -ṭe N1 -ṭâs N1, hrītâ N1.

(Suffix ita) ishitas Np1 -tam Np1, îkshitas Np1 -tâs N1, ucitâ N1, ushitas (vas) N2 p1 -tâ N2 -tam N1 c1 -tâm N1, ushitam (ush) Bc1, kâńkshitam Bp1, kupitas N1 -tâ N1, kûjitâm Nc1, kshudhitas N1 -tam N2, grhîta Nc1 -tayâ Bc1 -tâni B1 -teshu N1, cintitas N1, ceshtitam N2, jvalitas Np1, tṛshitas N1, tvaritas N1 -tâ N1' -tâs N1, dayitas N1 -tân N2, paṇitas Np1, patitâ N1 p1 -te N1 -tâni N1, pîditas Nc1 -tâ N1 c2 pc1 -tam Nc1 -tâs Nc1, pâjitas N1 p1, prathitas B1, bhâshitâm N1, bhûshitâ N1 -tam Nc1, maṇditâm N1, mathita Nc1, muditas N1 -tau N1, rakshitam N1 Bc2, rahitâ N2 -tam Bc3 -tâs N1, rudite N1, vidita Bc1 -tâ Np1 -tam N1, vyathita Bc1 -tam Nc1 Bp2 -tâs N1 Bp1, vrīditās N1, çankitâ N1, sacitas N1 -tâ N2 -tam Nc1, sevita Nc1 -tam Nc2 -te Nc5, hṛshitas B1.

(Suffix na) kîrnam Nc2, glânasya N1, channas N2 -nam Nc2 -nâs N2, chinna Bc4, đĩna Nc1 -nâ N2 -nam N2 -nâm N2 -nâs N1, panna Nc1 Bc1 -nâ N6 -nas N5 -nam B3 -nâm N1 -ne N1 Bc1 -nâs B2 -nân N1, părna Nc3 Bc1 -nâm N1 -ne N1, bhinnâ B1, mânam B1, yâna Bc2, lînas B1, vigna Nc1 Bc2 -nâ N2, vinna Bc1, çîrnas N1 -nânâm N1, sanna Bc2 -nena B1, stîrnâm N1, hînas N1 -nam N1 Bc2 -nâm N2 C1 -nau N1.

Causative. (Suffix ta) arcitâni N1 p1, arjitam N1 p1, arditam N1, arpita Be2, îritas Np1 -tam N1, kathitam N1 -tás N1, karçitâ Ne1 -tâm Ne1, karshitas Ne1 -tâ N1 e1 -tâm Ne1 -tâni N1, kshayita Be1, darçitam Bp1, deçitas N1, dharshitâs N2, nâditam N2 e1, nâçitam B1, pâtitâs Np1, pyâyitâ Np1, bhâvitas Be1 -tâs B1 e1, mârjitâm N1, mohitas N4 -tam B1 -tâm N1 -tâs B1 p1, yojitas Ne1 B1, râjitam N1 -tâm N1, vâritâ N1, varjitas Be2 -tam N3 B2 -tâs Bp1, vartitam B1, çobhitam N3 -tâm N1 -tâs N1, çrâvitas N1, sâditâ N1.

Desiderative. ipsitas na -tâm ni.

Denominative. arthitam np1, kîrtitas B1 p2, ganitas np1 -te n1, pushpitam n1, lakshitas n1 p1 -tâ np1 -tam np1, sântvitas n1.

VIII. Gerundives.

(Suffix tavya) aptavyam Np1 B1, kartavyam Np1 B1 -tavyam B1, gantavyam Np1 Bp1, jñatavyam B1, datavyas N1 -yam Bp1, prashtavyas Np1, buddhavyam Bp3, bhartavya Np1, bhavitavyam N1, mantavyas B1, margitavyam Bp1, yashtavyam Bp1, yattavyam N1, yoktavyam Bp1, yoddhavyam B1, labdhavyas Np1, vaktavyam N1, veditavyam B1, cantavyam N1, crotavyasya B1, smartavyas Np1, hantavyas N1.

GERUNDIVES-concluded.

(Suffix ya) îkshyam B1, îdyam B1, kâmyanâm B1, kârya Bc1 -yas B1 -yam N2 p2 B4 p2 -yâ N1 p1 -ye B1 -yâni Np1, kledyas B1, gamyam Bc1, grahyam B1, cintya Bc1 -yas B2 -yam B1, jñeyas Np1 B1 p1 -yam N1 B6 p1 -yau N1, tulyas N1, tyâjyam Bp3, dandyas N1, drçyas N1, dâhyas B1, deyas N1 -yam N1, deçyam B1, pûjyas B1, badhyas B1, meya Nc1 -yâm B1, yamya Bc1, labhyas B1, vadhyas N1, vâcyam B1, vedyas N1 Bp1 -yam N1 B1, çakyâ Np1, çocyân B1, çoshyas B1, hârye B1.

Denominative. arthitavyam N1.

IX. Gerund.

(Suffix två) ishtvå (ish) B1, ishtvå (yaj) N1, uktvå N15 B6, krtvå N6 B9, gatvå N13 B2, grhîtvå N3 B2, chittvå N3 B2, jitvå N4 B2, jñåtvå B11, tyaktvå N2 B12, drshtvå N45 B11, dattvå N2, dhyåtvå N1, prshtvå N1, buddhvå N1 B2, buddhitvå B1, bhuktvå B1, bhútvå N4 B3, matvå N2 B2, muktvå B1, yåtvå N1, yuktvå B1, ruditvå N1, ruddhvå B2, labdhvå N3 B1, viditvå B2, crutvå N25 B3, srtvå N1, srshtvå B1, hatvå B1, hitvå B1.

(Suffix ya) arcya bi, acya ni, asya ni bi, apya ni bis, itya ni bi, ikshya ni bis, ushya ni, krtya ni, krshya ni, kramya ni, kshálya ni, kshipya ni, khyáya ni, gamya nii, gatya ni, grhya ni, carya ni, citya ni, chidya ni, jñáya ni bi, tírya ni, tyajya bi, dáya nio, dicya ni bi, drutya ni, dháya bi, nadya bi, nandya ni, namya ni bi, níya ni, púrya bi, prcya ni, bháshya ni, bháya ni, mrcya ni bi, mucya ni bi, yamya ni bi, yujya ni, rabhya ni, rudhya ni bi, ruhya ni, lapya ni, labhya ni, vrtya bi, vasya ni, vicya ni bi, camya ni, casya ni, critya ni bi, crutya ni, sanya ni, sanya ni, sanya ni, stabhya bi, stháya ni bi, sprcya ni, smrtya ni bi, svajya ni, hatya bi, hatya ni, haya ni, haya ni bi, hatya ni, haya ni, haya ni, haya ni, haya ni, haya ni, haya ni

Causative. (Suffix två) arcayitvå n2, cintayitvå n1, tarkayitvå n1, darçayitvå n1, půjayitvå n1, mocayitvå n1, yojayitvå n1, vårayitvå n1, çåtayitvå n1, sthåpayitvå B1.

(Suffix ya) carya N3, cintya N1, náyya N3, ropya N4, vádya N1, várya N1, veçya B1, çvásya N2, sádya N7 B1, sthápya N1 B1.

Denominative. ganayitvá N1, mokshayitvá N1, lakshayitvá N1, sántvayitvá N1—mantrya N2, lokya N1.

On the following pages is given a numerical summary of the forms reported in the above lists, the numbers in the three classes of text being set side by side, for more ready comparison with one another.

SUMMARY.

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GENERAL SUMMARY (OF PERSONAL FORMS).

	Sim	ple Ve	erb.	Cau	sativ	e.	Des t	ide ive			ten		Denominative.			
	A	В	c	A	В	C	Α	В	c	A	В	C	A	В	C	
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imperative	$\frac{593}{4,772}$	181	$\begin{array}{c} 124 \\ 246 \end{array}$	322	9	27	$\begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 16 \end{array}$	0	ĩ	68	1		79	19 5	4	
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total	$\frac{-}{15,048}$	5,057	1,507	919	425	113	131	26	3	$\frac{-}{479}$	$\frac{-}{12}$	3	$\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	$\overline{52}$	16	
PERFECT-SYS.																
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im perat ive Pluperfect	41 44															
Tupertect																
total	2,607	899	355	0	2	39	3	1	0	34	5	0	0	2	5	
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indicative	840	1	18	188												
subjunctive	610			154	,											
optative	$\frac{141}{262}$		1	50	1											
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total	1,853	62	24	423	28	0										
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TOTAL	20,281	6,179	2,076	1,345	459	167	134	27	3	516	17	3	185	54	23	

Grand Totals: A. 22,461; B. 6,736; C. 2,272.

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				ane	6				li	١.							
				vane	28												
				mane	7				li								
				dhyai	72								1		ĺ		

PARTICIPLES AND GERUNDIVES (B AND C ONLY).

	ACTIVE. MIDDLE.						Passive.													
			mâna		ana		mâna		ta		na		tavya		tva		anîya		_ y	a
	В	C	В	C	В	$ \mathbf{C} $	В	c	В		В	C	В	c	В	C	В	C	В	C
Present Perfect Future Preterit Gerundive	237 90 21 11	235 5 ² 1 30 ³	8		25 9	16	67	28		12085	2 66			308	1		8		69 ⁹	6 4 ¹⁰

 $^{^{1} \}mbox{Predicatively.} \quad ^{2} \mbox{Predicatively, 3.} \quad ^{3} \mbox{do. 17.} \quad ^{4} \mbox{do. 169.} \quad ^{5} \mbox{do. 224.} \quad ^{6} \mbox{do. 5.} \quad ^{7} \mbox{do. 40.} \\ ^{8} \mbox{do. 15.} \quad ^{9} \mbox{do. 47.} \quad ^{10} \mbox{do. 14.}$

VERB-FORMS OF MANU AND ÇAKUNTALÂ.

By way of appendix to the above, the following brief and summary classification of the verb-forms found in Manu and in Çakuntalâ (Böhtlingk's edition) is furnished by Mr. A. H. Edgren, an instructor in Yale College:

	Simp	o. V.	Car	us.	De	sid.	Denom.			
	M.	Ç.	М.	Ç.	М.	Ç.	M.	Ç.		
PRESENT-SYSTEM:										
indicative	1263	532	45	118	8	5	4			
optative	1474	25	351	2	9		1			
imperative	58	227	1	42		1				
Imperfect	39	12	8							
PERFECT-SYSTEM: indicative	77	11	1							
Aorist-System: indicative opt. (precative)	5 1	5 1	1							
FUTURE-SYSTEM: future Conditional	28 1	77 2	1	19		 - -				

These were noted by Mr. Edgren by the way, when he was engaged in looking carefully through the texts in illustration of another subject, so that he cannot vouch for the accuracy at every point of his collection and enumeration; but the statements are at any rate correct enough to help cast light on the proportion of the forms of the verb as they appear in actual use. The preponderance of optative forms over all others in Manu will be noticed as a striking peculiarity. Mr. Edgren notes further that finite or personal verbs occur nearly three times as often in Böhtlingk's translation of the Çakuntalâ as in the original, notwithstanding the literalness of the version.

LIST OF THE VERB-ROOTS FOUND IN A, B, AND C.

anç A. aksh A. aghây A. ankhay A. ac A. aj A, B. ajiray A. añj Å, B. at C. at A. ad A, B. adhvarîy A. adhvary A. an A, B. anniy A. apasy A. am A. amitrau A. ar A. B. C. arâtîy A, B. 1 arc A, B. 3 arc A. arch B, C. arj A, B, C. arthay A, C. ard A, C. ardh A, B, C. 1 arsh A. 2 arsh A, B. arh A, B, C. av A, B. 1 ac A, B. 2 ac A, B, C. açvây A. 1 as A, B, C. 2 as A, B. asûy C. ah A, B, C. *dp* A, B, C. âr A. âs A, B, C. i A, B, C. i (in, inv) A, B. ing C. idh A, B, C. indray A. irasy A. il B.

1 ish A, B. 2 ish A. 3 ish A, B, C. 4 ish C. ishanay A. ishany A. ishay A. ishudhy A. îshûy À. î A. îksh A, B, C. înkh A. îng A. îj A. îd A, B, C. îr A, B, C. îc A, B. îsh A. îh C. u A. uksh A. uc A, C. ud A, B. ubj A, B.ubh A. urushy A, B. ush A, C. ûnay A. ûrjay A. urnu A, B. 1 ûh A, B, C. 2 ûh A. rghây A. rtay A. ej Å. edh A. esh A, C. kanûkay A. katth C. kath C. kan A, B. kam A, B, C. kamp B, C. 1 kar A, B, C. 2 kar A. 3 kar A, B. 1 kart A, B, C. 2 kart A. B.

karç A, C. 1 karsh A, C. 2 karsh A. kal C. kalp A, B, C. kanksh B, C. kác A, C. kîrtay C. kup Å. C. kulâyay A. kûj Č. kûl A, B. krpany A. krpay A. kraksh A. kratûy A. krand A. C. krap A. kram A. B. C. krî A, B. krîd A. krudh A, C. kruc A, B, C. klam C. klid C. klic C. kshad A, B. kshan C. ksham A, C. kshar A. B. kshal C. 1 kshi A, B. 2 kshi A. 3 kshi A, B, C. kship A, C. kshud A. kshudh C. kshnu A. khad B. khan A, B. khâd A. khid A. khud A. khyâ A. B, C. gaṇay C. gatûy A. gad C. gam A, B, C.

1 gar A, B. 2 gar A. 3 gar A, B, C. gardh A. garh A. 1 gå A, B. 2 gâ A, B, C. gâtuy A. gâh A. B. gup A. gur A, B. quh C. gopây A, B, C. grabh A. B. grah B, C. gras A, C. glá A, C. ghar A, B. ghas A. ghâtay C. ghush A, C. ghrá A, B, C. caksh A, B, C. cat A. cad A. canasy A. car A, B, C. caranîy A. cart A. cal C. cây A. 1 ci A, C. 2 ci A. 3 ci A, B. 4 cit A, C. cint C. cuc A. cut B. cud A. cesht C. cyu A, B, C 1 chad A, B, C. 2 chad A. chalay C. chid A, B, C. janh A. jan A, B, C. janîy A.

jap B. jambh A. 1 jar A. 2 jar A. 3 jar A. jas A. jâ A. jaray A. ji A. B. C. jinv A, B. jîv A, B, C. ju A. jur A. jush A, B. jû A, B. jûrv A. ieh A. jñâ A, B, C. jmay A. jya A, B. jrambh A. jri A. jval C. tans A. tak A. taksh A. tad A. tan A, B, C. tand A. tandray B. tap A, B, C. tapasy C. tam A, B. tar A, B, C. tarushy A. tark C. tard A, B. tarp A, B, C. tarsh A, C. tarh A. tavishîy A. tavishy A. tij A, C. tilvilây A. tu A. tuj A. tud A. tur A. turany A. 1 tuc A. 2 tuç A. tush C. tûrv A. tyaj A. C. tras A, C. tra A, C. tvar B, C. tvish A. tsar A. danc A, C. daksh A.

dagh A. dand C. dan A. dabh A. dam C. damany A. day A, B. C. 1 dar A, B, C. 2 dar B. darp A, B. darc A, B, C. darh A, C. dacasy A. das A. dah A, B, C. 1 da A, B, C. 3 dâ A. dâc A. dâs A. div A, B, C. dic A, B, C. dih A, C. 1 dî A, C. 2 dî A, B. dîksh B. dîp A, B, C. $d\hat{u}$ A. duchunây A. dudh A. drugrbîy A. duvasy A. dush Å, B, C. duh A, B. duhîy A. devay A, B. dyut A, C. drâ A. dru A, B, C. druh A, B. drû A. dvish A, B, C. dhan A. dhanv A. dham A, B. dhar A, B, C. dharsh C. 1 dhâ A, B, C. 2 dhâ A, B. 1 dháv A, B, C. 2 dhav A. dhi(dhinv) B. dhiyây A. dhî A, B. dhunay A. dhû A, B, C. dhmå C. dhyâ C. dhraj A. dhruv A. dhvans A. dhvan A.

naksh A, B. nad A. C. nand A, B, C. nabh A. B. nam A, B, C namasy A, B, C. nart A. nard B. 1 nac A, B, C. 3 nac A. nas A. nah A, B. nâdh A. nij A, B. nid A. nî A, B, C. 2 nu A. B. 3 nu A. nud A, B, C. ned B. nrmanasy A. nyûnkhay A, B. pac A, B, C. pan B, C. 1 pat A, B, C. 3 pat A. pad A, B, C. pan A. panasy A. 1 par A, B, C. 2 par A. B. parc A, B. parç C. paç A. B. C. 1 pá A, B. 3 pd A, B. pinv A, B. pibd A. piç A. pish A. 1 pî A. 2 pî A, B, C. pîd A, C. pîy A. putrîy A. push A, B. C. pushpy C. pû A. B, C. pûj C. prtanây A. prtany A. praksh A. prach A, B, C. prath A, B. prá A. priyây A. prî A, B, C. pru A.pruth A. prush A.

plu A, B, C.

phan A. phar A. bandh A, B, C. 2 barh A, B. bådh A, B. budh A, B, C. brû A, B, C. bhaksh A, B, C. bhaj A, B, C. bhañj A, B, C. bhan A. bhand A. bhandanây A. bhar A, B, C. bharv A. bhas A. bhá A, B, C. bhâs Ć. bhásh B. C. bhiksh A. bhid A. B. bhishajy A, B. bhî A, B. bhîsh A. bhuj A, B, C. bhur A. bhurai A. bhurany A. bhû A, B, C. 1 bhûsh A. 2 bhûsh A. bhyas A. bhrajj A. bhram C. bhraç A. B. C. bhraj A. B. C. bhrî A. bhresh A. manh A. makhasy A. mai C. majj A, B, C. mand C. mad A, B, C. man A, B, C. manasy A. manây A. mantray A, B, C. math A, B, C. mand A. 1 mar A, B, C. 2 mar A. marg C. marc A, B. marj A, B, C. mard A. mard A, C. mardh A. març A, B, C. marsh A, C. mah A.

2 ma A, B. 3 ma A. C. mânavasy A. mårg C. 1 mi A, B. 2 mi A, B. miksh A. migh A. mith A. mid A. mish A, C. mih A. mîl A. muc A, B, C. mud A, B, C. mur A. mush A, C. muh B, C. mrgay A, C. moksh B, C. myaksh A. mraksh A. mrad A. mruc B. yaj A, B, C. yat A. B. C. yam A, B, C. vas A. ya A, B. C. yâc A, B, C. yâd A. 2 yu A, B, C. 3 yu A. yuj A, B, C. yudh A. C. yup A, B. ranh A. raksh A, B, C. raj A, C. rathary A. rad A. radh A. ran(ran) A. randhanây A. rap A. rape A. rabh A, B, C. ram A, B, C. rah C. 1 râ A, B. 3 ra A. râj A, B, C. rådh A, B. ri A. rikh A. ric A, B. rip A. ribh A, B. ric A. rish A, B. rishany A.

Irih A. rî A. 1 ru A, B. 3 ru A. ruc A. ruj A. rud A, C. 1 rudh A. 2 rudh A, B, C. ruvany A. rush A. ruh A, B, C. rûp B. rej A. lakshay C. lajj B, C. lap B, C. labh A, B, C. likh C. ling C. lip A, C. lih B. lî A, B, C. lup B, C. lubh A, B, C. lok C. vaksh A. vac A, C. vacasú A. vañc A. vat A. vad A, B, C. $vadh \stackrel{.}{
m A}$. vadhary A. van A, B. vananv A. vanush A. vanushy A. vand A, B, C. 1 vap A. 2 vap A, B. vapushy A. vam A, B, C. 1 var A, B. 2 var A, B, C. varivasy A. varey A. 2 varj A, B. varn C. vart A, B, C. vardh A, C. varsh A. B. varh A. valgûy A. vavray A. vaç A, B. 2 vas A. 3 vas A. 5 vas A, B, C. 7 vas A. 18 vas B.

vasûy A. vasnay A. vah A, B, C. 1 vá A. 2 va A. 5 vâ A, B, C. vâc A. vâjay A. váñch A, C. vậc A, B, C. vic A, C. vij A, B, C. vithury A. 1 vid A, B, C. 3 vid A, B, C. vidh A, B. vip A. vic A, B, C. vish A, B. 1 vî A, C. 3 vî A. 5 vî A. vîray A, B. vîlay A. vrshany A. vṛshây A. ven A, B. vep C. vyath B, C. 1 vyá A, C. 2 vyâ A. vyac A. vyath A, B, C. vyadh A, B. vraj C. vrad A. vray A. vrace A. vrádh A. vrîd C. vlag A. vlî B. çans A, B, C. cak A, B, C. cank C. çad A, C. cap A, B, C. 1 cam A. 2 cam B. çar A, B, C. çardh A. ças A, B. 1 çâ A. 2 ¢â A, B. câs A, B, C. 1 çiksh A, B. 2 ciksh A. çiñj A. cish A, B, C. cî A, B, C. cuc A, B, C.

cui A. cundh A, C. 1 cubh A. 3 cubh A, B, C. cubhây A. cush A, C. cû A. ccand A. ccam A. ccut A. cnath A. crath A, B. crathary A. cram A, C. cravasy A. çra B. cri A, B, C. crish A. crî A. 1 cru A, B, C. 2 cru A. crush A. clish A, B. cvañc A. cvas A, B, C. çvâ A. cvit A. saksh A. sac A, B. saj A, B, C. sad A, B, C. san A. B. sap A. sapary A. sar A, B, C. sarany A. sarj A, B, C. sarp A, B, C. sacc A. sas A. sah A, B, C. sâ A, B. sâdh A. sântvay C. si A, B. sic A, B, C. 1 sidh A, B. 2 sidh A, B, C. sîv B. su A, B, C. sushvay A. sukratûy A. sû A, B. sûc C. sûd A. sev A, C. skand A, B. skabh A. skal B. stan A, B. stabh A, B, C.

star A, B.	spij A.	svan A.	ıĥîd A.
stir A.	sprhay A.	svap A, B, C.	hu A, B, C.
stu A, B, C.	sphur A.	svapasy A.	huvany A.
stubh A.	sphurj A, B.	svar A.	hû A.
stush A.	smar A, C.	svid A.	hesh A, B.
sthâ A, B, C.	smi A, C.	han A, B, C.	hnu A, B.
$sn\hat{a}$ A.	syand A, B, C.	har A, B, C.	hrî C.
snih A.	sras A, B, C.	harsh A, B, C.	hrû A.
spar A, B.	sriv B.	has C.	hlâd C.
spardh A. B.	$sridh \Lambda.$	1 hâ A, B.	hvar A.
sparc A, B, C.	sru A, B, C.	2 hâ A, B, C.	hvâ A, B.
sparh A.	svaj A, C.	hi A, B.	
spac A.	svad A, B.	hins A, B, C.	

ERRATA.

A few errata which have been discovered in the article are here noted.

The accent has been omitted from mátsi, p. 232, col. a; bruvé, hruvé, hrushé, rákshase, 232 b; váshti, sind'ti, anákti, 233 a; cíkshate, 234 b; súvate, 236 b; párcas, 238 a; r'dhat, 239 a; háran, 241 a; rdhyd'ma, 242 a; gatám, gantám, 244 a; várdhethám, 244 b; bhurántu, ácaram, 246 a; ámimithás, 246 b; ávahas, árujas, ágachas, 247 a; ácrinita, vyáta, 247 b; áhuvanta, 249 b; áhé, 250 b; ábhútám, 254 a; vóce, 267 b; didá'ya, krpanyáti, 272 a; vacyántám, 275.

Corrected numbers of occurrences are dadámi 1, jóshi 5, prnási 2, 232 a; huvé 70, rñje 2, 232 b; jushéta 4, 241 b; dádhátana 11, 245 a; pibadhvam 3, 245 b; vidmá 33, 251 a; cucugdhí 1, 253 a; ácoci 2, 275; yáshtave 2, vrshtví 3, 276; abháshata N11, 300 b; dha N3, 301 a.

Other emendations (omitting a few obvious ones): p. 226, l. 30, read ram (for ran); 233 a, 8, suvási; 235 b, 25, yácámahe (for yásá...); 242 b, 16. trá'sva; 245 a, 13, unátta; 245 b, last line, insert nabhantám 40; 247 a, 37, á'jat (for á'rjat); 254 a, end. transfer yodhat 1, crávat 10, to 3. Sing.; 260 a, 11-12, amádishus; 272 a, 2, avarívar; 279 b, 2, insert tishthátái 199.12; 280 a 5, from below, insert bodhi (1); 280 b, 14-15, dele veksheta; 284 a, 5 from below, insert avet 1; 297 a, 10 from below, dele bravati N1; next line, insert bhavati B17; 299 a, 3 from below, insert [bruv]-ati N1.

Owing to corrections and changes made in the body of the article while going through the press, the numbers given in the preliminary explanations do not always agree precisely with those of the summaries, and should be amended to accordance with the latter.